

Animal Facts

Complete the **FACTS** about zebras, giraffes, elephants, tigers and flamingos with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Examples:

-Person "they" ---> no S in the verb.

-Person "it" -----> add **S** to the verb.



Affirmative sentences: +

live

Meerkats **(live)** in the desert.
(= They)

eats

The meerkat **(eat)** insects.
(= It)

stands

A meerkat usually **(stand)** guard to warn other meerkats of
predators nearby.
(= It)

Negative sentences: ⊖

don't sleep

Meerkats **(not sleep)** in the open air. They sleep underground.
(= They)

doesn't have

The meerkat **(not have)** claws with three digits. It has claws with four digits.
(= It)

-They + DON'T + verb...

-It + DOESN'T + verb...

1)



black and white stripes

+ Zebras **(eat)** grass and plants.

+ The zebra **(have)** black and white stripes.

⊖ A zebra **(not live)** alone. It lives in a large group called "herd".

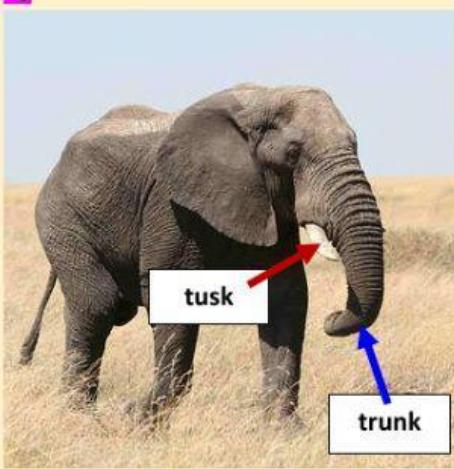
⊖ Zebras **(not live)** in cold climates.

2)



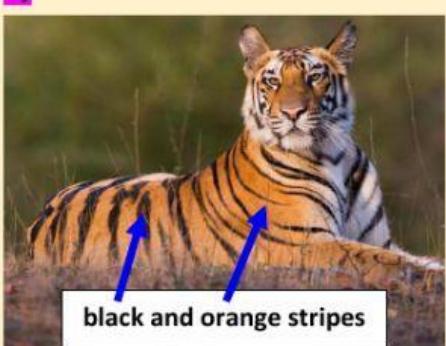
- ⊕ Giraffes (have) long necks and long legs.
- ⊕ The giraffe is a mammal, so it (feed) milk to its babies.
- ⊕ A giraffe usually (sleep) standing up. It doesn't lie down on the ground.
- ⊖ Giraffes are herbivores, so they (not eat) meat.

3)



- ⊕ Elephants are heavy animals. They need a lot of food: 225 kilos of vegetation every day!! They (spend) almost all day eating!
- ⊕ An elephant (use) its trunk to pick up food and put it in its mouth.
- There are two types of elephants:
- ⊕ The African elephant (have) tusks.
- ⊖ The Asian elephant (not have) tusks.

4)



- ⊕ Tigers are carnivores, so they (eat) meat.
- ⊕ Tigers usually (hunt) by night.
- ⊕ A tiger usually (attack) other animals from behind.
- ⊖ A tiger (not live) in groups. It lives alone.

⊖

But baby tigers, called "cubs", (not live) alone! They live with their mother until they are 2 years old.

5)



- ⊕ Flamingos are omnivores. They (eat) shrimps, mollusks, insects and algae.
- ⊕ The flamingo (become) pink because of the food it eats. It is not born pink.
- ⊖ A flamingo (not live) alone. It lives in large groups called *colonies*.