

THE PASSIVE

Exercise 50. Let's talk. (Chart 10 -11)

Summarize each conversation with a statement. Use **be supposed to**. Match the conversations in column A with the suitable sentences in column B.

Tóm tắt đoạn hội thoại bằng một câu. Sử dụng **be supposed to**. Nối đoạn hội thoại ở cột A với câu phù hợp ở cột B.

1. TOM's Boss: Mail this package. TOM: Yes, sir.	Tom is supposed to mail a package.
2. LENA: Call me at nine. ANN: Okay.	Johnny is supposed to make his bed before he goes to school.
3. Ms. MARTINEZ: Please make your bed before you go to school. JOHNNY: Okay, Mom.	Ann is supposed to call Lena at nine
4. PROF. THOMPSON: Read the test directions carefully and raise your hand if you have any questions. STUDENTS: (no response)	The patient is supposed to take one pill every eight hours and drink plenty of fluids.
5. DR. KEMPER: You should take one pill every eight hours. PATIENT: Right. Anything else? DR. KEMPER: Drink plenty of fluids.	The students are supposed to read the test directions carefully and raise their hands if they have any questions



Exercise 51. Listening. (Chart 10-11)

Listen to the statements with **be supposed to**. Choose "T" for true and "F" for false.

Notice that **to** in **be supposed to** sounds like "ta." Nghe các câu sau với **be supposed to**. Chọn "T" cho đáp án đúng và "F" cho đáp án sai. Lưu ý **to** trong **be supposed to** được phát âm như "ta."

Example: You will hear: Visitors at a museum are not supposed to touch the art.

You will choose: (T) F

1. T F
2. T F
3. T F
4. T F

5. T F
6. T F
7. T F
8. T F



Exercise 52. Reading, grammar, and listening. (Chapter 10)

Part I. Answer the questions and then read the passage on zoos. Trả lời các câu hỏi sau và đọc đoạn văn về sở thú.

Have you visited a zoo recently?

What was your opinion of it?

Were the animals well-taken care of?

Did they live in natural settings or in cages?

Zoos

Zoos are common around the world. The first zoo was established around 3,500 years ago by an Egyptian queen for her enjoyment. Five hundred years later, a Chinese emperor established a huge zoo to show his power and wealth. Later, zoos were established for the purpose of studying animals.



Zoos were supposed to take good care of animals, but some of the early ones were dark holes or dirty cages. At that time, people became disgusted with the poor care the animals were given. Later, these early zoos were replaced by scientific institutions. Animals were studied and kept in better conditions there. These research centers became the first modern zoos.

Because zoos want to treat animals well and encourage breeding, animals today

are put in large, natural settings instead of small cages. They are fed a healthy diet and are watched carefully for any signs of disease. Most zoos have specially trained veterinarians and a hospital for their animals. Today, animals in these zoos are treated well, and zoo breeding programs have saved many different types of animals.



Establish (v) thành lập	Dark hole: ngục tối, bóng tối
Egyptian (n) người Ai Cập	Cage (n) lồng, chuồng
Emperor (n) hoàng đế, thiên hoàng	Disgusted (adj) cảm thấy ghê tởm
Scientific institution: viện/ tổ chức khoa học	

Part II. Choose all the grammatically correct statements. *Chọn các câu đúng ngữ pháp.*

1. a. The first zoo was established around 3,500 years ago.
- b. The first zoo established around 3,500 years ago.
- c. An Egyptian queen established the first zoo.

2. a. Zoos supposed to take good care of animals.
- b. Zoos were supposed to take good care of animals.
- c. Zoos were suppose to take good care of animals.



3. a. The animals was poorly cared for in some of the early zoos.
- b. The animals were poorly cared for in some of the early zoos.
- c. The early zoos didn't take good care of the animals.

4. a. Today, animals are kept in more natural settings.
- b. Today, zoos keep animals in more natural settings.
- c. Today, more natural settings are provided for animals.



