



UNIT 12: LIFE ON OTHER PLANETS

VOCABULARY

I. Which word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others?

1. A. wharf	B. place	C. <u>volcano</u>	D. plane
2. A. fisherman	B. ticket	C. <u>prisoner</u>	D. <u>over</u>
3. A. <u>hotel</u>	B. <u>postcard</u>	C. <u>shore</u>	D. <u>cold</u>
4. A. <u>included</u>	B. <u>called</u>	C. <u>phoned</u>	D. <u>arrived</u>
5. A. <u>much</u>	B. <u>teacher</u>	C. <u>beach</u>	D. <u>brochure</u>

II. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

1. People will take _____ of robots to do household chores.
A. chance B. condition C. advantage D. success
2. Many people think that robots will make workers _____.
A. employed B. unemployed C. no job D. the jobless
3. It is certain that robots will _____ the quality of our lives.
A. improve B. rise C. life D. develop
4. With healthier _____ and better medical _____ people will have a longer life expectancy.
A. ways-care B. lifestyles -care
C. life - cares D. lifestyles - medicine
5. Many people think the cyberworld will _____ the real world.
A. take B. provide C. take place D. replace
6. The invention of penicillin is very useful because it has _____ lots of lives.
A. lost B. brought C. saved D. solved
7. It is said that in a couple of decades, we _____ telepathy and holography.
A. use B. will be used C. have used D. will be using
8. Mars is named _____ the Roman God of war.
A. to B. about C. after D. under
9. By 2050 we _____ in smart homes.
A. will live B. will be lived C. will have lived D. are living
10. The Earth seems too small to _____ the increasingly population.
A. provide B. accommodate C. supply D. stand

III. Complete the sentences, using the suffix -ful or -less with the words given in brackets.

1. The man does not take care. He is _____. **(care)**
2. The picture has many colours. It is very _____. **(colour)**
3. We enjoyed the party. It was very _____. **(joy)**
4. She did not show any fear. She was _____. **(fear)**
5. The pan is very hot. She must be _____. **(care)**
6. He does not have any friends. He is _____. **(friend)**
7. He always has a big smile. He is always _____. **(cheer)**
8. Now she is very tired, because she spent a _____ night. **(rest)**
9. That old man has a bad memory. He is _____. **(forget)**
10. He does not care about his actions. He is often _____. **(thought)**
11. We have made a lot of progress this school year. We have had another _____ year. **(success)**
12. You should throw this pen away. It is _____. **(use)**

IV. Read the passage and fill in the blank with the correct words.

Most American television programmes (1) _____ produced in Hollywood. Each year, proposals (2) _____ new television serials are submitted to network executives for (3) _____. Only a few are accepted often those linked (4) _____ a highly successful performer or producer.

The (5) _____ phase is the writing of scripts. These scripts are reviewed (6) _____ the network and a small (7) _____ is selected to be (8) _____ into pilot programmes if the programming executives like a pilot programme or it (9) _____ good rating in a trial telecast, the pilot eventually gets produced as a regularly scheduled (10) _____.

V. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

Computers are helpful (1) ____ many ways. First, they are fast. They can work with information even (2) ____ quickly than a person. Second, computers can work with a lot of information at the same time. Third, they can (3) ____ information for a long time. They do not forget things that the common people do. (4) ___, computers are almost always correct. They are not perfect, but they usually do not (5) ____ mistakes.

Recently, it is important (6) ____ about computers. There are a number of things to learn. Some companies have (7) ____ at work. In addition, most diversities (8) ____ day and night courses in Computer Science. Another way to learn is from a book, or

from a friend. After a few hours of practice, you can (9) _____ with computers. You may not be an expert, but you can have (10) _____.

1. A. at	B. on	C. in	D. over
2. A. more	B. rather	C. much	D. less
3. A. hold	B. keep	C. stay	D. carry
4. A. Moreover	B. However	C. Therefore	D. Nevertheless
5. A. do	B. make	C. have	D. take
6. A. know	B. knowing	C. to know	D. knew
7. A. discussions	B. meetings	C. schools	D. classes
8. A. send	B. spend	C. bring	D. offer
9. A. work	B. make	C. use	D. take
10. A. for fun	B. funny	C. enjoy	D. fun

**VI. Read the following passages, and decide if the sentences are T (True) or F (False).
Correct the false ones.**

The International Space Station – the manned satellite - has constantly circled the Earth in low orbit up to now. Since the first permanent crew moved in on 2 November 2000, 220 people representing 17 countries have come and gone. Most of those astronauts have been Americans on the space shuttle flights to deliver the equipment, food and other supplies.

