

Name:.....

Time allowance: 60 minutes

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from

Question 1. A. complained B. roared C. existed D. decayed

Question 2. A. mechanic B. chemistry C. charge D. campus

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other in the position of primary stress

Question 3. A. adapt B. damage C. award D. prefer

Question 4. A. authority B. associate C. television D. essential

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 5. Everyone likes him, \_\_\_\_\_?

A. doesn't he B. doesn't she C. don't they D. don't you

Question 6. The story I've just read \_\_\_\_\_ by Agatha Christie

A. were written B. was written C. was written from D. wrote by

Question 7. His parents object strongly \_\_\_\_\_ his playing too much computer games.

A. at B. to C. in D. against

Question 8. It gets \_\_\_\_\_ when the winter is coming.

A. cold and cold B. cold and colder C. more and more cold D. colder and colder

Question 9. At first sight I met her, I was impressed with her \_\_\_\_\_.

A. big beautiful round black eyes B. beautiful black big round eyes  
C. beautiful big round black eyes D. beautiful round big black eyes

Question 10. Of all the world's major oceans, \_\_\_\_\_ Arctic Ocean is \_\_\_\_\_ shallowest.

A. the - the B. an - the C. Ø - the D. a - the

Question 11. \_\_\_\_\_ there have been many changes in his life, he remains a nice man to everyone.

A. However B. Although C. Because D. Despite

Question 12. \_\_\_\_\_ him, I will give him your regards.

A. When I see B. Before I saw C. Since I saw D. while I see

Question 13. \_\_\_\_\_ the instruction, he snatched up the fire extinguisher.

A. Read B. Having read C. Being read D. Being done

Question 14. An only child often creates an \_\_\_\_\_ friend to play with.

A. imagery B. imaginable C. imaginary D. imaginative

Question 15. Jack's mother \_\_\_\_\_ a birthday cake with seventeen lighted candles on it.

A. brought out B. showed off C. turned up D. took over

Question 16. The players' protests \_\_\_\_\_ no difference to the referee's decision at all.

A. did B. made C. caused D. created

Question 17. She likes meeting people and travelling so she wants to apply for a \_\_\_\_\_ of a receptionist or tourist guide.

A. location B. position C. site D. place

Question 18. The poor child was in floods of \_\_\_\_\_ because his bicycle had been stolen.

A. tears B. sorrow C. sadness D. upset

Question 19. The problems of the past few months have taken their heavy \_\_\_\_\_ on her health and there are shadows under her eyes.

A. toll B. effect C. influence D. result

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s)

Question 20. By the end of the storm, the hikers had depleted even their emergency stores.

A. lost B. greatly dropped C. destroyed D. used almost all of

Question 21. Her parents are growing increasingly concerned by her erratic behaviour.

A. constructive B. relaxed C. anxious D. suspicious

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s)

Question 22. This product is hazardous to the eyes and should be kept out of reach of children.

A. dangerous B. useful C. safe D. interesting

Question 23. We have to work against the clock so as to meet the deadline of the clients tomorrow.

A. work in a hurry B. work slowly C. work as fast as possible D. work continuously

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.



**Question 24:** - May: "From my point of view, all family members should share the chores equally."

- Tam: "\_\_\_\_\_"

A. It's a breathtaking view.    B. You lied to me.    C. But you're right.    D. There's no doubt about it.

**Question 25:** - Nam: "Would you like something to drink?" - Hoa: "\_\_\_\_\_"

A. Could I have some water?    B. For sure.    C. I didn't.    D. That's right.

**Read and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each blank.**

A large majority of Americans believe that social media companies favor some news organizations over (26)\_\_\_\_\_. About eight-in-ten U.S. adults say social media sites treat some news organizations differently than others, about five times the share saying all news organizations are treated the same. Social media companies have established policies (27) \_\_\_\_\_ it comes to publishers, including prioritizing certain news sources, banning or limiting others that produce lower-quality content, and using their monetization policies to (28)\_\_\_\_\_ improper behaviours.

Among those U.S. adults (27) \_\_\_\_\_ say social media companies treat some news organizations differently than others, there is broad agreement that they favor three types: those that produce attention-grabbing articles, those with a big (28)\_\_\_\_\_ of social media followers and those whose coverage has a certain political stance.

**Question 26:** A. other    B. others    C. another    D. each other

**Question 27:** A. despite    B. when    C. during    D. since

**Question 28:** A. allow    B. encourage    C. discourage    D. legalize

**Question 29:** A. who    B. why    C. whom    D. when

**Question 30:** A. range    B. amount    C. plenty    D. number

**Read and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions**

Social workers are often the first people met by a person in need of human services. Social workers spend part of their day in an office setting or group residence and the rest of it going to people's homes.