5. a. Nowadays, animals are treated better in zoos than before.
b. Nowadays, animals are taken better care of in zoos than before.
c. Nowadays, animals take care of in zoos than before.

Part III. Listen to the passage. Complete the sentences with the verbs you hear and then answer the questions. Nghe đoạn văn sau. Hoàn thành các câu trong đoạn văn bằng những động từ bạn nghe được và trả lời các câu hỏi.



Zoos

Zoos are common around the world. The first zoo was established around 3,500 years ago by an Egyptian queen for her enjoyment. Five hundred years later, a Chinese emperor _____ a huge zoo to show his power and wealth. Later, zoos _____ for the purpose of studying animals.

Zoos _____ take good care of animals, but some of the early ones were dark holes or dirty cages. At that time, people _____ disgusted with the poor care the animals _____. Later, these early zoos _____ replaced by scientific institutions. Animals _____ and _____ in better conditions there. These research centers became the first modern zoos.



Because zoos want to treat animals well and encourage breeding, animals today _____ in large, natural settings instead of small cages. They _____ a healthy diet and _____ carefully for any signs of disease. Most zoos _____ specially trained veterinarians and a hospital for their animals. Today, animals in these zoos _____ well, and zoo breeding programs _____ many different types of animals.

1. Why was the first zoo established?
2. What were some of the early zoos like?
3. What was the purpose of the first modern zoos?
4. What are zoos doing to encourage breeding?
5. Why do zoos want to encourage breeding?

1. The purpose was to study animals.
2. It was established for an Egyptian queen for her enjoyment.
3. They want to encourage breeding to save different types of animals.
4. They keep animals in large, natural settings, feed them a healthy diet, and watch them for signs of disease.
5. They were dark holes or dirty cages.

Exercise 53. Check your knowledge. (Chapter 10)

Edit the sentences. Sửa lỗi sai các câu sau.

1. I ~~am~~ agree with him.
2. Something **was happened**. -> _____
3. This pen **is belong** -> _____ to me.
4. I'm **interesting** -> _____ in that subject.
5. He is **marry with** -> _____ my cousin.
6. Mary's dog **was died** -> _____ last week.



7. Were you **surprise** -> _____ when you heard the news?
8. When I went downtown, **I am get** -> _____ lost.
9. The bus **was arrived** -> _____ ten minutes late.
10. We're not **suppose** -> _____ to have pets in our apartment.



Exercise 54. Reading and writing. (Chapter 10)

Part I. Read the passage and choose the passive verbs.

Đọc đoạn văn sau và chọn các động từ bị động.

My Favorite Holiday

(1) New Year's is the most important holiday of the year in my country. New Year's is celebrated for fifteen days, but my favorite day is the first day.

(2) The celebration actually begins at midnight. Fireworks are set off, and the streets are filled with people. Neighbors and friends greet each other and wish one another good luck for the year. The next morning, gifts are exchanged. Children are given money. It is wrapped in red envelopes because red is the color for good luck. When I was younger, this was always my favorite part of the holiday.

(3) On New Year's Day, everyone wears new clothes. These clothes are bought especially for the holiday. People are very polite to each other. It is considered wrong to yell, lie, or use bad language on the first day of the year. It is a custom for younger generations to visit their elders. They wish them good health and a long life.

Part II. Choose a holiday you like. Describe the activities on this day. What do you do in the morning? afternoon? evening? Which activities do you enjoy the most? Make some of your sentences passive. Chọn một ngày lễ mà bạn thích. Mô tả các hoạt động trong ngày nghỉ đó. Bạn làm gì vào buổi sáng, trưa, tối? Bạn thích hoạt động nào nhất? Sử dụng một vài câu bị động.

I can accept failure, everyone fails at something. But I can't accept not trying. -

Michael Jordan

Tôi có thể chấp nhận thất bại, bởi vì mọi người đều thất bại ở một việc gì đó.

Nhưng, tôi không chấp nhận được việc không cố gắng.