Russia has sent the second largest number of people, with Canada and Japan tied for third. At least one American and one Russian have been on board at all times.

The ISS orbits 240 miles above the planet at 17,150 mph and can often be seen by the naked eye. The complex has grown from three to 13 rooms and the current structure has a mass of nearly 450 tons. More than 26,500 meals have been served, 1,760 experiments carried out and 189 spacewalks undertaken, according to NASA. The 189 spacewalks have been undertaken to build and maintain the space station.

The most important experiment, according to Commander Scott Kelly, was about keeping humans alive in space.

NASA administrator, Charles Bolden, called the 15-year milestone in 2015 "a remarkable moment". He added, "It has taught us about what's possible when tens of thousands of people across 15 countries work together with the shared goals."

1. The International Space Station started working on 2 November 2000. _____
2. People of different nationalities have worked on the ISS. _____
3. American astronauts flew on the space shuttles to bring supplies to the ISS. _____
4. The ISS orbits high above the Earth and can only be seen through telescopes. _____
5. The space station travels around the Earth at the speed of light. _____
6. The astronauts have to walk outside space to maintain the space station. _____

7. The most important experiment done by the ISS was about keeping humans lively in space. _____

8. The achievements of the ISS are to make thousands of people in many countries collaborate with the same purposes. _____

VII. Mark letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence.

1. Despite the fact that it was snowing, I didn't feel cold.

- A. In spite of the snow, I felt quite cold.
- B. In spite of feeling warm, it was snowing.
- C. Although it was snowing, I didn't feel cold.
- D. Although I didn't feel cold, it was snowing.

2. People say that prevention is better than cure.

- A. That prevention is said is better than cure.
- B. It is said that prevention is better than cure.
- C. Prevention is better than cure is said by people.
- D. Prevention says to be better than cure.

3. He said, "If I have a pen, I can write the answers".

- A. He said if he had a pen, he could write the answers.
- B. He told me to give him a pen to write the answers.
- C. He could write the answers because he had my pen.
- D. I could write the answers if he gave me his pen.

4. The woman was too weak to lift the suitcase.

- A. Although she was very weak, she could lift the suitcase.
- B. The woman shouldn't lift the suitcase because she was so weak.
- C. The woman lifted the suitcase, so she wasn't very weak.
- D. She was so weak that she couldn't lift the suitcase.

5. People must not leave bicycles in the hall.

- A. Bicycles must not be left in the hall.
- B. Bicycles in the hall must not be left.
- C. Bicycles in the hall must not be left.
- D. Bicycles must not be left in the hall.

6. If the homework is difficult, I will ask you for help.

- A. Unless the homework is easy, I will ask you for help.
- B. Unless the homework is difficult, I will ask you for help.
- C. Unless the homework is easy, I won't ask you for help.
- D. Unless the homework isn't difficult, I won't ask you for help.

7. That expression on his face has some meaning.

- A. That expression on his face is meaningless.
- B. That expression on his face means.

- C. That expression on his face is mean.
- D. That expression on his face is meaningful.

8. Bad habits can do harm to our health.

- A. Bad habits cannot be harmful to our health.
- B. Bad habits can be harmful to our health.
- C. Bad habits can be harmless to our health.
- D. Bad habits can be harmful with our health.

VIII. Complete the reported yes/no questions.

1. 'May I ask you a few questions?'

The woman asked John _____.

2. 'Have you done your project about space exploration?'

The teacher asked me _____.

3. 'Will we be able to live on Mars in 2050?'

Debbie asked her father _____.

4. 'Are you having a barbecue tonight?'

I asked the Browns _____.

5. 'Do you like sci-fi films that feature extraterrestrial life?'

Jane asked Tom _____.

IX. Complete the reported wh- questions.

1. 'Where will we live in 20 years' time?'

Jane asked me _____.

2. 'How was your trip to Toronto?'

I asked Peter _____.

3. 'Why didn't Judy wait for fireballs last night?'

Sue asked _____.

4. 'How many planets are there in the solar System?'

The teacher asked us _____.

5. 'How many days does it take to get to Mars from Earth?'

Elliot wanted to know _____.

THE END