

THE PASSIVE

Exercise 31. Listening. (Chart 10-7)

Listen to the statements and choose the words you hear. **Nghe các câu sau và chọn các từ bạn nghe được.**

You will hear: It was a frightening experience.

You will choose: **frighten**

frightening

frightened

1. bore	boring	bored
2. shock	shocking	shocked
3. confuse	confusing	confused
4. embarrass	embarrassing	embarrassed
5. surprise	surprising	surprised
6. scare	scary	scared



Exercise 32. Looking at grammar. (Chart 10-7)

Complete the sentences with the **-ed** or **-ing** form of the verbs in *italics*. **Hoàn thành các câu sau với dạng **-ed** hoặc **-ing** của động từ in nghiêng.**

1. Talal's classes *interest* him.

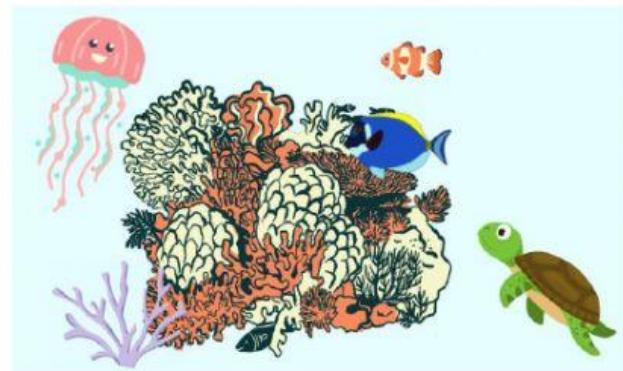
a. Talal's classes are *interesting*.

b. Talal is an *interested* student.

2. Emily is going to Australia. The idea of going on this trip *excites* her.

a. Emily is _____ about going on this trip.

b. She thinks it is going to be an _____ trip.



3. I like to study sea life. The subject of marine biology *fascinates* me.

a. Marine biology is a _____ subject.

b. I'm _____ by marine biology.

4. Mike heard some bad news. The bad news *depressed* him.

a. Mike is very sad. In fact, he is _____.

b. The news made Mike feel very sad. The news was _____.

5. The exploration of space *interests* me.

a. I'm _____ in the exploration of space.

b. The exploration of space is _____ to me.



Exercise 33. Listening. (Chart 10-7)

Listen to each sentence and circle the word you hear. *Nghe từng câu sau và chọn các từ bạn nghe được.*

SITUATION: Julie was walking along the edge of the fountain outside her office building. She was with her co-worker and friend Paul. Suddenly she lost her balance and accidentally fell into the water.



1. embarrassed embarrassing

6. surprised surprising

2. embarrassed embarrassing

7. upset upsetting

3. shocked shocking

8. depressed depressing

4. shocked shocking

9. interested interesting

5. surprised surprising

10. interested interesting

Exercise 34. Warm-up. (Chart 10-8)

Are any of these statements true for you? Choose *yes* or *no*. *Câu nào trong các câu sau đây đúng với bạn. Chọn yes hoặc no.*

Right now ...

1. I am getting tired. yes no

2. I am getting hungry. yes no
 3. I am getting confused. yes no



10-8 Get + Adjective; Get + Past Participle (Get + tính từ; Get + Quá khứ phân từ)

Get + Adjective

(a) I **am getting hungry**. Let's eat.
 (b) Eric **got nervous** before the job interview.

Get can be followed by an adjective. **Get** gives the idea of change - the idea of becoming, beginning to be, growing to be.

In (a): *I'm getting hungry*. = *I wasn't hungry before, but now I'm beginning to be hungry*.

Get có thể được theo sau bởi một tính từ. **Get** mang nghĩa thay đổi- trở nên, bắt đầu trở nên, phát triển thành.

Trong (a): *I'm getting hungry* = Lúc trước tôi không đói, nhưng bây giờ tôi bắt đầu đói.

Get + Past Participle

(c) I'm **getting tired** Let's stop working.
 (d) Steve and Rita **got married** last month.