Children welfare workers help children and teens in abusive situations. They investigate and report instances of neglect or abuse and take action if necessary to place children in foster homes.

Medical social workers help patients and their families when diseases such as AIDS or Alzheimer's cause suffering. They help a patient and his family to **adjust to** the new situation.

School social workers work within school systems to help children who have emotional problems. These students are often put into special education classrooms simply because **they** can't control their behaviors. A school social worker works with the family of such a student to try to integrate him or her back into the general school population.

Industrial or occupational social workers work within a personnel department of a business to help employees cope with job pressures or personal problems that affect the quality of their work.

Gerontology social workers run support groups for the elderly. They also advise the elderly and their family members on the subjects of long-term housing and health care.

A bachelor's degree, and often a master's degree, is the minimum requirement for a professional position in social work. However, small agencies may accept some community college courses in psychology or sociology. In such places, you may find a position available as a record keeper or an aide to one of the social workers on the staff. Salaries usually start at \$18,000.

**Question 31.** What is the passage mainly about?

A. Different types of social workers    B. Roles of social workers in society  
C. Responsibilities of a social worker    D. How to become a social worker

**Question 32.** The phrase "**adjust to**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. fix    B. arrange    C. adapt to    D. face up to

**Question 33.** The word "**they**" in paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. children    B. special education classrooms  
C. school social workers    D. these students

**Question 34.** Which of the following social workers deal with children's emotional troubles?

A. gerontology social workers    B. children welfare workers  
C. school social workers    D. medical social workers

**Question 35.** To become a professional social worker in big agencies, one needs at least \_\_\_\_\_.

A. a community college course in sociology    B. a bachelor degree



- C. a community college course in psychology      D. a master's degree

**Read and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 35 to 42.**

A surgical mask is a loose-fitting, disposable device that creates a physical barrier between the mouth and nose of the wearer and potential contaminants in the immediate environment. Surgical masks are regulated under 21 CFR 878.4040. Surgical masks are not to be shared and may be labelled as surgical, isolation, dental, or medical procedure masks. **They** may come with or without a face shield. These are often referred to as face masks, although not all face masks are regulated as surgical masks.

Surgical masks are made in different thicknesses and with different ability to protect you from contact with liquids. These properties may also affect how easily you can breathe through the face mask and how well the surgical mask protects you.

If worn properly, a surgical mask is meant to help block large-particle droplets, splashes, sprays, or splatter that may **contain** germs (viruses and bacteria), keeping it from reaching your mouth and nose. Surgical masks may also help reduce exposure of your saliva and respiratory secretions to others.

While a surgical mask may be effective in blocking splashes and large-particle droplets, a face mask, by design, does not filter or block very small particles in the air that may be **transmitted** by coughs, sneezes, or certain medical procedures. Surgical masks also do not provide complete protection from germs and other contaminants because of the loose fit between the surface of the face mask and your face.

Surgical masks are not intended to be used more than once. If your mask is damaged or soiled, or if breathing through the mask becomes difficult, you should remove the face mask, discard it safely, and replace it with a new one. To safely discard your mask, place it in a plastic bag and put it in the trash. Wash your hands after handling the used mask.

**Question 36:** Which of the following best serves as the title of the article?

- A. How to Make Surgical Face Masks      B. Uses of Surgical Face Masks  
C. Surgical Face Masks in the Past      D. Surgical Face Masks

**Question 37:** 21 CFR 878.4040 is most likely mentioned in paragraph 1 as a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. standard to follow      B. design of masks  
C. mask serial number      D. mask model number

**Question 38:** The word "**They**" in paragraph 1 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Physical barrier      B. Contaminants      C. Surgical masks      D. Face shields

**Question 39:** The word "**contain**" in paragraph 3 most probably means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. reflect      B. carry      C. require      D. protect

**Question 40:** Which of the following is TRUE, according to the article?

- A. All surgical masks have the same thickness and protecting ability.  
B. Exposure to saliva and respiratory secretions may be reduced with surgical masks.  
C. Surgical masks can block splashes and droplets including very small particles.  
D. You have to replace your mask with a new one only when it is damaged.

**Question 41:** The word "**transmitted**" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. transferred      B. introduced      C. produced      D. committed

**Question 42:** Why do surgical masks NOT provide complete protection from germs?

- A. Surgical masks are not designed to wear with face shields.  
B. There are too many saliva and respiratory secretions in the air.  
C. Very small particles may transmit through loose fit between the mask and the face.  
D. Surgical masks are easily soiled.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction**

**Question 43:** Next week, when (A) there will be an English club (B) held here, I (C) will give you more information (D) about it.

