

7. The news about the earthquake distressed Josephine.  
Josephine \_\_\_\_\_.
8. "Are you having a party tomorrow?" I asked them.  
I asked them if \_\_\_\_\_.
9. My sister offered me a lift so it wasn't necessary for me to call a taxi.  
I didn't need \_\_\_\_\_.
10. All visitors to the city was impressed by its beauty.  
Everyone \_\_\_\_\_.

## TEST FOR UNIT 9

### I. PRONUNCIATION

**A. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.**

- |                        |                       |                    |                     |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a. nat <u>u</u> ral | b. di <u>s</u> aster  | c. da <u>m</u> age | d. gra <u>n</u> dma |
| 2. a. wea <u>th</u> er | b. rea <u>ch</u>      | c. lea <u>k</u>    | d. betw <u>ee</u> n |
| 3. a. th <u>u</u> nder | b. res <u>u</u> lt    | c. eru <u>p</u> t  | d. volu <u>m</u> e  |
| 4. a. wat <u>ch</u> ed | b. collap <u>s</u> ed | c. caus <u>e</u> d | d. laugh <u>e</u> d |
| 5. a. typhoo <u>n</u>  | b. cyclone            | c. sky             | d. sunny            |

**B. Choose the word whose main stress pattern is placed differently from the others.**

- |                  |                 |                |               |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 6. a. natural    | b. disaster     | c. volcano     | d. typhoon    |
| 7. a. earthquake | b. thunderstorm | c. temperature | d. experience |
| 8. a. erupt      | b. collapse     | c. gather      | d. occur      |
| 9. a. forecast   | b. tornado      | c. hurricane   | d. tropical   |
| 10. a. extensive | b. dangerous    | c. furniture   | d. carriage   |

### II. VOCABULARY AND EXPRESSION

**A. Choose the word or phrase (a, b, c or d) that best fits the blank space in each sentence or substitutes for the underlined words or phrases.**

1. Thuy's grandma turned the television \_\_\_\_ to see the weather forecast.  
a. off                      b. up                      c. on                      d. down
2. The hurrican took several days to blow itself \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. in                      b. out                      c. down                      d. off
3. It was the biggest eruption of Vesuvius \_\_\_\_\_ some years  
a. for                      b. since                      c. in                      d. from
4. The earthquake \_\_\_\_\_ the city at two in the morning.  
a. occurred                      b. hit                      c. swept                      d. measured
5. A funnel-shaped storms passing overland below a thunderstorm is called a \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. typhoons                      b. tsunami                      c. tornado                      d. hurricane
6. The last tsunami caused a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ to the countries along the Pacific coast.  
a. eruption                      b. disasters                      c. destruction                      d. damage
7. The roof collapsed under the weight of snow.  
a. fell in                      b. broke off                      c. pulled down                      d. put away

8. Severe thunderstorms are \_\_\_\_\_ for Tuesday night.  
a. missed                      b. brought                      c. forecasted                      d. damaged
9. Tidal waves are the result of an abrupt shift in the underwater movement of the earth.  
a. clear                      b. sudden                      c. impressive                      d. slight
10. The floods have killed hundreds and made thousands \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. homely                      b. homeland                      c. homeless                      d. homesick

**B. Use the correct form of the word given to complete each sentence.**

11. Our \_\_\_\_\_ turns out to be correct. (predict)
12. Volcanic eruptions are one of the most \_\_\_\_\_ natural disasters. (destroy)
13. The two teachers have different \_\_\_\_\_ of their students. (expect)
14. The most \_\_\_\_\_ earthquake in Japanese history damaged Tokyo and Yokohama. (disaster)
15. \_\_\_\_\_, the typhoon didn't cause any damage on the village. (luck)

