ΘΕΜΑ 1. ΚΑΤΑΝΟΗΣΗ ΓΡΑΠΤΟΥ ΛΟΓΟΥ

Read the text and choose the correct option (A, B or C) for items 1-10.



New technologies always cause generational panic, which usually has more to do with adult fears than with the lives of teenagers. In the 1930s, parents worried that radio was gaining "an invincible hold of their children". In the 1980s, the great danger was the Sony Walkman. However, when you look at today's digital activity, the facts are much more positive than you might expect. Indeed, social scientists **who** study young people have found that their digital use can be inventive and even beneficial. This is true not just in terms of their social lives, but their education too. So if you use a ton of social media, do you become unable or unwilling to engage in face-to-face contact? Research has found that the most avid texters are also the kids most likely to spend time with friends in person. One form of socialising doesn't replace the other. It adds to it. Kids still spend time face to face. Indeed, as they get older and are given more freedom, they often ease up on social networking. Early on, the web is their "third space", but by the late teens, it's replaced in reaction to greater autonomy. As they gain experience with living online, they begin to adjust their behaviour, wrestling with new communication skills, as they do in the real world. Parents are wrong to worry that kids don't care about privacy. In fact, they spend hours adjusting their Facebook settings or using quick-delete sharing tools, such as Snapchat, to minimise **their** traces.

(Words: 252)

1. The aim of this text is to

A. persuade teenagers to spend less time on social media. **B.** inform us about teenagers' digital activity today. **C.** advise parents on how to help their children socialize.

2. The writer mentions the Sony Walkman in order to

A. show what technological devices were fashionable in the 1980s. **B.** give an example of parents' fears about new technological devices. **C.** compare the technological devices of the past with gadgets available nowadays.

3. The writer implies that

A. parents should not worry about new technologies so much. **B.** parents had to face greater dangers in the past. **C.** adults are responsible for teenagers' lives.

4. In the second paragraph the underlined word **"who"** refers to

A. young people. **B.** social scientists. **C.** adults.

5. Scientists have found that teenagers' digital activity could make them

A. unwilling to study. **B.** shy in face-to-face contact. **C.** friendlier and more sociable.

6. According to a study, the children who usually meet their friends in person

A. avoid using the social media. **B.** cannot make new friends. **C.** also use the social media.

7. As kids get older, they

A. want to be more independent. **B.** prefer meeting their friends online. **C.** use social networking sites more frequently.

8. As teenagers spend more time on digital leisure activities,

A. it is more difficult for them to change their everyday lifestyle. **B.** they may develop new ways of communication. **C.** they cannot face the difficulties of the real world.

9. The writer of the text believes that

A. parents need to worry about their kids' digital privacy. **B.** parents should advise their children on internet privacy. **C.** teenagers can protect their digital privacy when online.

10. The underlined word "**their**" refers to

A. kids. **B.** parents. **C.** tools.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

ΘΕΜΑ 2ο. ΛΕΞΙΚΟΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΙΚΗ

Fill each gap in sentences 11-20 with the correct option from the box below (A-J). Use each option only once.

A.	late	**B.**	social	**C.**	real	**D.**	beneficial	**E.**	great
F.	unwilling	**G.**	positive	**H.**	wrong	**I.**	likely	**J.**	digital

11.	Spending some time in the countryside will be _____ to his health; he needs to breathe some fresh air and get away from it all.
12.	I had a very active _____ life when I was at college; I couldn't stop going to parties and making new friends every weekend!
13.	It is _____ that the suspects have left the country by now.
14.	The little boy was _____ to leave because he was having such a good time at the party.
15.	You are _____ in thinking that Matt is from the States - he's Canadian.
16.	There was a very _____ response to our new project proposal; people seemed very pleased with it.
17.	You'll be _____for your flight if you don't hurry up!
18.	There was a _____ deal of excitement in the classroom before the Christmas bazaar.
19.	The _____ revolution has made it much easier for us to work from home but we might end up working online all day long.
20.	No, it wasn't a dream. It was _____! A stranger was standing outside my window a minute ago!

LIVEWORKSHEETS