

**Đề cương giữa kì 2 E7 –Thạch Bàn (phần 3)**

**PHONETICS**

**EX1. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.**

- |                      |                    |                     |                     |
|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>fe</u> ast  | B. <u>gre</u> asy  | C. <u>gr</u> eat    | D. <u>se</u> asonal |
| 2. A. <u>g</u> ame   | B. <u>f</u> amous  | C. <u>di</u> stance | D. <u>l</u> ocate   |
| 3. A. <u>e</u> njoys | B. <u>pre</u> pare | C. <u>a</u> ttends  | D. <u>r</u> eports  |

**EX2. Choose the word that has a different stress pattern from the others.**

- |                |            |           |           |
|----------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. A. obey     | B. enter   | C. answer | D. listen |
| 2. A. station  | B. healthy | C. safety | D. asleep |
| 3. A. describe | B. hotel   | C. money  | D. prefer |

**VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR**

**EX1. Choose the correct answer to complete each following sentence by circling A, B, C or D.**

1. It is ..... to watch elephants racing in Dak Lak in the festival  
A. amazing                      B. amazed                      C. amaze                      D. amazement
2. Various ..... and cultural activities are held in Da Lat in the Flower Festival  
A. art                              B. artistic                      C. artist                      D. arts
3. The festival ..... annually at the end of August.  
A. occurs                      B. holds                      C. takes place                      D. are held
4. Burning Man is a ..... festival held at the end of August.  
A. music                      B. musical                      C. musician                      D. musicians
5. - “..... are you going to Phu Yen?” - “To attend Hoi Mua Festival.  
A. How                      B. What                      C. When                      D. Why
6. .... the film was gripping, Tom slept from beginning to end.  
A. Therefore                      B. Despite                      C. However                      D. Although
7. Because my school is close to my house, I go to school on.....  
A. foot                      B. bike                      C. car                      D. bus
8. If you do not have....., you will not be able to drive on the road.  
A. helmet                      B. driving license                      C. mask                      D. warm clothes
9. A lot of..... activities are held as part of the Flower Festival in Da Lat.  
A. artistic                      B. artist                      C. art                      D. artefact
10. .... is Burning Festival held? - It's held every year.  
A. Which                      B. How                      C. What                      D. How often
11. Vin Diesel .....in many action films, including The Fast and Furious series.  
A. starred                      B. made                      C. produced                      D. directed
12. “What .....of film is the Matrix?” – “Science fiction”.  
A. ranking                      B. plot                      C. review                      D. kind
13. A ..... is a part of a road that only bicycles are allowed to use.  
A. cycle cross                      B. cycle lane                      C. cycle line                      D. cycle race
14. The special effects in Jurassic Park are..... ! The dinosaurs look so real and alive  
A. Visible                      B. incredible                      C. terrible                      D. believable

**15. Day of the Dead is celebrated..... November 1st in Mexico.**

- A. on                      B. in                      C. at                      D. during

**EX2. Find a mistake in each sentence below**

**1. The film was so boring. Although, I saw it from beginning to end.**

- A. boring                      B. Although                      C. saw                      D. beginning

**2. They were disappointing with the result of the game.**

- A. were                      B. disappointing                      C. with                      D. of

**3. Despite the weather was very bad, we had a picnic.**

- A. Despite                      B. was                      C. bad                      D. had

**EVERYDAY ENGLISH:**

**1. "Could I ask you a few question about your favorite movies?" .....**

- A. That sound good.                      C. Sure. Go ahead  
B. Not a bad idea                      D. But I don't want to.

**2. "How about going to the cinema tonight?" – " ....."**

- A. I'm not sure about that.                      B. Great idea!  
C. I'm so happy to hear that                      C. That's right.

**3. "Why don't we eat out this evening?" – " ....."**

- A. I don't like it.                      B. OK. See you.  
C. Sounds good!                      C. Not at all.

