

**I. Grammar: article**

Complete the text with the, a/an, or no article (x)

Most people think that <sup>1</sup> the internet is a good thing. At <sup>2</sup> work, employees can use it to search for <sup>3</sup> information and to send and receive <sup>4</sup> emails. At <sup>5</sup> home, <sup>6</sup> people can use it for entertainment. You can watch <sup>7</sup> music videos, listen to <sup>8</sup> music or, play <sup>9</sup> latest computer games online. It is also useful for <sup>10</sup> shopping, and you don't have to go to <sup>11</sup> bank if you have <sup>12</sup> online banking service. However, there are some dangers because there is <sup>13</sup> problem with security. <sup>14</sup> computer virus can break your computer and <sup>15</sup> computer hackers can steal your identity.

## II. Vocabulary – the internet

Unscramble the words to complete the sentences

- 1 All our hotel rooms have Wi-fi (IW-IF) access.
- 2 It's cheaper to pay (PKSEY) than to make a phone call.
- 3 Do you ever shop online (NONELI)?
- 4 You only need your username and your password to log in (GOL NI).
- 5 Do you want to download (DLWODNAO) this file?
- 6 I sometimes forget to include the attachment (TATHCANEMT) in my emails.
- 7 I need to research (RASHEC ROF) some information before I write my report.
- 8 You can look up (OGLEGO) the name of the restaurant to find out the address.
- 9 They're going to upload (POLUDA) their holiday photos tonight.

## III. Pronunciation – word stress

Give the stressed syllable in these words by numbering 1,2

1 email	network	website
2 address	online	results
3 document	internet	username
4 attachment	computer	directions

## IV. Reading

Read the article and number the events in the order they happened

- Tim Berners-Lee developed a new computer language.
- The Americans opened an agency to develop new technology.
- They put the new language on the internet.
- The Russians sent a satellite into space.
- The World Wide Web made the internet available to all computer users.
- The network changed its name to the internet.
- The agency developed a network to connect computers.
- Berners-Lee and a colleague used the new language to write a new program.

## The story behind the World Wide Web

To find out when the World Wide Web began, we first need to look at the internet. The origins of the internet go back to the Space Race of the 1950s. After the Russians sent the satellite Sputnik into space, the Americans wanted to develop their own technology further, so they set up ARPA – the Advanced Research Projects Agency. This agency found a way of connecting computers, which they called ARPANET. In 1974, they changed its name to 'the internetwork' or 'internet' for short.

In 1980, a scientist at CERN, the European Organization for Nuclear Research, wrote a computer program so that he and his colleagues could share their research. The scientist's name was Tim Berners-Lee, and his software was called ENQUIRE. At first, only scientists at CERN could use the program, which contained a new computer language called hypertext. Then, in 1991, he and a colleague wrote a more advanced version of the program which made hypertext available over the internet. This was the beginning of the World Wide Web, as we know it. The first website and web server was info.cern.ch. Today, there are more than 227 million websites containing over 65 billion web pages.

Over two billion people now use the internet, which is nearly a third of the world's population.