

ТАБЛИЧНІ ВИПАДКИ МНОЖЕННЯ НА 8

$8 \cdot 2 = \square \square$

$8 \cdot 8 = \square \square$

$8 \cdot 4 = \square \square$

$8 \cdot 9 = \square \square$

$8 \cdot 3 = \square \square$

$8 \cdot 7 = \square \square$

$8 \cdot 5 = \square \square$

$8 \cdot 6 = \square \square$

$8 \cdot 8 - 30 = \square \square$

$8 \cdot 4 + 27 = \square \square$

$8 \cdot 2 : 4 = \square$

$8 \cdot 3 : 6 = \square$

$8 \cdot 6 - 24 = \square \square$

$90 - 8 \cdot 9 = \square \square$

$74 - 8 \cdot 7 = \square \square$

$2 \cdot 3 \cdot 8 = \square \square$

$2 \cdot 8 + 36 = \square \square$

$8 \cdot 8 - 25 = \square \square$

$60 - 8 \cdot 6 = \square \square$

$8 \cdot 5 - 27 = \square \square$

$80 - 8 \cdot 9 = \square$

$8 \cdot 7 - 34 = \square \square$

$21 : 3 \cdot 8 = \square \square$

$32 : 4 \cdot 8 = \square \square$

$25 : 5 \cdot 8 = \square \square$

$42 : 6 \cdot 8 = \square \square$

$63 : 7 \cdot 8 = \square \square$

$60 - 8 \cdot 3 = \square \square$

$25 - 8 \cdot 2 = \square$

$8 \cdot (32 - 30) = \square \square$

$8 \cdot (24 - 21) = \square \square$

$(27 - 19) \cdot 8 = \square \square$

$(35 - 26) \cdot 8 = \square \square$

$8 \cdot (33 - 29) = \square \square$