

# Simple Present Continuous Tense (1)

(1) Dalam BI **Simple Present Continuous Tense** digunakan semasa bercakap dan menulis berkenaan satu perkara, satu perbuatan atau satu kejadian yang **TENGAH (atau SEDANG) BERLAKU atau DILAKUKAN SEKARANG**.

*The Simple Present Continuous Tense is used to talk about things that are **happening right now**.*

(2) Dalam BI, semasa bercakap (atau menulis) mengenai satu perbuatan atau satu kejadian, yang **sedang dilakukan atau berlaku sekarang** anda mesti gunakan "**be verb**" (**am, is, are**).

*To talk (and writing) about **right now** you have to use "**be verb**" (**am, is, are**).*

(3) Dalam **Simple Present Continuous Tense** anda mesti gunakan bentuk **Kata Kerja "Verb+ing"** selepas "**am**", "**is**" dan "**are**".

*In Simple Present Continuous Tense you use the "**verb+ing**" after the "**am, is and are**" (be verbs).*

(4) Ada **3 bentuk** dalam Simple Present continuous Tense:

*There are 3 forms in Simple Present Continuous Tense:*

(i)	Subject "I"	aux. verb 'be' ( <b>am</b> )	verb+ing
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Example: I **am** reading. (positive or affirmative) [ Saya **sedang** membaca (sekarang)]  
 I **am not** reading. (negative) [ Saya **tidak** membaca (sekarang).]  
 I **am** learning now. (positive or affirmative) [Saya **sedang** belajar **sekarang**]  
 I **am not** learning. (negative) [Saya **tidak** belajar (sekarang)]

(ii)	Subject "He, She, It", "Singular Nouns", "Uncountable Nouns"	aux. verb 'be' ( <b>is</b> )	verb+ing
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Example: She **is** reading. (positive or affirmative) [ Dia **sedang** membaca (sekarang)]  
 She **is not** reading. (negative) [ Dia **tidak** membaca (sekarang).]  
 He **is** learning now. (affirmative) [Dia **sedang** belajar **sekarang**]  
 It **is not** eating now (negative) [Ia **tidak** makan **sekarang**]  
 The water **is** boiling. (affirmative) [Air itu **sedang** melegak (sekarang)]

(ii)	Subject "We, They, You", "Plural Nouns"	aux. verb 'be' ( <b>are</b> )	verb+ing
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Example: You **are** reading. (positive or affirmative) [ Anda **sedang** membaca (sekarang)]  
 We **are not** reading. (negative) [Kami **tidak** membaca (sekarang).]  
 They **are** learning now. (positive) [Mereka **sedang** belajar **sekarang**.]  
 The boys **are not** learning. (negative) [Budak-budak itu **tidak** belajar. ]

## Simple Present Continuous Tense (2)

(5) Struktur satu ayat **Simple Present Continuous Tense** (positif) adalah seperti ini:

*The structure of Simple Present Tense sentence (affirmative) is like this below:*

Type	Subject	"be" Verb	"verb + ing+	
1	I	am	going reading playing talking watching jumping walking	the city now. a story book. badminton now. to my old friend. a movie. the fence. slowly.
2	He She It The boy(SN) Ali (SN) The water (UN)	is	boiling	now.
3	You We They The boys (PN) Ali and Abu (PN) The dogs (PN)	are	running learning walking  barking	to school. English. to school.  loudly.

Betulkan kesalahan-kesalahan di dalam ayat-ayat berikut:

*Fix the mistakes in the following sentences:*

- Jamilah reading a comic book right now.  
Jamilah ..... reading a comic book right now.
- They are eat dinner at their favourite restaurant right now.  
They ..... dinner at their favourite restaurant right now.
- I watching a movie right now, so please be quiet!  
..... watching a movie right now, so please be quiet!
- The baby is cry so loudly! So I can't do my homework!  
The baby is ..... so loudly! So I can't do my homework!
- Ramli walking to the park right now with his friend.  
Ramli ..... walking to the park right now with his friend.
- She talk with her friend in classroom.  
She ..... with her friend in classroom.

