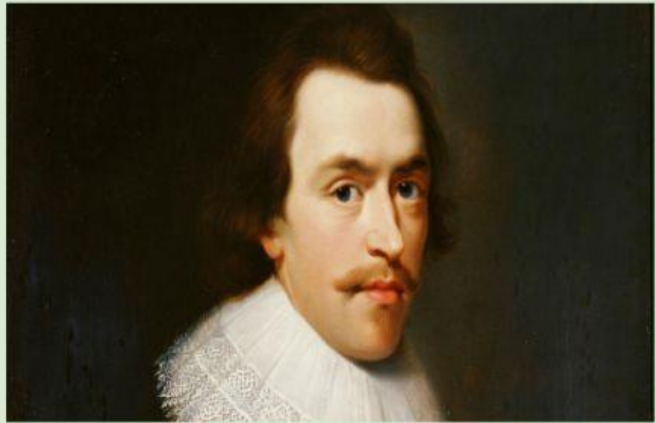


## CHARLES I: GENERAL ASPECTS OF HIS PERSONAL LIFE

Charles I was born in \_\_\_\_ on 19  
November 1600, the second son of  
\_\_\_\_\_ and  
\_\_\_\_\_.



He became heir to the throne after the death of his brother, Prince\_\_\_\_\_, in \_\_\_\_\_. He succeeded, as the second Stuart King of Great Britain, in\_\_\_\_\_.



Charles I and his wife \_\_\_\_\_, had nine children in all, of whom five were still alive at the outbreak of the civil war in \_\_\_\_\_: Charles Prince of Wales, Mary Princess Royal, James Duke of York, Elizabeth and Henry Duke of Gloucester.

Charles was \_\_\_\_\_, self-righteous and had a high concept of royal authority, believing in the \_\_\_\_\_. He was a good linguist and a sensitive man of refined tastes.

He spent a lot of money on the \_\_\_\_\_, inviting distinguished artists to work in England, and buying a great collection of \_\_\_\_\_. Charles I also instituted the post of \_\_\_\_\_, involving supervision of the King's large band of musicians.



# CHARLES I REIGN

1- Controversy and disputes throughout Charles's reign eventually led to the English Civil Wars. True or False



2- The duke of Buckingham influenced the king's decision to go to war against Spain. True or False

3- Charles had inherited disagreements with Parliament from his father. True or False

4- The Royalists were defeated in 1646 by a combination of parliament's alliance with the Irish and the formation of the New Model Army. True or False

5- Even though he was religious, he was in disagreement with the high Anglican form of worship. True or False

6- Charles dissolved parliament four times between 1625 and 1629. True or False



7- The Civil Wars were confrontations between the monarchy and commoners over the definitions of the powers of the monarchy and Parliament's authority. True or False

8- He died after suffering a stroke on 30 January 1649. True or False