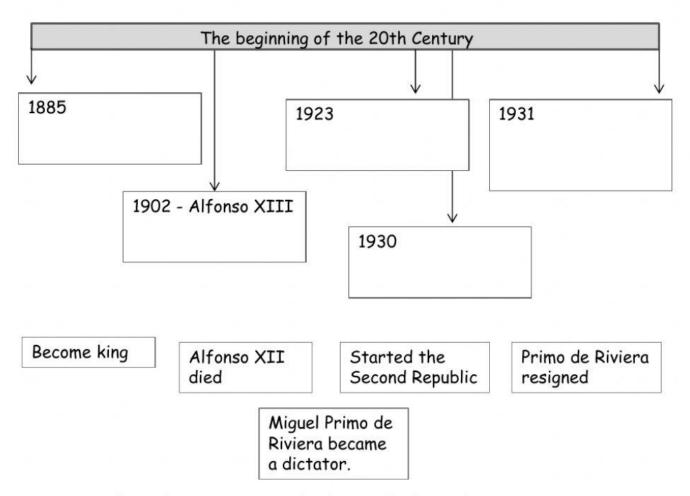
SPAIN IN THE 20th CENTURY

1. Complete the timeline:



2. Complete the sentences with the words from the box:

		suspended	strikes	General Primo de Riviera	
	co	nservatives	resigned	Manuel Azaña	
•	was the first President of the Second Republic.				
•	The Constitution was and the king lost his powers.				
•	Freedom	of press was sus	pended by	·	
• _			establishe	d a dictatorship.	
•	Primo de	Riviera	in 19	930.	
•	There w	ere many workers	;	during Alfonso XIII reign.	
•	There w	ere two political p	arties: liberals (and	

		-
~		
•	I In	
3.	Lin	n :

Alfonso XII

Became king in 1902 when he was 16.

Miguel Primo de Riviera

Was public during the Second Republic

Alfonso XIII

Started the 14th April 1931.

The Second Republic

Died in 1885, his wife Maria Cristina ruled the country until 1902.

Education

Became a dictator in 1923.

4. Organise the sentences (1-6) to explain the Second Republic and the Civil War:

	The Second Republic was proclaimed the 14th April 1931.
	The Civil War ended the 1st April 1939.
	Manuel Azaña was chosen as the first president the 12th April 1931
	There were some problems between the right - wing and the left
wing.	
	In July 1936, General Francisco Franco started a military rebellion.
	Spain was divided in areas controlled by the rebels or by the
Secor	nd Republic.
	As a result, Franco became a dictator.

5. Choose the correct word:

- Francisco Franco started a military/ civil rebellion against the Second Republic.
- The Spanish Civil War stated the 1st April/ 18th July.
- One of the reforms done by the Second Republic was: the regional autonomy/ the independence of Cataluña.
- During the Second Republic only men/ men and women could vote.