**Question 44:** Since (A) their establishment, the children protection center (B) has provided education (C) for a large (D) number of homeless children

**Question 45:** I (A) don't think it would be (B) political to (C) ask (D) for loans just now

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each questions**

**Question 46:** We last went to that cinema 2 months ago.

- A. We have been to the cinema for 2 months.  
B. We haven't been to the cinema for 2 months.



C. We didn't want to go to the cinema anymore.

D. We didn't go to the cinema for 2 months.

**Question 47:** "Don't forget to submit your assignments by Friday," said the teacher to the students.

A. The teacher reminded the students to submit their assignments by Friday.

B. The teacher allowed the students to submit their assignments by Friday.

C. The teacher ordered the students to submit their assignments by Friday.

D. The teacher encouraged the students to submit their assignments by Friday.

**Question 48:** Cheating is not allowed in the GCSE.

A. You may cheat in the GCSE.

B. You mustn't cheat in the GCSE

C. You don't have to cheat in the GCSE

D. You should cheat in the GCSE

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences**

**Question 49:** I really regret that you haven't told me about her family.

A. If only you would tell me about her family.

B. If only I didn't regret that you hadn't told me about her family.

C. If only you had told me about her family.

D. If only you hadn't told me about her family.

**Question 50:** We couldn't have managed our business successfully without my father's money.

A. We could have managed our business successfully with my father's money.

B. If we could manage our business successfully, my father would give us his money.

C. Hadn't it been for my father's money, we couldn't have managed our business successfully.

D. Had it not been for my father's money, we couldn't have managed our business successfully.

## REVIEW

1. I overslept this morning and caught the last bus to school \_\_\_\_\_.

A. by the skin of my tooth

B. once in a blue moon

C. in the pink of health

D. as a piece of cake

2. Thank you for your suggestion – it gave us \_\_\_\_\_.

A. a hard nut to crack

B. a smart cookie

C. food for thought

D. a bad apple

3. A detailed plan was **suggested** by David. A. put off

B. put up

C. put forward

D. put on

4. You'd better cut \_\_\_\_\_ animal fat if you want to lower your cholesterol level.

A. down with

B. off with

C. in for

D. down on

5. You should think about marrying someone who will help **share financial burden**.

A. sell like hot cakes

B. spill the beans

C. buy a lemon

D. bring home the bacon

6. It's high time you got \_\_\_\_\_ setting up your own business. A. over

B. through

C. down to

D. out of

7. It took Ted a long time to \_\_\_\_\_ the failure in his entrance exam.

A. take over

B. get over

C. bring over

D. come over

8. No matter what I said to him, he still did not believe me. He is certainly \_\_\_\_\_.

A. bread and butter

B. a hard nut to crack

C. a couch potato

D. in the red

9. I am sorry that I can't come to the party tonight. I have to **hit the books**.

A. rearrange the bookshelf

B. study for a lesson

C. replace the covers of books

D. read a few pages

10. The company is \_\_\_\_\_. I think it is going to close down.

A. in hot water

B. come under fire

C. out of the blue

D. up in the air

11. Remember to **keep your hair on** even if the journalists keep accusing you of lying during the press conference.

A. be polite

B. keep calm

C. stay alert

D. be defensive

12. After the scandal related to waste disposal at the company, questions were coming at the manager .....

A. thick and thin

B. thick and fast

C. home and dry

D. safe and sound

13. Wow, you've already finished your assignments? They are not due next week. You **are already on the ball**. I wish I could be more organized.

A. are employed

B. react quickly and correctly

C. overdo your duty

D. are an honest person.

14. They had wanted it to be a big surprise, but the plan didn't come \_\_\_\_\_

A. through

B. up

C. off

D. on

15. We've decided to go out tonight and paint the town \_\_\_\_\_. Everyone wants to have a great time.

A. red

B. blue

C. black

D. white

16. I just took it \_\_\_\_\_ that he'd always be available.

A. into account

B. for granted

C. into consideration

D. easy

17. You have to read between the \_\_\_\_\_ of what is written in the diary to fully understand what she is trying to say.

A. pages

B. paragraphs

C. passages

D. lines

18. Sometimes exam results come out quickly but it could take some time. You're just going to have to **sit tight**.

A. stay healthy

B. wait patiently

C. remain calm

D. ask for it

19. You know you didn't study hard, you're going to have to **face the music** and take the class again next semester.

A. accept reality

B. get permission

C. receive support

D. call for aid