## Simple Present Continuous Tense (3)

Untuk bercakap berkenaan sesuatu yang sedang berlaku sekarang, anda mesti gunakan **Kata Kerja “be” (am, is, are)**:

*To talk about right now, you have to use a “be verb” (am, yang is, are):*

Type	Subject	“be” Verb	“verb + ing+”	
1	I	am	going reading	the city now. a story book.
2	He She It The boy(SN) Ali (SN) The water (UN)	is	playing talking watching jumping walking boiling	badminton now. to my old friend. a movie. the fence. slowly. now.
3	You We They The boys (PN) Ali and Abu (PN) The dogs (PN)	are	running learning walking quarelling barking	to school. English. to school. in class. loudly.

Isikan Kata Kerja “be” ke dalam ruang kosong untuk melengkapkan setiap ayat berikut:

**“be verb” in the blanks to complete each sentence:**

1. Jamilah ..... trying to climb a mountain.
2. Ali dan Yahya ..... making a pizza for dinner.
3. Johan ..... sitting on the floor right now.
4. I ..... playing tennis with my friends.
5. She ..... going to Antartica.
6. My sisters ..... sleeping right now, so be quite.
- 7, ..... you from Australia?
- 8.They ..... lucky to be alive!



## Simple Present Continuous Tense (4)

Apabila anda menambah “-ing” kepada satu **Kata Kerja**, anda mesti berjaga-jaga.

*When you add -ing to a verb, you have to be careful.*

1. Jika ejaan perkataan itu pendek dan mempunyai dengan huruf “t” dan “n” di hujung ejaannya, anda mesti gandakan huruf “t” atau “n” dalam perkataan itu dan kemudian baru tambah dengan “-ing”.

*If the verb short and ends with a consonant “t” or “n” (hit, run, set, get) you have to double the “t” or “n”, then add “-ing”.*

Examples: hit → hitting    run → running    set → setting    get → getting

2. Jika di hujung ejaan perkataan itu dengan konsonan “e” (make, share, write), anda perlu buang “e” itu, anda hanya gantikan dengan “ing” sahaja.

*If the verb ends in a consonant “e” (make, share, set, get), then you do not write the “e” when you add “ing”.*

Examples: make → making    share → sharing    write → writing

Add “ing” to the verbs below:

make .....

hit .....

play .....

share .....

dream .....

win .....

fit .....

bake .....

give .....

say .....

put .....

rain .....

do .....

cook .....

practice .....

watch .....

smile .....

listen .....

look .....

swim .....

wish .....

sell .....

sit .....

bet .....

eat .....

knit.....

## Simple Present Continuous Tense (5)

(5) **Simple Present Continuous Tense** digunakan untuk bercakap berkenaan dengan satu perkara atau perbuatan yang berlaku atau dilakukan **sekarang (iaitu waktu bercakap)**. Kata Kerja **Be Verb** (am, is, are) dan **selepasnya** diikuti dengan **verb + ing**.

*The **Simple Present Continuous Tense** is used to talk about things that **are happening** right now. To talk **right now**, the **Be Verb** (am,is, are) and a **verb + ing** is used.*

Type	Subject	"be" Verb	"verb + ing"	
1	I	am	going reading playing talking watching jumping walking	the city now. a story book. badminton now. too loudly. a movie. the fence. slowly.
2	He She It The boy(SN) Ali (SN) The water (UN)	is	boiling	now.
3	You We They The boys (PN) Ali and Abu (PN) The dogs (PN)	are	running learning walking  barking	to school. English. to school.  loudly.

Betulkan kesalahan-kesalahan di dalam ayat-ayat berikut:

*Fix the mistakes in the following sentences:*

1. Jamilah running a race            right now.

.....

2. I am going to school yesterday.

.....

