

exercícios de fixação - Círcunferência trigonométrica - prof. Hipácia

1. Calcule:

$$\operatorname{sen} \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$\operatorname{sen} \pi$$

$$\operatorname{sen} 120^\circ$$

$$\operatorname{sen} 150^\circ$$

$$\operatorname{sen} 225^\circ$$

$$\operatorname{sen} 300^\circ$$

$$\operatorname{sen} 2\pi$$

$$\operatorname{sen} 330^\circ$$

$$\cos 330^\circ$$

$$\cos 90^\circ$$

$$\cos 120^\circ$$

$$\cos \pi$$

$$\cos \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$\cos \frac{5\pi}{4}$$

$$\cos \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

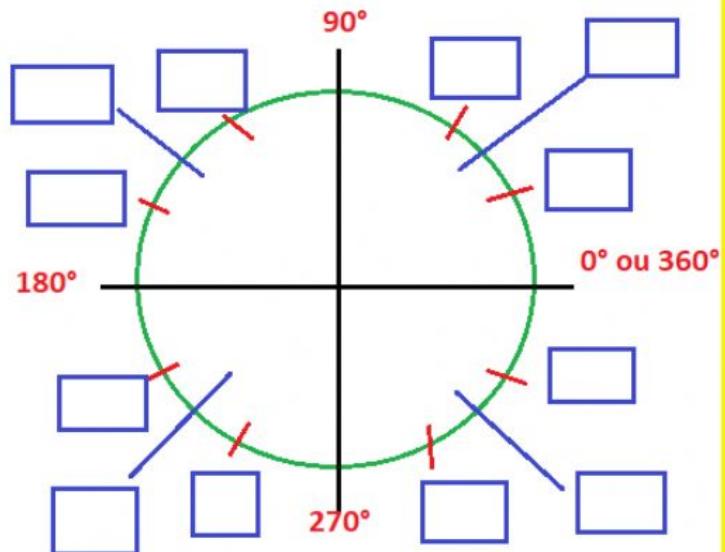
$$\cos 0$$

$$\operatorname{tg} 180^\circ$$

$$\operatorname{tg} 210^\circ$$

$$\operatorname{tg} 90^\circ$$

$$\operatorname{tg} 240^\circ$$



arcos extremos quadrantes

	sen	cos	tg
0°	0	1	0
90°	1	0	∞ ex
180°	0	-1	0
270°	-1	0	∞ ex
360°	0	1	0

SE	TA	CO	+
12	13	14	QUADRANTES

arcos notáveis

	30°	45°	60°
sen	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
cos	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
tan	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	1	$\sqrt{3}$

2. Resolva as equações seguintes, sendo $U = [0, 2\pi]$

$$\operatorname{sen} x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\cos x = 0$$

$$\cos x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\operatorname{sen} x = 0$$

$$\operatorname{sen} x = -1$$

$$\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$6 \cdot \cos x + 6 = 0$$

$$\operatorname{sen} x = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\operatorname{sen} x = 2$$

$$\cos x = 1$$

$$4 \cdot \cos^2 x = 3$$

$$4 \operatorname{sen}^2 x - 3 = 0$$

3. Calcule o valor de cada expressão seguinte:

$$\text{a)} \quad y = \frac{\cos 90^\circ - \cos 180^\circ}{\cos 60^\circ \cdot \cos 0^\circ + \cos 90^\circ}$$

$$\text{c)} \quad y = \frac{\operatorname{sen} 0 + \operatorname{sen} \frac{\pi}{2} - \operatorname{sen} \frac{3\pi}{2}}{2 \cdot \operatorname{sen} \frac{\pi}{6}}$$

$$\text{b)} \quad x = \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot \cos \frac{\pi}{2} + \cos \pi \cdot \cos \frac{\pi}{6}$$