

**PRONUNCIATION**

1: A. thank      B. theoretical      C. though      D. thoughtless  
 2: A. neighbor      B. leisure      C. vein      D. reign

**STRESS**

3: A. purchase      B. deter      C. museum      D. police  
 4: A. ability      B. temporary      C. official      D. apologize

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

5: Those who do not exercise at all are more \_\_\_\_\_ to falling ill.  
 A. prone      B. open      C. immune      D. ready

6: Email and instant messaging services have \_\_\_\_\_ global communication.  
 A. revolutionized      B. revolutionary      C. revolution      D. revolutionarily

7: \_\_\_\_\_ the age of 21, he was able to gamble in Las Vegas.  
 A. When reached      B. Upon reaching      C. Reached      D. As reaching

8: \_\_\_\_\_ Pacific is by far \_\_\_\_\_ largest of the world's ocean basins  
 A. The- X      B. The- the      C. X- X      D. X- the

9: Katie O'Donovan, public policy manager at Google UK, said the company had shown its \_\_\_\_\_ to protecting children by developing its resources.  
 A. interest      B. keenness      C. enthusiasm      D. commitment

10: After her husband did the leaving, the widow was \_\_\_\_\_ and managed to bring home the bacon.  
 A. on the ball      B. on the fence      C. on the breadline      D. on the house

11: Only after she \_\_\_\_\_ from a severe illness did she realize the importance of good health.  
 A. would recover      B. has recovered      C. had recovered      D. was recovering

12: \_\_\_\_\_ New York is not the capital of the USA, it is the home of the United Nations.  
 A. Because      B. Although      C. Otherwise      D. In spite of

13: There was plenty of time. She \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. mustn't have hurried      B. must not hurry      C. needn't have hurried      D. couldn't have hurried

14: The presenter started his speech with a few \_\_\_\_\_ jokes to build rapport with the audience.  
 A. whole-hearted      B. light-hearted      C. soft-hearted      D. kind-hearted

15: John asked me \_\_\_\_\_ that film the night before.  
 A. if had I seen      B. if I had seen      C. had I seen      D. that I saw

16: The price of petrol \_\_\_\_\_ dramatically for the last few days.  
 A. has risen      B. has been risen      C. raised      D. has raised

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to show the underline part that needs correction**

17: The fish (A) are dead (B) because of contaminants from the (C) local chemical factory (D) have been released into the river.

18: (A) The Oscars award ceremony is one of the (B) famous ceremonies in the world, and is (C) watched lively on TV (D) in over 200 countries.

19: The tour of the palace (A) included a visit to the old kitchen where they (B) were baking bread and the huge underground wine cellar which (C) was containing thousands of bottles and (D) felt like a prisoner.

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word of phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning**

20: The US troops are using much more sophisticated weapons in the Far East.  
 A. advanced      B. expensive      C. complicated      D. simple

21: Moving to a new town brought about many changes in his life.

A. Refrain from      B. speeded up      C. resulted in      D. resulted from

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word or phrase that is **OPPOSITE** in meaning**

22: The manager in this company is always courteous to customers.

A. gentle      B. disappointed      C. impolite      D. optimistic

23: She went broke, so she had to do any work for chicken feed

A. High salary      B. low salary      C. satisfactory salary      D. disappointing salary

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the exchanges.**

24: - "Thanks for inviting me to dinner." - "\_\_\_\_\_"

A. Don't worry about it.      B. Take it easy. Cheer up.  
C. There is no need to say that.      D. You are welcome. Come in and make yourself at home.

25: - "Are you thinking of flying business class?" - "\_\_\_\_\_"

A. No, I'm just on business.      B. No, economy.  
C. No, I'd like an aisle seat.      D. I'm flying there to attend a party

**Read and mark the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

After a busy day of work and play, the body needs to rest. Sleep is necessary for good health.

During this time, the body recovers from the (26)\_\_\_\_\_ of the previous day. The rest that you get while sleeping enables your body to prepare itself for the next day.

There are four levels of sleep, each being a little (27)\_\_\_\_\_ than the one before. As you sleep, your muscles relax little by little. Your heart beats more slowly, and your brain slows down. After you (28)\_\_\_\_\_ the fourth level, your body shifts back and forth from one level of sleep to the other.

Although your mind slows down, you will dream from time to time. Scientists who study sleep state that when dreaming (29)\_\_\_\_\_, your eyeballs begin to move more quickly. This stage of sleep is called REM, which stands for Rapid Eye Movement.

If you have trouble falling asleep, some people recommend breathing very slowly and deeply. Other people believe that drinking warm milk will make you (30)\_\_\_\_\_. There is also an old suggestion that counting sheep will put you to sleep!

26: A. actions      B. activities      C. acts      D. activeness

27: A. higher      B. shorter      C. deeper      D. lighter

28: A. reach      B. attain      C. arrive      D. achieve

29: A. exists      B. occurs      C. survives      D. appears

30: A. dizzy      B. drowsy      C. tired      D. awake

**Read and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions. (71)**

Jennie spent her early years in Shanghai before moving to Beijing with her family. Her father died abruptly when she was ten years old, leaving her mother to raise and maintain their family on her own. Her mother was soon forced to work outside the home to support the family, and Jennie, as the oldest, was forced to assist with the care of her younger siblings. Despite having a lot of responsibilities at home, Jean loved school and was a good student. In 1963, she graduated 10th in her class from Beijing High School.

