

# Đề thi thử vào 10 theo mẫu của SGD Hà Nội số 28

Quiz ID: 4781

## Question 1 (Question ID: 9-35802)

Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.

- A. informss
- B. mistakes
- C. combiness
- D. complainss

## Question 2 (Question ID: 9-50934)

Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.

- A. breath
- B. health
- C. heart
- D. head

## Question 3 (Question ID: 9-125577)

Choose the word that differs from the rest in the position of the main stress.

- A. accuse
- B. admire
- C. enter
- D. deny

## Question 4 (Question ID: 9-44996)

Choose the word that differs from the rest in the position of the main stress.

- A. specific
- B. admirable
- C. animate
- D. realize

## Question 5 (Question ID: 9-41252)

Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

Mr. Thach, who sing English songs very well, is my teacher of English.

- A. Mr. Thach
- B. who sing
- C. English songs

D. is

**Question 6** (Question ID: 9-41253)

*Choose the underlined part that needs correction.*

**My father asked us not to spending too much time playing computer games.**

- A. asked
- B. not to spending
- C. much time
- D. playing

**Question 7** (Question ID: 9-41262)

*Choose the underlined part that needs correction.*

**If I am you, I would take a taxi to the airport.**

- A. If
- B. am
- C. would take
- D. to

**Question 8** (Question ID: 9-16488)

**I wish Ann \_\_\_\_\_ here. She will be able to help us with these maths questions.**

- A. were
- B. weren't
- C. is
- D. wasn't

**Question 9** (Question ID: 9-37551)

**I have heard nothing from him since \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. he left
- B. he had left
- C. he has left
- D. he leaves

**Question 10** (Question ID: 9-67055)

**I can't \_\_\_\_\_ the problem with my computer.**

- A. detect
- B. detective
- C. detection
- D. detecting

**Question 11 (Question ID: 9-144431)**

Barbara gets \_\_\_\_\_ salary in the whole company.

- A. the highest
- B. higher
- C. the higher
- D. highest

**Question 12 (Question ID: 9-153748)**

I always run \_\_\_\_\_ of money before the end of the month.

- A. out
- B. back
- C. up
- D. down

**Question 13 (Question ID: 9-35897)**

I remember the times \_\_\_\_\_ it rained so much that the road to our town was blocked for days.

- A. when
- B. which
- C. where
- D. that

**Question 14 (Question ID: 9-89224)**

Becoming a doctor isn't easy. \_\_\_\_\_ to many years of studying medicine, you have to deal with uncomfortable situations all the time.

- A. However
- B. Therefore
- C. In addition
- D. But

**Question 15 (Question ID: 9-36518)**

My dog as well as my cats \_\_\_\_\_ twice a day.

- A. has eaten
- B. eat
- C. eats
- D. ate

**Question 16 (Question ID: 9-271265)**

Luc Ngan District is famous for lychees, \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. isn't it
- B. isn't there
- C. aren't they
- D. aren't there

**Question 17** (Question ID: 9-132182)

Choose the most suitable response.

Sarah: "Why aren't you taking part in our activities? \_\_\_\_\_"

David: "Yes, I can. Certainly."

- A. Can you help me with this decorations?
- B. Can I help you?
- C. Shall I take your hat off?
- D. Could you please show me how to get the nearest post office?

**Question 18** (Question ID: 9-132184)

Simon: "Do you mind if I use your phone?"

Alex: "\_\_\_\_\_"

- A. Sorry. I have no idea.
- B. Yes, certainly.
- C. You can say that again.
- D. Not at all. Help yourself.

**Question 19** (Question ID: 9-144632)

Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s).

The washing machine I have just bought is very simple to use.

- A. boring
- B. interesting
- C. easy
- D. difficult

**Question 20** (Question ID: 9-144630)

Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s).

The factory is fined for discharging dangerous chemicals into the river.

- A. releasing
- B. increasing
- C. decreasing
- D. keeping

### **Question 21 (Question ID: 9-143165)**

*Choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s).*

**A large city such as Chicago would be called an urban area.**

- A. metropolitan**
- B. rustic**
- C. suburban**
- D. sophisticated**

### **Question 22 (Question ID: 9-143172)**

*Choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s).*

**We have to employ extra staff to deal with the increased workload.**

- A. approach**
- B. dismiss**
- C. interview**
- D. meet**

### **Question 23 (Question ID: 9-153749)**

The joys and tribulations of being a pet owner! During our lifetime most of us have some experience of either owning a pet or being in **Q23.1.....** contact with someone who does. Is there such a thing as “the ideal pet”? If so what characterizes the ideal pet? Various factors influence one’s choice of pet, from your reasons for getting a pet to your lifestyle. For example, although quite a few pets are relatively cheap to buy, the cost of upkeep can be considerable. Everything must be **Q23.2.....** into account, from food and bedding to vaccinations and veterinary bills. You must be prepared to spend time on your pet, which involves shopping for it, cleaning and feeding it. Pets can be demanding and a big responsibility. Are you prepared to exercise and **Q23.3.....** an animal or do you prefer a more independent pet? How much spare room do you have? Is it right to lock an energetic animal into a confined space? Do you live near a busy road which may threaten the life of your pet? Pets **Q23.4.....** as turtles and goldfish can be cheap and convenient, but if you prefer affectionate pets, a friendly cat or dog would be more **Q23.5.....** People get pets for several reasons, for company, security or to teach responsibility to children. Pets can be affectionate and loyal and an excellent source of the company as long as you know what pet suits you and your lifestyle.