**III. GRAMMAR AND STRUCTURE**

**A. Choose the word or phrase (a, b, c or d) that best fits the blank space in each sentence.**

1. Martin is a kind of person to \_\_\_\_\_ one can talk about anything.  
a. who                      b. whom                      c. that                      d. him
2. Darwin was devastated by Cyclone Tracy, \_\_\_\_\_ occurred in 1974.  
a. which                      b. that                      c. who                      d. whose
3. Electronic is a subject \_\_\_\_\_ I know very little.  
a. what                      b. that                      c. about that                      d. about which
4. The severe drought \_\_\_\_\_ occurred last summer ruined the corn crop.  
a. that is                      b. which it                      c. it                      d. that
5. Do you remember Mrs Lake, \_\_\_\_\_ taught us English?  
a. who                      b. whom                      c. that                      d. which
6. They live in a house \_\_\_\_\_ roof could collapse at any time.  
a. that                      b. its                      c. whose                      d. which
7. My father recently went back to the village \_\_\_\_\_ he was born.  
a. which                      b. that                      c. when                      d. where
8. Jane's sister, \_\_\_\_\_ we saw at the meeting, is an English teacher.  
a. that                      b. whom                      c. which                      d. Ø
9. A tornado touched down today in Kansas, \_\_\_\_\_ destruction to telephone lines.  
a. caused                      b. causing                      c. that caused                      d. it caused
10. The movie \_\_\_\_\_ last night was terrific.  
a. I went                      b. I went to it                      c. I went to                      d. to that I went
11. Monday is the day \_\_\_\_\_ we will come.  
a. which                      b. whose                      c. where                      d. when
12. The professor \_\_\_\_\_ course I am taking is excellent.  
a. whose                      b. which                      c. whom                      d. that
13. I didn't do well in the last test, \_\_\_\_\_ disappointed me.  
a. that                      b. which                      c. this                      d. it

**B. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that needs correcting.**

14. I really enjoyed the book that you told me to read it.  
A B C D
15. Last summer I have stayed on my uncle's farm, which is near Whitby.  
A B C D
16. Hurricane Andrew, that swept through southern Florida in 1992,  
A B  
killed 41 people and made thousands homeless.  
C D
17. Pompeii and Herculaneum, the Roman towns, were complete destroyed  
A B C  
when Mount Vesuvius erupted.  
D
18. That was the most disastrous earthquake in Japanese history, wasn't that?  
A B C D
19. A tsunami is a very large wave whose causes a lot of damage when it hits  
A B C D  
the land.
20. Although tornadoes have been observed on every continent, but most  
A B C D  
occur in the United States.

**IV. READING COMPREHENSION**

**A. Choose the one option (a, b, c or d) that best completes the passage.**

Japan is one of the world's most earthquake-prone countries and (1)\_\_\_\_\_ thousands of minor tremors each year. But the Kobe earthquake was one of the (2)\_\_\_\_\_ in the country's history - 6,433 people died. Nearly 27,000 people were injured, and more than 45,000 homes were (3)\_\_\_\_\_. The total cost of repairing the damage was estimated (4)\_\_\_\_\_ more than \$100 billion. Kobe struggled to (5)\_\_\_\_\_ the huge impact of the 1995 earthquake. New office blocks and malls were built to attract back the 50,000 people (6)\_\_\_\_\_ left after the quake.

Japanese scientists have since tried to improve (7)\_\_\_\_\_ of quakes, but seismology is an inexact science and it is extremely difficult to forecast when and where quakes will (8)\_\_\_\_\_.

- tremor (n): sự chấn động

- seismology (n): địa chấn học

- |                 |                |               |                |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. a. controls  | b. experiences | c. causes     | d. strikes     |
| 2. a. bad       | b. worse       | c. worst      | d. badest      |
| 3. a. destroyed | b. struck      | c. swept      | d. torn        |
| 4. a. to        | b. in          | c. at         | d. for         |
| 5. a. study     | b. create      | c. avoid      | d. overcome    |
| 6. a. who       | b. which       | c. where      | d. whose       |
| 7. a. predictor | b. prediction  | c. predictive | d. predictably |
| 8. a. erupt     | b. come        | c. reach      | d. occur       |

**B. Read the passage carefully, then choose the correct answers.**

**FLASH FLOOD KILLS SCORES OF MOROCCANS**

Casablanca, Sept. 24

UPI-A flash flood swept across the coastal plain about 100 miles southwest of here, killing a large number of villagers in a market place yesterday morning. Reporters from the area said 75 bodies had been counted, and dozens of people were missing.

The flood followed heavy rains which filled the coastal plain's dry creek beds to overflowing. The flood crest, several feet high, hit the village of Khemis Nagua at mid-morning yesterday as farmers from the surrounding area joined townsfolk in an open market place.

