Read the following passage carefully then answer the questions that follow

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS COLUMN

Dolphins are not fish but warm-blooded mammals. They live in groups and speak to each other in their own language. In this was they are like other animals, such as bees and birds. However, their brain is nearly the same size as our own and they live for nearly thirty years.

Dolphins use sounds to help them find their way. They also use sounds to talk to each other and to help them find their food. These sounds are received in their jaw, the lower part of their mouth.

Some dolphins leave their groups and come into our harbours and swim up and down near the beaches. During the last century, on the sea coast off New Zealand, there lived a dolphin called Jack. He met every boat in the area and showed it the way into the harbour. Then, in 1903, a passenger on the 'Penguin', a whaling ship, shot and wounded him. Jack recovered and worked for nine more years and then died.

Today, dolphins are on the endangered species list. Many countries of the world have laws to protect them for fear that they may become extinct and cease to exist.

The following questions are about the passage you have just read. CIRCLE the CAPITAL LETTER beside the word or phrase, which gives the BEST answer to each question.

41. To which class of animals do dolphins belong? 41. ....

(A) Fish
(B) Reptiles
(C) Mammals
(D) Amphibians

42. According to the passage, what do birds, bees and dolphins have in common? 42. ....

(A) they each have their own language
(B) they can all fly
(C) they all eat fish
(D) they are all endangered species

LIVEWORKSHEETS

43. The words 'their brain is nearly the size as our own' in line 4 suggests that
(A) the brains of the dolphin and human are the same size
(B) the brain of the dolphin is almost the size of a human brain
(C) dolphin are as smart as humans
(D) dolphins can think like humans

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS COLUMN

43. ....

44. According to the passage, dolphins use sounds to:
(A) eat their food
(B) find their food
(C) help them swim
(D) locate ships

44. ....

45. What part of speech is the word 'harbours' in line 8?
(A) adjective
(B) verb
(C) noun
(D) conjunction

45. ....

46. The word 'Penguin' in line 11 refers to what?
(A) a bird
(B) a boat
(C) a person
(D) a type of gun

46. ....

47. In what year did Jack die?
(A) 1912
(B) 1903
(C) 1909
(D) 1919

47. ....

48. Why do you think the captains were glad for Jack's help?
(A) He showed them the way into the harbour.
(B) He helped them to navigate their boats.
(C) He guided them on the high seas.
(D) He follows them in the ocean.

48. ....

49. What is the meaning of the word 'extinct' in line 14?
(A) hunted
(B) wiped out
(C) multiplied
(D) wounded

49. ....

LIVEWORKSHEETS

50. Which of the following statements is true?
(A) Dolphins communicate with each other.
(B) Dolphins are fish because they live in the ocean.
(C) Dolphins guide boats that are lost.
(D) Dolphins live for nine years.

51. The line 'many countries of the world have laws to protect them' suggest that
(A) Dolphins are protected throughout the world.
(B) Laws are made to protect all sea creatures.
(C) Only laws can prevent dolphins from death.
(D) Many countries have laws to prevent dolphins from being hunted and killed.

52. The MOST SUITABLE title for this passage is :
(A) A Dolphin named Jack
(B) Dolphins
(C) Extinct Animals
(D) Fish

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS COLUMN

50. ....

51. ....

52. ....

Select the correct adjective from the brackets to complete each sentence.

EXAMPLE: (There, Their) father is a judge.

53. This book is better than (any, all) the other books I have read. 53. ....

54. (This, These) type of music always appeal to me. 54. ....

55. There aren't (no, any) mangoes on the trees. 55. ....

56. There is (fewer, less) food on my plate than on yours. 56. ....

57. The principal didn't chastise (either, neither) of the boys. 57. ....

LIVEWORKSHEETS

SECTION B

Read the following passage carefully then answer the questions that follow.

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS COLUMN

Gorillas are huge animals; an adult can grow up to two metres in height. They live in groups of five to twenty. One of the gorillas determines where they settle and controls any dispute in the group. He is called the 'Chief'. They are vegetarians and pass their day swinging from the branches of trees.

Sadly today, only a few thousand gorillas have survived in the mountains of Africa. These creatures are hunted to be kept in zoos. Some are even captured and reared by man to be eaten.

The Gorilla together with the Giant Panda and the Giant Turtle are at risk of extinction because of the damage to their natural habitat by humans. An animal becomes extinct when its species no longer exists. However, an animal is considered endangered if there are a few of its kind surviving and it is at risk of becoming extinct. The removal of forest and bush fires are the most common reasons for animal extinction.

The following questions are about the passage you have just read.
Complete the questions in the spaces provided.
Use full sentences.

71. Why do you think that one of the gorillas is called the 'Chief' in line 3 of the passage?

_____
_____
_____

71. ....

72. What do you think gorillas eat? Write a line from the passage to support your answer.

_____
_____
_____

72. ....

73. When is an animal considered extinct?

_____
_____
_____

73. ....

LIVEWORKSHEETS

74. Do you think that gorillas should be considered endangered or extinct? Give a reason for your answer.

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS COLUMN

74. ....

75. What animals mentioned in the passage are in danger of extinction?

75. ....

76. What is a reason mentioned in the passage that can cause an animal to become extinct?

76 ....

77. Where would you find the surviving gorillas living?

77. ....

78. What part of speech is the word 'However' in line 10 of the passage?

78. ....

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Read the following passage carefully then answer the questions that follow.

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS COLUMN

Barbados is just 431 square kilometres in size. This former British colony is also called 'Little England'. It is the most easterly of the chain of islands or archipelago known as the Antilles.

Barbados has become home to a number of people who come from different countries, these people or migrants come from countries from as far away as China and from developed countries as Canada, England and the United states. They also come from other Caribbean islands such as St. Vincent, known for its agriculture and fishing villages, St. Lucia which is also known for its tourism and agriculture and from Trinidad and Tobago, islands just off the coast of Venezuela. These varied people have adopted Barbados as their home.

Like the United States, Barbados can be considered a melting pot society, because people from all over the world make it their home and become absorbed in its lifestyle and culture. They also make positive contributions to developing its economy.

Barbados is an island of relative peace and tranquillity. Blessed by God with rich soil which produces colourful vegetation and healthy crops, beautiful beaches with white sands nestling near turquoise waters.

Apart from new residents Barbados also attracts tourist from all over the world who return year after year to experience this wonderful Bajan culture and to enjoy the physical beauty of Barbados.

The following questions are about the passage you have just read.
Complete the questions in the spaces provided.
Use full sentences.

79. Why does the writer say that Barbados is just 431 square kilometres in size?

79. ....

80. What is an archipelago?

80. ....

LIVEWORKSHEETS

81.	Why do you think Barbados is considered a 'melting pot society'.	PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS COLUMN 81. ....
82.	Apart from Barbados what are the other Caribbean islands mentioned in the passage?	82. ....
83.	Why do tourist return to Barbados?	83. ....
84.	What does the phrase 'adopted Barbados as their home' in line 10 mean?	84. ....
85.	According to the passage, how has God blessed Barbados?	85. ....

LIVEWORKSHEETS