

## English file Pre-int Test (3<sup>rd</sup> Term)

### GRAMMAR

A) Complete the **first conditional sentences** with the correct form of the verbs.

1. She \_\_\_\_\_ (come) with us if she \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) busy.
2. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (not work) harder, you \_\_\_\_\_ (not do) better at school.
3. If we \_\_\_\_\_ (tell) Dad about the broken window, he \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) angry.  
\_\_\_\_ / 3

B) Complete with the verbs in brackets. Use the **second conditional** form.

1. If I \_\_\_\_\_ (win) an Olympic medal, I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) really excited.
2. Steve \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) in if there \_\_\_\_\_ (be) an interesting programme on TV.
3. If Mary \_\_\_\_\_ (not / eat) so much, she \_\_\_\_\_ (not / get) fat.  
\_\_\_\_ / 3

C) Underline the correct word. (½ mark each correct answer)

1. Is this book **your / yours** or your brother's?
2. This isn't our camera; it's **their / theirs**.
3. Have you seen **her / hers** new computer?
4. Dom and Kate have got a dog. **Its / Their** name is Scooby.
5. That pen is **my / mine**! Give it to me!
6. I don't know where the teacher is, but that's **his / hers** car.  
\_\_\_\_ / 3

D) Complete the sentences with **for** or **since**. (½ mark each correct answer)

1. I've been a doctor \_\_\_\_\_ 2006.
2. We've lived here \_\_\_\_\_ a long time.
3. I haven't seen Jamie \_\_\_\_\_ Tuesday.
4. Lisa's been at work \_\_\_\_\_ 6 o'clock this morning.
5. Emily and Anton have been married \_\_\_\_\_ three years.
6. I've known my best friend \_\_\_\_\_ we were 3 years old.  
\_\_\_\_ / 3

**E) Complete the sentences. Put the verb in brackets in the present perfect or the past simple.**

1. We \_\_\_\_\_ (not see) Mary since she moved to Newcastle.
2. Gerry and his wife \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a holiday home in Greece last year.
3. A: How long \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (work) in this factory?  
B: Since 2002.
4. Monica \_\_\_\_\_ (not say) goodbye when she left.
5. My grandmother \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in Spain for ten years. She's really happy there.
6. I \_\_\_\_\_ (not study) German when I was at school.

\_\_\_\_ / 6

**F) Complete the sentences with the -ing form or the infinitive + to of the verb in brackets:**

Example: She left without closing (close) the door.

- I love \_\_\_\_\_ (walk) in the rain.
2. Try \_\_\_\_\_ (not spend) too much money.
  3. I need \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) some new shoes.
  4. \_\_\_\_\_ (swim) is very good for you.
  5. I sent Tom an email because I wanted \_\_\_\_\_ (tell) him about the party.
  6. It isn't easy \_\_\_\_\_ (learn) a foreign language.
  7. He's very good at \_\_\_\_\_ (talk) to new people.
  8. She promised \_\_\_\_\_ (not tell) anybody my secret.
  9. Please stop \_\_\_\_\_ (make) so much noise. The baby is sleeping!
  10. Happiness is \_\_\_\_\_ (not have) to get up early on Sunday!

\_\_\_\_ / 10

**G) Complete the sentences with should, have to, don't have to or mustn't:**

1. You \_\_\_\_\_ feed the animals in the zoo.
2. We \_\_\_\_\_ take the bus to school. It's a 5-minute walk.
3. The concert is free. You \_\_\_\_\_ pay.
4. We \_\_\_\_\_ go home now. It's getting very late.
5. In Britain you \_\_\_\_\_ drive on the left.
6. You \_\_\_\_\_ come to the party with me. I can go on my own.
7. You \_\_\_\_\_ copy when you are doing exams.
8. You \_\_\_\_\_ be older than 18 to go to night clubs.
9. You \_\_\_\_\_ drive so fast – we have a lot of time!
10. If you want to lose weight, you \_\_\_\_\_ eat less bread and sweets.