<b>Q23.1.</b>	<b>A. narrow</b>	<b>B. near</b>	<b>C. close</b>	<b>D. tight</b>
<b>Q23.2.</b>	<b>A. kept</b>	<b>B. considering</b>	<b>C. taken</b>	<b>D. held</b>
<b>Q23.3.</b>	<b>A. house-train</b>	<b>B. housework</b>	<b>C. housekeep</b>	<b>D. household</b>
<b>Q23.4.</b>	<b>A. so</b>	<b>B. much</b>	<b>C. for</b>	<b>D. such</b>

Q23.5. A. suited

B. likely

C. appropriate

D. good

**Read the passage and answer the following questions.**

Plants and animals will find it difficult to escape from or adjust to the effect of global warming.

Scientists have already observed shifts in the lifecycles of many plants and animals, such as flowers blooming earlier and birds hatching earlier in the spring. Many species have begun shifting where they live or their annual migration patterns due to warmer temperatures.

With further warming, animals will tend to migrate toward the poles and up mountainsides toward higher elevations. Species living in unique ecosystems, such as **those** found in polar and mountaintop regions, are especially at risk because migration to new habitats is not possible.

Projecting species extinction due to global warming is extremely difficult. Some scientists have estimated that 20 to 50 percent of species could be committed to extinction with 2 to 3 Celsius degrees of further warming. The rate of warming, not just the magnitude, is extremely important for plants and animals. Some species and even entire ecosystems, such as certain types of forest, may not be able to adjust quickly enough and may disappear.

Ocean ecosystems, especially fragile ones like coral reefs, will also be affected by global warming. Warmer ocean temperatures can cause coral to “bleach”, a state which if prolonged will lead to the death of the coral. Scientists estimate that even 1 Celsius degree of additional warming could lead to widespread bleaching and death of coral reefs around the world. Also, increasing carbon dioxide in the atmosphere enters the ocean and increases the acidity of ocean waters. This acidification further stresses ocean ecosystems.

**Question 24 (Question ID: 9-153819)**

Scientists have observed that warmer temperatures in the spring cause flowers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. die instantly
- B. bloom earlier
- C. become lighter
- D. lose color

**Question 25 (Question ID: 9-153820)**

According to paragraph 2, when their habitats grow warmer, animals tend to move \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. south – eastwards and down mountainsides toward lower elevations
- B. north – westwards and up mountainsides toward higher elevations
- C. toward the North Pole and down mountainsides toward lower elevations
- D. toward the poles and up mountainsides toward higher elevations

**Question 26 (Question ID: 9-153821)**

The pronoun “those” in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. species
- B. ecosystems
- C. habitats
- D. areas

**Question 27 (Question ID: 9-153822)**

It is mentioned in the passage that if the global temperature rose by 2 or 3 Celsius degrees, \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. half of the earth’s surface would be flooded
- B. the sea level would rise by 20 centimeters
- C. water supply would decrease by 50 percent
- D. 20 to 50 percent of species could become extinct.

**Question 28 (Question ID: 9-153823)**

The level of acidity in the ocean is increased by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the rising amount of carbon dioxide entering the ocean
- B. the decrease of acidity of the pole waters
- C. the extinction of species in coastal areas
- D. the loss of acidity in the atmosphere around the earth

**Question 29 (Question ID: 9-8928)**

Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.

children / say / best wishes / adults / give / lucky money.

- A. Children say the best wishes with adults and given lucky money.
- B. Children say the best wishes to adults and are given lucky money.
- C. Children say the best wishes for adults are given lucky money.
- D. Children say the best wishes with adults and being given lucky money.

**Question 30 (Question ID: 9-249927)**

Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.

If / you / not / hurry / you / miss / your /train.

- A. If you aren't hurry, you will miss your train.
- B. If you don't hurry, you will miss your train.
- C. If you not to hurry, you will miss your train.
- D. If not you hurry, you will miss your train.

**Question 31 (Question ID: 9-392034)**

Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.

this / first time / you / play / Monopoly?

- A. Is this the first time you played Monopoly?
- B. Is this the first time you have ever played Monopoly?
- C. Is this the first time you ever have played Monopoly?
- D. Is this the first time you have played ever Monopoly?

**Question 32 (Question ID: 9-9017)**

*Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given.*

I / satisfied / the service / Thanh Ba Post Office.

- A. I was satisfied with the service of Thanh Ba Post Office.
- B. I was satisfied on the service of Thanh Ba Post Office.
- C. I satisfied with the service of Thanh Ba Post Office.
- D. I was satisfied with the service on Thanh Ba Post Office.

**Question 33 (Question ID: 9-179054)**

*Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning to the following sentence.*

**Although the weather was good, we stayed indoors.**

- A. Even though the good weather, we stayed indoors.
- B. In spite of the weather was good, we stayed indoors.
- C. We stayed indoors despite the good weather.
- D. We stayed indoors but the weather was good.

**Question 34 (Question ID: 9-192929)**

*Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning to the following sentence.*

**The noise next door did not stop until after midnight.**

- A. The noise next door stopped at midnight.
- B. It was midnight and the noise next door stopped.
- C. It was not until after midnight that the noise next door stopped.
- D. Not until after midnight the noise next door stopped.

**Question 35 (Question ID: 9-192972)**

*Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning to the following sentence.*

**“It was nice of you to call me last night, Tom,” said Benz.**

- A. Benz promised to call Tom the night before.
- B. Benz warned Tom against calling him the night before.
- C. Benz admitted having called Tom the night before.
- D. Benz thanked Tom for calling him the night before.

**Question 36 (Question ID: 9-163822)**

*Choose the sentence that best combines this pair of sentences.*

**You must work hard. Otherwise, you'll be sacked.**

- A. Unless you work harder, you'll be sacked.**
- B. If you don't work harder, you won't be sacked.**
- C. Unless you don't work hard, you'll be sacked.**
- D. If you work harder, you'll be sacked.**