Are you just leaving the library now?
I saw you get there at 8:00 a.m.!
Yeah, I've been there all day.
What for?
They hired a cute new librarian or something?
I wish.
No, it's the presentation that I will give in the day after tomorrow.
What's it about?
I heard you were really excited about the class.
And Dr Schnee also calls you for the "arcane" questions, as he calls them.
It's about in the Yucatan.
Excuse me, what?
Or is that where?
Yucatan.
It's a state in
So what's happening there?
Agriculture is having a really on the environment.
There are too many farmers doing too much farming.
It's really destroying the forests and the soil.
is a major problem there now.
How did you learn about this?
I don't recall Dr Schnee saying anything about it in lecture.
Yes, but my brother went there last month,
you know, to look at the old cities like the Mayan built.
That's what first got me interested.
Your brother Tom?



No, Dick, Harry's twin.
Anyway, he told me how few trees there were now and how much ground that grows almost nothing.
He said the place looked more like the desert than in some parts.
It brought
So I started looking for materials in the library.
Here, look at this magazine.
What's in it?
It's an old issue of "".
It includes interviews with tourists who've been there in the past few years.
It's pretty bad. See the photos?
I see the photos, but one or two photos don't prove anything.
Then read what the article says. Right there.
The first thing it points out is how soil samples show it's hard for anything to grow there.
It says how an area of 21,000 square kilometres has lost most of its in the past ten years.
See, there are graphs.
As the number of farmers increases, the acres of forest have decreased.
It's an inverse relation.
So how big is that state?
I'm sorry, but I've never really learned the metric system.
It's bigger than the state of Massachusetts!
That's shocking!
Anything else?
There's lots of else.
Scientists say there's a "" of about 10.5 square kilometres where nothing can grow at all.

It's like the beginning of a desert.



Oh yes.
What Dr Schnee called "".
But, why can't anything grow there?
I've never really studied
I'm just starting to look into that subject,
but my sister Marie is a
and she says the problem is that the soil has too much saline,
with no plants helping to adjust the chemistry.
Apparently, that's a common problem with soil types throughout the areas with
Once you lose the plant cover, it's difficult to bring it back.
is almost impossible, even if the land is not being used for other purposes.
Wait a minute. What is "saline"?
Saline is salt dissolved in water.
Scientists who've gone there have taken measurements.
They do this by gathering a sample of the soil and running a simple test that shows the ionisation of the solution.
The Geology Department in our own university has reviewed the soil at the site, too.
They're right. It looks pretty bad.
The level of salinity is going up.
But the plants that would solve that problem can't be planted in soil like that.
There is a narrow spectrum of salinity in which the plants will grow.
And once you pass the threshold, there is no way to put the problem right?
Exactly. It's possible that no one can do anything to stop the trend now.
All because of human!
Wait a second.
How do you know these "scientists" can be trusted?



What kind of reputation do they have?
Are they reliable?
Oh they're definitely reliable.
They include four members of the faculty from the Geology Department right here at MIT.
Here, study these and check the damage yourself.
That's what Dr Horst who wrote the book here did.
He's newly appointed, but Dr Schnee says that he's brilliant.
So, where are you going now?
I'm headed over to the to borrow a map for my presentation.
You know, this whole problem could have been avoided!
The farmers there in the Yucatan
Uh, Pete??
What?
Go take a break! Leave some studying for the rest of us.

