

Spain in the 17th and 18th centuries

Choose the correct answer.

1. The decline of the Spanish empire began in the _____ century.
2. Which was NOT a reason that Spain lost power in Europe in the 16th century.
 - a. Spain was constantly at war.
 - b. The beginning of the French Revolution.
 - c. Less gold and silver arriving from America left Spain financially weaker.
3. The expulsion of the moriscos was during the reign of _____.
4. The Count -Duke of Olivares was the royal favourite of _____.
5. As a consequence of the Thirty Year's War _____.
6. The first Bourbon monarch to become king of Spain was _____.
7. Philip V _____.
8. During the reign of Philip V _____.
9. A famous painter during the Golden Age was _____.
10. The Enlightenment was _____.
11. Charles III and his ministers _____.
12. _____ became King in 1598.
13. The Duke of Lerma was _____ most important favourite.
14. _____ became King in 1621.
15. _____ was Philip IV's royal favourite.
16. The War of Succession began during _____ reign.
17. Rebellions in Catalonia and Portugal occurred during _____ reign.
18. The Thirty Year's War was fought during _____ reign.
19. The Moriscos were _____.

20. _____ is the most famous author of the Golden Age. He wrote Don Quixote.

21. Who of the following was NOT a famous painter during the Golden Age?

- a. El Greco
- b. Francisco de Zurbaran
- c. Francisco Goya
- d. Diego Velasquez

22. Who of the following was NOT a famous poet during the Golden Age?

- a. Santa Teresa de Jesus
- b. Esteban Murillo
- c. Tirso de Molino
- d. Pedro Calderon de la Barca

23. Which was NOT a consequence of the War of Succession?

- a. The Bourbons, a new royal dynasty, ruled Spain
- b. The Moriscos were expelled from Spain
- c. The Treaty of Utrecht

24. In 1700, _____ became King of Spain.

25. Philip V established an _____ which meant he had all the powers of the State.