The roaring water swept the village's flimsy dwelling places, the market sheds, shoppers, cattle and farm implements for almost as soon as it started, the reporters said, as the crest swept out to sea. Rescue workers quickly moved into the area from Safi, about 25 miles further south.

- scores (n): rất nhiều    - crest (n): ngọn (sóng)    - flimsy (adj): dễ đổ

9. When did the flood occur?

- a. On the morning of Sept. 24.      b. On the afternoon of Sept. 24.  
c. On the morning of Sept. 23.      d. On the afternoon of Sept. 23.

10. In which country is the village which was flooded?

- a. Khemis Nagua    b. Casablanca    c. Safi      d. Morocco

11. What happened to the creek beds?

- a. They were swept for miles across the plains.  
b. The mattresses on them were ruined by the flood waters.  
c. They were flooded.  
d. They were swept out of the flimsy houses.

12. What happened to the crest of the flood water eventually?

- a. It went down the drain.      b. It went into the sea.  
c. It was evaporated by the sun.      d. It soaked into the ground.

13. What does **flash** mean in line 1 of the passage?

- a. sudden      b. severe      c. devastating      d. great

**V. SPEAKING**

**Choose the sentence or phrase (a, b, c, or d) that best fits the blank space.**

1. 'Hi, Bill. Congratulations!' '\_\_\_\_\_.'

- a. I'm sorry      b. Thank you      c. My pleasure      d. You're welcome

2. 'Thanks for doing that.' '\_\_\_\_\_.'

- a. It's a pleasure    b. Don't say that    c. Not at all      d. It's nice of you

3. '\_\_\_\_\_?' 'He's a secondary school teacher.'

- a. Who is your father      b. Where does your father work  
c. What does your father do      d. Is your father a teacher?

4. 'Excuse me! Where is the post office?' '\_\_\_\_\_.'

- a. Let me see      b. I'm not sure      c. Hold on, please      d. It's over there

## VI. WRITING

### A. Choose one sentence that has the same meaning as the root.

1. Despite the heavy snow, we got home on time.
  - a. It snowed heavily; therefore, we got home on time.
  - b. It snowed heavily. However, we got home on time.
  - c. We got home on time because it didn't snow heavily.
  - d. Due to the heavy storm, we didn't get home on time.
2. John Wayne, who is our next-door neighbor, is a lawyer.
  - a. John Wayne is our neighbor who lives next door to a lawyer.
  - b. John Wayne's house is between our house and a lawyer's house.
  - c. Our next door neighbors are John Wayne and a lawyer.
  - d. We live next door to a lawyer whose name is John Wayne.
3. Study harder or you won't pass the exam.
  - a. Only if you study harder, you will fail the exam.
  - b. Unless you study harder, you will pass the exam.
  - c. If you don't study harder, you will fail the exam.
  - d. If you don't pass the exam, you will have to study harder.
4. John has never eaten with chopsticks before.
  - a. John used to eat with chopsticks.
  - b. John doesn't like using chopsticks.
  - c. John doesn't know how to use chopsticks.
  - d. It's the first time John has eaten with chopsticks.

### B. Choose the phrases or sentences that best complete the sentences.

5. Claire can't ski, and \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. either can't Melanie
  - b. Melanie can neither
  - c. neither can Melanie
  - d. Melanie can't too
6. You should wash your hands \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. when you have meals
  - b. before you have meals
  - c. While you are having meals
  - d. since you have meals
7. Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. in which class is he
  - b. he is in which class
  - c. which class is he in
  - d. which class he is in
8. \_\_\_\_\_, go to the basement immediately.
  - a. If a tornado will come
  - b. Should a tornado come
  - c. As a tornado comes
  - d. Though a tornado comes

## TEST YOURSELF

### I. Choose the word which is pronounced differently from the others.

- |                          |                       |                      |                      |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. a. <u>ex</u> perience | b. <u>ex</u> pect     | c. <u>ex</u> cellent | d. <u>ex</u> tensive |
| 2. a. <u>re</u> ach      | b. <u>gr</u> eat      | c. <u>E</u> aster    | d. <u>se</u> ason    |
| 3. a. <u>weath</u> er    | b. <u>earth</u> quake | c. <u>anyth</u> ing  | d. <u>birth</u> day  |