While still in high school, Jennie met a young man named Charles, at a dance in Beijing; and they were quite **taken with** each other. Over the next few years, their love for each other blossomed and they were married on February 24, 1964, while Jennie was still in school. At the time, Charles was serving his country in the military, and had come home on leave to marry his sweetheart. Unfortunately, shortly

thereafter, he was sent overseas to serve in Korea for the next fifteen months.

Upon his discharge, the couple settled into married life together. To help **make ends meet**, Jennie went to work at the collection bureau for a while, before taking a job at the cheese company in Beijing. In 1975, Chuck and Jean were overjoyed with the birth of their son, Charles, who brought great joy into their lives. Jennie remembered how her mother was always gone so much working after her father died and she did not want that for her son, so she left her job to devote herself to the role of a mother.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning.

**38:** *Some of the people can't find a seat in the concert hall.*

- A. There weren't enough seats for all the people in the concert hall.
- B. There weren't enough seats even for some people in the concert hall.
- C. There were enough seats for some people in the concert hall.
- D. There are some people without a seat in the concert hall.

### 39: *That car isn't beyond my means.*

A. I am really interested in that car.  
B. That car is too expensive for me to buy.  
C. That car is cheap enough for me to buy.  
D. I really do not like that car.

**40:** *If we had missed the flight, we wouldn't be on the beach now.*

- A. We missed the flight and now we are not on the beach.
- B. We missed the flight but we are now on the beach.
- C. We were on the beach and now we don't miss the flight.
- D. We didn't miss the flight and we are on the beach now.

**Read and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

Probably the most important factor governing the severity of forest fires is weather. Hot, dry weather lowers the moisture content of fuels. Once a fire has started, wind is extremely critical because it influences the oxygen supply and the rate of spread. Forest type and forest conditions are also important factors. For example, fire is more likely to occur in conifers than in hardwoods; slash-covered or brushy areas are especially hazardous because the rate at which combustion consumes fuel is proportional to fuel volume and surface area.



Some fires are caused by lightning; others are caused by people.

Those caused by people may be accidental or intentional (incendiary). The causes of fire in the United States show large regional differences. In the Rocky Mountains more than 70 percent of the fires are caused by lightning, while incendiary fires amount to only about 1 percent. In contrast, more than 40 percent of the fires in the South are incendiary, whereas lightning causes only 1 percent.

**41:** What is the main idea of this reading?

- A. Forest fire
- B. Conditions and reasons for forest fire
- C. Fuel combustion in the forest
- D. Human- the main culprit for forest fire

**42.** The word “governing” is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_

- A. determining
- B. ruling
- C. gaining
- D. predicting

**43.** The word “those” referred to \_\_\_\_\_

- A. lightning
- B. people
- C. fires
- D. causes

**44.** It can be concluded from the second passage that \_\_\_\_\_

- A. there are not many people living in the Rocky Mountains
- B. there are more fires in hardwood forests than in pine forests.
- C. winter is the worst season for fires.
- D. causes of fires vary from region to region.

**45.** The paragraph following this passage would most likely be about \_\_\_\_\_

- A. the causes of hot and dry weather
- B. the various uses of hardwoods
- C. methods of controlling fires
- D. the geographical differences between the Rocky Mountains and the southern states

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines**

**46.** Electronic devices are bad for your eyes. Their radiation is very harmful.

- A. Electronic devices that their radiation is very harmful are bad for your eyes.
- B. Electronic devices which their radiation is very harmful are bad for your eyes.
- C. Electronic devices, whose radiation is very harmful, are bad for your eyes.
- D. Electronic devices, which are bad for your eyes, their radiation is very harmful

**47:** Beef contains vitamins. Generally, fish contains almost the same vitamins as beef.

- A. The vitamins content of beef is generally considered to come from fish.
- B. The vitamins content of fish may be considered in general as similar to beef.
- C. Generally, beef and fish may be considered to be a combination of vitamin content.

**D.** What vitamin fish contains may be considered in general to be made from beef.

**48:** The man was shot in the bank robbery. The doctors are operating on him.

- A.** The man was whom the doctors are operating on him shot in the bank robbery.
- B.** The man whom the doctors are operating on him shot in the bank robbery.
- C.** The man was shot in the bank robbery where the doctors are operating on him.
- D.** The doctors are operating on the man who was shot in the bank robbery.

**49.** It was a mistake for the company to install the new computer system.

- A.** The new computer system must have been installed for the company.
- B.** The company mustn't be installed the new computer system
- C.** The new computer system had to be installed in the company.
- D.** The company shouldn't have installed the new computer system.

**50.** They finished one project. They started working on the next.

- A.** Not until did they start working on the next project then they finished one.
- B.** Hardly had they finished one project when they started working on the next
- C.** Only if they had finished one project did they start working on the next.
- D.** Had they finished one project, they would have started working on the next.