

# 3B Stereotypes – or are they?

## 1 READING & SPEAKING

- a In pairs, answer the questions.
- Are you a talkative or a quiet person?
  - Who is...?
    - the most talkative person in your family
    - the most talkative person you know
  - Do you think that, generally speaking, women are more talkative than men?
  - What topics do...?
    - men talk about more than women
    - women talk about more than men
- b Look at the definition of *stereotype*. Then **A** read the article *Men talk just as much as women* and **B** read the article *Gossip with the girls*. Find answers to questions 1–4.

**stereotype** /ˈsteriətaɪp/ **noun** a fixed idea about a particular type of person or thing, which is often not true in reality. ► **stereotype verb** In advertisements, women are often stereotyped as housewives.

- What was the stereotype that the researchers wanted to investigate?
  - Where was the research done?
  - How was the research done?
  - What did the research show?
- c In pairs, tell each other about your article, using questions 1–4 to help you.
- d Now read both articles again and look at the **highlighted** words and phrases, which are commonly used in articles about research. Match them with definitions 1–10.
- In fact* **adverb** really
  - \_\_\_\_\_ **verb** make less
  - \_\_\_\_\_ **usually** do it
  - \_\_\_\_\_ **adverb** a little bit
  - \_\_\_\_\_ **linking word** used to connect or contrast two facts
  - \_\_\_\_\_ **verb** say that something is true
  - \_\_\_\_\_ **as** said or shown by somebody
  - \_\_\_\_\_ **verb** include several different things in addition to the ones mentioned
  - \_\_\_\_\_ **adverb** nearly
  - \_\_\_\_\_ **not** completely believed, doubted
- e Which of the two pieces of research do you think is...?
- more credible
  - more important
  - more surprising

## Men talk just as much as women – can it really be true?

**R**esearch by psychologists at the University of Arizona has shown that the stereotype that women talk more than men may not be true. In the study, hundreds of college students were fitted with recorders, and the total number of words they used during the day was then counted.

The results, published in the *New Scientist*, showed that women speak about 16,000 words a day and men speak only **slightly** fewer. **In fact**, the four most talkative people in the study were all men.

Professor Matthias Mehl, who was in charge of the research, said that he and his colleagues had expected to find that women were more talkative.

## GOSSIP WITH THE GIRLS? JUST PICK ANY ONE OF FORTY SUBJECTS

**W**omen are experts at gossiping – and they often talk about trivial things, or at least that's what men have always thought. However **according to** research done by Professor Petra Boynton, a psychologist at University College London, when women talk to women their conversations are not trivial at all, and cover many more topics (up to 40) than when men talk to other men.

Women's conversations **range from** health to their houses, from politics to fashion, from movies to family, from education to relationship problems. **Almost** everything, in fact, except soccer. Men **tend to** talk about fewer subjects, the most popular being work, sports, jokes, cars, and women.







However, they had **been skeptical** of the common belief that women use three times as many words as men. This idea became popular after the publication of a book called *The Female Brain* (2006) whose author, Louann Brizendine, **claimed** that "a woman uses about 20,000 words per day, **whereas** a man uses about 7,000."

Professor Mehl accepts that many people will find the results difficult to believe. However, he thinks that this research is important because the stereotype, that women talk too much and men keep quiet, is bad not only for women but also for men. "It says that to be a good male, it's better not to talk – that silence is golden."

Adapted from the New Scientist

Professor Boynton interviewed over 1,000 women for her study. She also found that women move quickly from one subject to another in conversation, whereas men usually stick to one subject for longer periods of time.

Professor Boynton also says that men and women talk for different reasons. In social situations, women use conversation to solve problems and **reduce** stress, while men talk to each other to laugh or to exchange opinions.

Adapted from the Daily Mail website



## 2 GRAMMAR articles: a / an, the, no article

- a Complete 1–4 with a / an, the, or – (no article).
- "Have you heard this joke? \_\_\_\_ hamburger and \_\_\_\_ French fry walk into a coffee shop. \_\_\_\_ waitress says, "I'm sorry. We don't serve \_\_\_\_ food here."
  - "I just read \_\_\_\_ article on \_\_\_\_ Internet about how eating \_\_\_\_ strawberries makes you look younger..."
  - "I'm sure there's something wrong between us because we never go out to \_\_\_\_ dinner or to \_\_\_\_ movies anymore."
  - "Did you watch \_\_\_\_ game \_\_\_\_ last night? I can't believe that \_\_\_\_ referee didn't see that it was \_\_\_\_ penalty..."
- b According to the article *Gossip with the girls?*, who do you think would probably say 1–4, a man or a woman?
- c ➤ **p.137 Grammar Bank 3B**. Learn more about articles and practice them.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

/ə/, sentence stress, /ðə/ or /ði/?

- a (2 20)) Listen and repeat the sound and words.



a about anniversary complain credible  
problem talkative usually woman

- b (2 21)) Listen and repeat the sentences. Then practice saying them with the /ə/ sound.