**READING.**

**\* Read the following passages carefully and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each of the gap.**

The festival of Diwali is one of the most important (1)\_\_\_\_\_ festivals in India. It lasts for five days around the end (2)\_\_\_\_\_ October. It is the festival of Lakshimi, the Goddess who, in the Hindu religion, brings peace and propriety. Preparations for the festival begin several weeks (3)\_\_\_\_\_ the festival. People clean and (4)\_\_\_\_\_ their homes, prepare special food and buy new clothes and jewelry to welcome the Goddess in their homes. All over India, people light up their homes with oil lamps and colourful lights. The celebrations (5)\_\_\_\_\_ place on the darkest night of the lunar month, Amavasya. In the evening, fireworks fill the sky to make Diwali a true "Festival of Light"

- |                  |             |              |                  |
|------------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|
| 1. A. seasonal   | B. religion | C. religious | D. superstitious |
| 2. A. at         | B. of       | C. in        | D. on            |
| 3. A. before     | B. after    | C. of        | D. among         |
| 4. A. decorating | B. decorate | C. decorated | D. decorates     |
| 5. A. go         | B. bring    | C. take      | D. hold          |

**\* Read the text and then choose the best answer A, B, C or D.**

Large cities often have problems that small towns and rural areas do not have. Two of the biggest problems are heavy traffic and the pollution that cars create. Of course. Traffic problems and pollution are not only found in big cities. However, the higher populations and larger number of cars on the roads in cities can make the problems



happen more often and with more noticeable effects. One of the most common traffic problems the large cities have is congestion. As the population of a city increases, so does the number of cars on the road. Cities cannot always improve the number and size of their roads and highways to keep up with the number of cars. The result is traffic congestion, or traffic jams. When traffic jams happen, cars that are stuck in the congestion continue to run their engines. This creates pollution and is a big problem. Pollution causes health problems for the people in cities and also hurts the environment.

**1. Where do traffic problems and pollution frequently happen?**

a. small towns b. rural areas c. big cities d. remote villages

**2. According to the passage, what causes traffic congestion in big cities?**

a. A lot of city dwellers b. Too many cars on the roads  
c. Careless drivers d. Less traffic signs on the streets

**3. The high number of cars is caused by \_\_\_\_\_**

a. urban planning b. traffic congestion  
c. environmental pollution d. the population

**4. Which of the followings is NOT true?**

a. Only big cities have the problem of pollution.  
b. Traffic jams cause pollution  
c. Pollution is a major problem in big cities.  
d. Pollution causes health and environmental problems.

**WRITING:**

**EX1. Choose the sentence which is closest in meaning to the sentence above.**

**1. *We arrived too late to catch the bus.***

A. We didn't arrive early enough to catch the bus.  
B. We didn't arrive enough early to catch the bus.  
C. We arrived early enough to catch the bus.  
D. We arrived enough early to catch the bus.

**2. *They last went to school by bike two years ago.***

A. They have gone to school by bike for two years.  
B. They have gone to school by bike two years ago.  
C. They haven't gone to school by bike for two years.  
D. They haven't gone to school by bike two years ago.

**3. *I often got up early when I was younger.***

A. I am used to get up early. B. I am used to getting up early.  
C. I used to getting up early. D. I used to get up early.

**EX2. Choose the best sentence that can be made from the cues given.**

**1. My father used/ go/ work/ bicycle.**

A. My father used go to work by bicycle.  
B. My father used to go work by bicycle.  
C. My father used to go to work bicycle.  
D. My father used to go to work by bicycle.

**2. It/ important/ us/ learn/ use/ roads properly/ safely.**

- A. It is important for us to learn to use the roads properly and safely.
- B. It is important to us to learn use the roads properly and safely.
- C. It is important for us to learn use the roads properly safely.
- D. It is important to us to learn to use the roads properly and safely.

**3. We/ obey/ traffic rules.**

- |                                      |                                    |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| A. We should obey all traffic rules. | B. We must obey all traffic rules. |
| C. We need obey some traffic rules.  | D. We can obey all traffic rules.  |