## SCIENCE REVIEW IN FORMS OF ENERGY

Choose the correct answer.

1. Energy that makes object move.					
a. en	ergy in motion	b. work			
2. The amount of electricity in matter.					
a. el	ectric charge	b. electric current			
3. The part of an atom that has positive electric charge.					
a. pr	oton	b. nucleus			
4. The part of an atom that has negative electric charge.					
a. ne	eutron	b. electron			
5. It is produced when electron flows smoothly in a path.					
a. ele	ectric current	b. electric charge			
6. The path where electric current flows.					
a. ste	eel	b. circuit			
7. Any object that attracts steels and iron.					
a. mo	agnet	b. friction			
8. The force surrounding a magnet.					
a. ele	ectromagnet	b. magnetism			



9. Magnetism is strongest at the end parts of a magnet called					
a. poles	b. center				
<ol><li>10. It is a coil of wire through it.</li></ol>	e that becomes magn	etic when electricity flows			
a. electromagne	et b. magnetis	sm			
11. Light travels in a straight line called					
a. shine	b. rays				
12. A natural source of heat and light.					
a. sun	b. flashlight				
13. When light is absorbed, it transform into					
a. heat	b. energy				
14. A material that does not allow light to pass through.					
a. transparent	b. translucent	c. opaque			
15. A material that allows much light to pass through.					
a. transparent	b. translucent	c. opaque			
16. A material that allows a small light to pass through.					
a, transparent	b. translucent	c. opgave			



17. Measuring how fast particles of matter move means measuring its							
	a. hotness	b. coldness	c. temperature				
18. A transparent object specially shaped to control light is a							
	a. glass	b. prism	c. shape				
19.	19. When light rays pass on two different objects along the same direction,						
it can be							
	a. shadow	b. reflected	c. refracted				
20. Light that bounces off material.							
	a. shadow	b. reflected	c. refracted				
21. a reflected sound							
	a. waves	b. echo	c. rays				
22. The loudness and softness of sound							
	a. volume	b. sound	c. pitch				
23. the highness and lowness of sound							
	a. sound	b. pitch	c. volume				
24. It is produced by fast vibration.							
	a. high pitch	b. low pitch					



25. It is produced by slow vibration					
a. high pitch	b. low pitch				
26. It is people's ability to produced sound					
a. sign language	b. talking	c. hearing			
27. People who cannot hear use this form of communication					
a. sign language	b. hearing	c. talking			
28. It is using an echo to find something.					
a. vibration	b. echolocation	c. wave			
29. Energy produced by a vibrating object.					
a. sound	b. light	c. heat			
30. How sound travels?					
a. vibration	b. wave	c. echo			

