



ANIMALS REVIEW

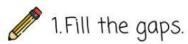
VERTEBRATES



Review your notes about vertebrates animals.

Then, do the activities.





Vertebrates animals have a ______ or spine and are more developed than invertebrates, but are a minority in the animal kingdom.



| Vertebrates animals are divid | des in 5 groups: | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-----|
| 1 | | فيف |
| 2 | 450.0 | |
| 3 | | |
| 4 | | 2 |
| 5 | 100 | |
| | (25) | 73 |
| | | |









2. Select the correct option:

Vertebretes: Main characteristics



- They breathe through _______.
- Are _____ and ____
- Have _____ and _____.

FISH

- or _____.
- Are _____ and ____
- Have _____ and ____





- They breathe through _____.
- Are _____ and ____
- Have _____ and ____





- They breathe through _____.
- Are _____ and _____.
- Have _____ and _____.

- They breathe through _____.
- Are _____ and ______.
- Have _____ and _____.



BIRDS





ANIMALS REVIEW

INVERTEBRATES



Review your notes about invertebrates animals. Then, do the activities.





1. Fill the gaps.

Invertebrates don't have a _____. Many invertebrates have an _____ or a to protect their body, but some invertebrates just have a soft body.



INSECTS



They have an _____ and

their body is divided into three parts:

- The _____

- The _____

- The _____

They have two _____, six legs

and most insects have _____.



They have a body that is divided into two parts:

- The _____.
- The _____ or the body.

All spiders have eight eyes, but some can have six, four or two eyes.

They also have _____.

SPIDERS



CRABS



They have ten legs and two eyes.

They usually move ______,

but they can move in all directions.

Crabs have a thick _____

CENTIPEDES



They have lots of _____ and

many body parts.

They have two _____ and they

can move very quickly.



They have a _____ body that is divided into many parts.

An earthworm has no lungs and breathes in oxygen through its

WORMS



CRABS



They have a head with two tentacles and there is an _____ at the end of each tentacle.

Snails have a soft body that's protected by a _____.

OCTOPUSES



They have ______ body and _____ legs.

They have a very good sense of touch in their _____.







2. Drag the pictures into the box of the correct invertebrate groups.













ARTHROPODS

- Are terrestrial, aquatic and some fly.
- Have an external skeleton and articulated limbs.
- Examples: insects, spiders, centipedes and crustaceans

ECHINODERMS

- Live at the bottom of the sea
- · Have radial symmetry.
- Starfish and sea urchins are examples.

CNIDARIANS

- · Most are marine.
- Some are able to move and others spend their lives stuck to rocks.
- Examples: jellyfish, coral and sea anemones.

SPONGES

- Live fixed to the sea floor.
- Known as poriferans because their bodies are full of pores.

MOLLUSKS

- Are aquatic or terrestrial.
- Have shells or arms and tentacles.
- Snails, mussels, octopuses and squid are mollusks.

WORMS

- Are terrestrial, aquatic and can even live inside other living beings.
- Have an elongated, soft, legless body.