3. Look outside! It ..... raining.

.....

4. My brothers is fighting, So I should tell my mother.

.....

5. We are study present continuous tense in English right now.

.....

## Simple Present Continuous Tense (6)

Adakah ayat di bawah **Simple Present Tense** atau **Present Continuous Tense**? Pilih kata kerja yang betul mengikut **Tense** dari setiap ayat dibawah.

***Simple Present Tense or Present Continuous Tense?** Choose the correct verb tense below to complete each sentence.*

1. Look! The cat ..... a mouse! (eats; is eating)
2. Jane and Lilly ..... to school every day. (go; are going)
3. Can you please be quiet? I ..... my homework. (write; am writing)
4. Sarah can't talk on the phone because she ..... (sleep; is sleeping)
5. Trees ..... water and sunlight. (need; are needing)
6. Melissa usually ..... piano after school. (practices; is practicing)
7. Rahman always ..... me a pencil. (lends; is lending)
8. Abu ..... , but he will finish soon. (runs; is running)
9. Look! Those two boys .....! (fight; are fighting)
10. We ..... Present Tense in English every Monday nights. (study; are studying)
11. He ..... at the corner of the classroom every Tuesday. (sits; is sitting)
12. My mother and father ..... about something very important now. (talk; are taking)

## Simple Present Continuous Tense (7)

(5) Betulkan kesalahan-kesalahan dalam setiap ayat **Present Continuous Tense** berikut.

*Fix the mistakes in the following **Present Continuous Tense** sentences.*

1. Jamal is hiting Abu.

.....

2. Those two boys is arguing with each other.

.....

3. What are your mother cooking for dinner?

.....

4. Sarah is wearring her new dress today.

.....

5. We are dreiving too fast!

.....

6. The cat sleeping on my bed.

.....

7. Please be quiet. We taking a test.

.....

8. Abu is run to school right now.

.....

9. Look! Those two boys fighting.

.....



## Simple Present Continuous Tense (8)

Tulis satu subjek di dalam tempat yang kosong untuk melengkapi setiap ayat **Present Continuous Tense** berikut:

*Write a subject in the blanks to complete each **Present Continuous Tense** sentence:*

- 1) ..... are playing in the park.
- 2) ..... is shaking!
- 3) ..... am watching an old movie.
- 4) ..... is looking for her watch.
- 5) ..... are wearing jackets.
- 6) ..... are sharing a book.
- 7) ..... is hunting birds.
- 8) ..... am writing my homework.
- 9) ..... is not wearing a helmet.
- 10) ..... are going to Japan.
- 11) ..... is reading a novel.
- 12) ..... are visiting their grandmother.



## Simple Present Continuous Tense (9)

Untuk menjadi Struktur satu ayat **Negatif** (Menapi), anda hanya perlu tulis (atau bercakap) **“not”** selepas Kata Kerja **“be”** (am, is, are).

*To make a **Negative** sentence, just add “not” after the “be verb”:*

Type	Subject	“be” Verb	“verb + ing+”	
1	I	<b>am not</b>	going reading playing talking watching jumping walking	the city now. a story book. badminton now. to my old friend. a movie. the fence. slowly.
2	He She It The boy(SN) Ali (SN) The water (UN)	<b>is not (isn’t)</b>	boiling	now.
3	You We They The boys (PN) Ali and Abu (PN) The dogs (PN)	<b>are not (aren’t)</b>	running learning walking  barking	to school. English. to school.  loudly.

Lengkapkan ayat-ayat dibawah dan gunakan perkataan **“not”** untuk menjadikan setiap Ayat itu **Negatif** :

*Complete the sentences below and use “not” to make them negative:*

1. Jamilah ..... badminton because she is sick.
2. They .....TV because they are in trouble.
3. He ..... fast because he is sick.
4. I ..... my homework right now.
5. Labu and Labi ..... lunch at the school canteen.
6. She ..... with her friends right now..