\_\_\_\_ / 10

## H) PAST, PRESENT OR FUTURE?

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets:

1. Where \_\_\_\_\_ (you / have) lunch yesterday?
2. \_\_\_\_\_ (you / ever eat) in this Chinese restaurant before?
3. \_\_\_\_\_ (you / usually remember) your dreams?
4. My mother \_\_\_\_\_ (come) to stay with us for two weeks in July next summer.
5. Frank \_\_\_\_\_ (not see) the match last night.
6. Who \_\_\_\_\_ (you / talk) to last night when I called you?
7. Who do you think \_\_\_\_\_ (win) the football match tonight?
8. My brother \_\_\_\_\_ (not like) classical music.
9. I \_\_\_\_\_ (never go) to Asia.
10. \_\_\_\_\_ (it / rain) when you left home?
11. A: How long \_\_\_\_\_ (you / live) in Sant Feliu?  
B: All my life.
12. I promise I \_\_\_\_\_ (help) you tidy the living room this afternoon.

\_\_\_\_ / 12

## Vocabulary

### A) Complete the phrases with the correct **preposition**:

Example: My mum is frightened of spiders.

1. Too much sugar is bad \_\_\_\_\_ you.
2. Are you interested \_\_\_\_\_ art?
3. Why aren't you nice \_\_\_\_\_ your sister?
4. What subjects were you good \_\_\_\_\_ when you were at school?
5. I get angry \_\_\_\_\_ my brother when he uses my laptop.
6. I think Copenhagen is very different \_\_\_\_\_ Rome.
7. My university course starts \_\_\_\_\_ October.
8. This lesson started \_\_\_\_\_ 9.15. You're late again!
9. Don't worry \_\_\_\_\_ the washing up. I'll do it later.
10. Iceland is famous \_\_\_\_\_ its glaciers and volcanoes.

\_\_\_\_ / 10

**B) Complete the sentences with a word from the box.**

|        |            |         |        |      |       |
|--------|------------|---------|--------|------|-------|
| borrow | lend       | waiting | hoping | knew | met   |
| looks  | looks like | wear    | carry  | wins | earns |

1. Grace \_\_\_\_\_ her sister! They both have blond hair and blue eyes.
2. Is Fiona going to \_\_\_\_\_ her new dress for the party?
3. I never \_\_\_\_\_ money from my friends.
4. Nicole is a famous singer. She \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money.
5. We \_\_\_\_\_ Juan's wife for the first time yesterday.
6. I hate \_\_\_\_\_ for people when they're late.

\_\_\_\_ / 3

**C) Complete the sentences with an adverb made from the adjective in brackets. (NO ½ marks to be given.)**

Example: Martin sometimes drives dangerously. (dangerous)

1. Sharon swims very \_\_\_\_\_. (good)
2. I can't hear you when you speak \_\_\_\_\_. (quiet)
3. Andrei dances \_\_\_\_\_. (beautiful)
4. The children smiled \_\_\_\_\_. (happy)
5. The old man shouted \_\_\_\_\_ at the cats in his garden. (angry)
6. Why do you always walk so \_\_\_\_\_? (slow)

\_\_\_\_ / 6

**D) Complete the life events with the correct verb. You can use some verbs more than once.**

|       |      |     |    |      |        |
|-------|------|-----|----|------|--------|
| be    | fall | get | go | have | retire |
| start |      |     |    |      |        |

Example: go to primary school

1. \_\_\_\_\_ children
2. \_\_\_\_\_ to work
3. \_\_\_\_\_ married
4. \_\_\_\_\_ in love
5. \_\_\_\_\_ to university
6. \_\_\_\_\_ born
7. \_\_\_\_\_ divorced
8. \_\_\_\_\_ from work

\_\_\_\_ / 4

E) Complete the sentences with the **correct phrase**. There are three extra phrases you don't need to use:

|              |            |              |            |             |                  |
|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|-------------|------------------|
| get a ticket | get better | get divorced | get emails | get home    | get on well with |
| get nervous  | get up     | get presents | get fit    | get married |                  |

1. I don't have any problems with my neighbours. I \_\_\_\_\_ them.
2. If they leave work now, they'll \_\_\_\_\_ by five o'clock.
3. Do I have to \_\_\_\_\_ before I get on the bus?
4. Mary and Joe have decided to \_\_\_\_\_. The wedding is in June.
5. If we \_\_\_\_\_ late, we'll miss the train.
6. I'm not very well at the moment, but I hope I'll \_\_\_\_\_ before my holiday.
7. People often \_\_\_\_\_ before interviews.
8. He's doing more exercise because he wants to \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_ / 8

GRAMMAR: \_\_\_\_\_ / 50

VOCABULARY: \_\_\_\_\_ / 31

TOTAL: \_\_\_\_\_ / 81