

**LANGUAGE FOCUS UNIT 7 TEST**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**TIME: 30 minutes**

Class: \_\_\_\_\_

**Exercise 1. Practicing asking the following questions. Write 'A' if sentence has rising intonation and 'B' if sentence has falling intonation in each box of the questions.**

Sentences	A	B
What do Vietnamese students miss most about home when studying abroad?		
Did you make friends with the international students?		
How many professional courses does this college provide?		
When should international students apply for scholarships?		
Have you ever attended a professional course?		

**Exercise 2. Use the words from the box to complete the sentences.**

professional	scholarships	vocational
skills		academic

- One of the reasons for Vietnamese students' studying abroad is the quality of \_\_\_\_\_ programs in higher education.
- Some students decide to study in the United States or the United Kingdom to improve their language \_\_\_\_\_, which can help them to get a better job.
- The education in \_\_\_\_\_ school is free, and the students from low - income families are eligible for a state student grant.
- Some universities in the United States offer different \_\_\_\_\_ to international students to help to cover tuition fees and living costs.
- Universities must better prepare students for their \_\_\_\_\_ careers.

**Exercise 3. Complete the following sentences with the present perfect or the present perfect continuous.**

1. A: Can I have a look at the glossary of study terms?

B: Just a minute. I (read) \_\_\_\_\_ it myself.

2. A: Let's go to the meeting with the international students this weekend.

B: I'd love to, but I (not finish) \_\_\_\_\_ my assignment yet.

3. A: You look so happy! What's up?

B: I (receive) \_\_\_\_\_ an offer for a summer internship in Japan.

4. A: You look tired!

B: I (search) \_\_\_\_\_ for information about higher education all morning.

5. A: Your room is in a mess! Have you been looking for something?

B: My wallet. I think I (lose) \_\_\_\_\_ it somewhere.

**Exercise 4. Rewrite the sentences, using the words given and the present perfect or present perfect continuous.**

1. Nam's still studying English. He started studying it two years ago. (*for*)

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2. He attended two online vocational courses: one in 2012 and the other in 2013. (*twice*)

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3. The British Council established IELTS a long time ago. It still uses this test as an international standardized test of English for non-native English language speakers. (*for*)

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4. The university started building a new campus in May. They are still building it. (*since*)

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5. Mary is staying at a homestay during her undergraduate programme. The programme began three weeks ago. (*for*)

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**\_ THE END \_**