Sometimes **get** is followed by a past participle. The past participle after **get** is like an adjective; it describes the subject of the sentence

Đôi khi **get** được theo sau bởi một quá khứ phân từ. Quá khứ phân từ sau **get** giống như một tính từ; nó mô tả chủ ngữ của câu.

Get + Adjective Get + Past Participle

get angry	get dry	get quiet	get acquainted	get drunk	get involved
get bald	get fat	get rich	get arrested	get engaged	get killed
get big	get full	get serious	get bored	get excited	get lost
get busy	get hot	get sick	get confused	get finished	get married
get close	get hungry	get sleepy	get crowded	get frightened	get scared
get cold	get interested	get thirsty	get divorced	get hurt	get sunburned
get dark	get late	get well	get done	get interested	get tired
get dirty	get nervous	get wet	get dressed	get invited	get worried
get dizzy	get old				

Exercise 35. Looking at grammar. (Chart 10-8)

Complete the sentences with the words in the list. Hoàn thành các câu sau với các từ trong danh sách.

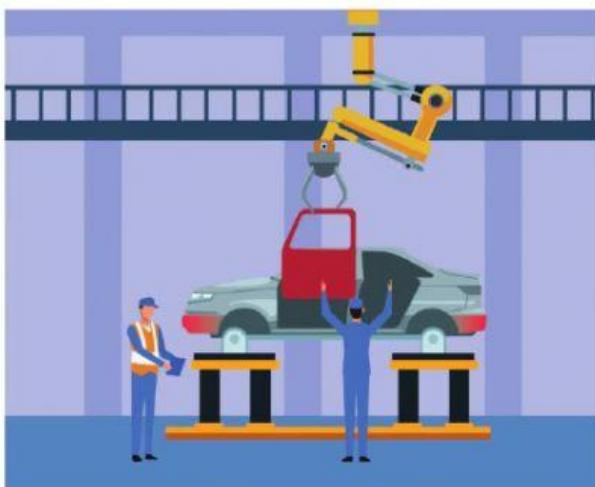
bald	dirty	hurt	nervous	rich
busy	✓full	late	lost	serious

1. This food is delicious, but I can't eat any more.

I'm getting *full*

2. This work has to be done before we leave. We'd better get _____ and stop wasting time.





3. I didn't understand Mariam's directions very well, so on the way to her house last night I got _____. I couldn't find her house.

4. It's hard to work on a car and stay clean. Paul's clothes always get _____ from all the grease and oil.

5. Tim doesn't like to fly. As soon as he sits down, his heart starts to beat quickly. He gets really _____.

6. We'd better go home. It's getting _____, and you have school tomorrow.

7. Simon wants to get _____, but he doesn't want to work. That's not very realistic.

8. If you plan to go to medical school, you need to get _____ about the time and money involved and start planning now.

9. Mr. Andersen is losing some of his hair. He's slowly getting _____.

10. Was the accident serious? Did anyone get _____?



Exercise 36. Let's talk: interview. (Chart 10-8)

Answer the questions. **Trả lời các câu hỏi sau.**

1. Have you ever gotten hurt? What happened?



2. Have you ever gotten lost? What happened?

3. When was the last time you got dizzy?

4. How long does it take you to get dressed in the morning?



5. In general, do you get sleepy during the day? When?

6. Do you ever get hungry in the middle of the night? What do you do?

7. Have you ever gotten involved with a charity? Which one?

Exercise 37. Listening. (Chart 10-8)

Listen to the sentences and complete them with adjectives in the box.

Nghe và hoàn thành các câu sau với các tính từ trong hộp.

tired sick bald
cold hot thirsty

Example: You will hear: This towel is soaking wet. Please hang it up so it will get ...

You will write: *dry*

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____



4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

***Success is most often achieved by those who don't know that failure is inevitable.* -
Coco Chanel**

Thành công sẽ đến với những ai biết được khó khăn là điều không thể tránh khỏi