- What are we **going to have for lunch today?**
- I'd like to see **a good movie tonight.**
- Please **stop complaining about the weather.**
- The **woman in the kitchen** is very **talkative.**
- There's **a problem with the computer.**

- c (2 22)) Listen and underline five phrases where *the* is pronounced /ði/ (not /ðə/). Why does the pronunciation change?

the movies the end the other day the world the sun  
the Internet the kitchen the answer the Earth

## 4 SPEAKING

Prove that the research in *Gossip with the girls?* is wrong! Work in pairs or small groups.

If you're a **woman**, try to talk for two minutes about:

soccer cars computers

If you're a **man**, try to talk for two minutes about:

fashion shopping your family

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## 5 READING & LISTENING

- Do you think it is a stereotype that women are better than men at taking care of small children? Do you know any men who stay at home and take care of their children? How do they manage?
- Look at an illustration based on a new book about taking care of young children. Can you name some of the things in the picture?



- c Read the beginning of an article about the book. Why did Neil Sinclair write it? In what way is it different from other books about raising children?

**For six years Neil Sinclair served as a commando in the army. He had been in a lot of dangerous situations, but nothing prepared him for the day when he brought his first baby home from the hospital. "I put the car seat containing my two-day-old son Samuel down on the floor and said to my wife, 'What do we do now?'"**

When he left the army, Sinclair and his wife agreed that he would stay at home and take care of the baby, while his wife went back to work.

"I have done a lot of crazy things, but when I put that baby down I thought: I have a tiny baby, and he is crying. What does he want? What does he need? I did not know. It was one of the most difficult days of my life."

It was at that moment that Sinclair had an idea. "I found myself thinking how much easier life would be if I had a basic training manual for my baby, like the manual you get when you join the army. I realized

- d **23**) Listen to two men talking in the park about the book and mark the sentences **T** (true) or **F** (false).



- 1 Miranda is older than Stephen.
  - 2 Miranda's father slept badly the night before.
  - 3 Stephen's father recommends sleeping pills.
  - 4 Stephen's father hasn't read *Commando Dad*.
  - 5 He likes the website because he enjoys reading about other men's experiences.
  - 6 Stephen's father really likes the book because it helps him and makes him laugh.
  - 7 In *Commando Dad*, BT means Baby Trooper and Base Camp means the kitchen.
  - 8 The author of *Commando Dad* thinks that women are only better than men when the baby is small.
- e Listen again and correct the wrong information.
- f Do you think it's a good idea to have a book and a website on childcare especially for men?  
Why (not)?

# COMMANDO DAD

that somebody needed to write such a manual, and who better to write it than me? I had been a commando, but I was now a stay-at-home dad. I was the man for the job."

His book, *Commando Dad: Basic Training*, is a set of instructions that explains with military precision and diagrams how new fathers should approach the first three years of their child's life to become a first-rate father.

Adapted from The Times

## Glossary

**commando** *noun* one of a group of soldiers who are trained to make quick attacks in enemy areas

**stay-at-home dad** *noun* a man who stays at home and takes care of the children while his wife goes to work



## 6 SPEAKING

- a (2 24)) Listen to someone talking about men and women, and fill in the blanks.

"Generally \_\_\_\_\_, I think women worry more about their appearance than men. They \_\_\_\_\_ to spend hours choosing what to wear, doing their hair, and putting on makeup. Women are also \_\_\_\_\_ better at making themselves look more attractive. But I think that in \_\_\_\_\_, men are more worried than women about their body image. They feel more insecure about their hair, for instance, especially when they're going bald."

- b In small groups discuss if the statements about men and women are stereotypes or true. Try to use the **highlighted** expressions for generalizing from a.

## MEN & WOMEN stereotypes or true?

- Women worry more about their appearance than men.
- Women spend more time than men on social networking sites.
- Men talk more about things; women talk more about people.
- Men are more interested than women in gadgets like phones and tablets.
- Women are better at multitasking than men.
- Men find it more difficult than women to talk to their friends or family if they have a problem.
- Women spend more time than men talking about celebrities and their lifestyles.
- Men are more interested than women in power.
- Women are less interested in sports than men.
- Men worry more about their health than women.

## 7 VOCABULARY

collocation: verbs / adjectives + prepositions

- a Cover the statements above. Can you remember the missing prepositions?

- 1 Men worry more \_\_\_\_ their health than women.
- 2 Women are better \_\_\_\_ multitasking than men.
- 3 Men are more interested than women \_\_\_\_ power.

- b ➤ p.156 Vocabulary Bank *Dependent prepositions.*



### When are prepositions stressed?

Prepositions are usually only stressed when they are the last word, e.g., in a question. Compare:

We **need** to **talk** about our **vacation**.

**What** are you **talking** about?

Freddie is **afraid** of **flying**.

**What** are you **afraid** of?

- c Complete the questions with a preposition.

- 1 When you're with friends of the same sex, what do you usually talk \_\_\_\_?
- 2 Are there any sports or games that you're good \_\_\_\_?
- 3 Is there anything you're really looking forward \_\_\_\_?
- 4 Who in your family are you closest \_\_\_\_?
- 5 What kind of movies are you interested \_\_\_\_?
- 6 Are there any animals or insects that you're afraid \_\_\_\_?
- 7 What's your town famous \_\_\_\_?
- 8 Are there any superstitions that you believe \_\_\_\_?

- d (2 27)) Listen and check. Then ask and answer the questions with a partner.

Online Practice

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