

I. Choose the best option for each gap to complete the sentences. (1 p)

1. The paintings___ Mr. Brown has in his house are worth around £100,000.
A. whose B. which C. what D. whom
2. ___ is visiting important and historic places in a city or an area as a tourist.
A. Travelling B. Sightseeing C. Wandering D. Sunbathing
3. All___ must complete a visa form upon arrival at Singapore airport.
A. tourists B. departures C. customers D. passengers
4. The garlic sausage is also sold pre-packed in___.
A. slices B. stalks C. sticks D. packets
5. ___ people never seem to put on weight, while others are always on a diet.
A. All B. One C. Few D. Some
6. Travellers are advised to find an alternative___ during road repairs.
A. field B. direction C. route D. itinerary
7. All food products should carry a list of _____ on the packet.
A. elements B. materials C. foods D. ingredients
8. Traditionally, an 'English breakfast' is a large cooked breakfast usually bacon and eggs, toast, bake beans, black pudding, and tea or coffee.
A. making of B. having C. consisting of D existing of
9. If you want to stay slim and healthy, you _____ reduce the amount of fast food you eat every day.
A. may B. should C. need D. would
10. I have___ older brother and younger sister.
A. an... a B. an... an C. a...a D. a... an

II. Use the correct form of the words given in brackets to complete the sentences. (1p).

1. This beefsteak is not (TENDERNESS) _____ enough for my grandmother to eat.
2. This poem is written in simple English, which is immediately (ACCESS)_____ to our students.
3. This area, which is an important natural (PRESERVATION)_____, is attracting more and more European (TOUR)_____.
4. A (LINGUAL)_____ person is someone who can speak and use several different languages.
5. Adults often like hot, (SPICE)_____ foods, whereas children usually prefer mild ones.
6. My grandparents prefer the (SIMPLE)_____ of country living.
7. Since the mid-20th century, English has been a(n) (OFFICE)_____ language of (NATION)_____ organizations such as the United Nations.
8. Computers offer a much greater degree of (FLEXIBLE)_____ in the way work is organised.

III. Choose the best option (A, B, C, or D) for each numbered gap to complete the passage. (1 p)

What is tasty is not always healthy. Doctors say that chips and pizzas are (1) _____, fizzy soft drinks damage our teeth, and coffee shortens our lives. If we eat (2) much, we'll become obese, and obesity leads to heart disease, diabetes, and other serious illnesses. Unfortunately the world today is (3) fatter and fatter. Lack of exercise is another serious problem. We spend hours in front of our computers and TV sets. (4)_____ of us do morning exercises. We walk (5)_____ because we prefer to use

cars or public transport. Research shows, however, that young people who don't do enough exercise often suffer from heart attacks later in life.

It's common knowledge that smoking and drinking can shorten our lives (6) _____.

Cigarette-smoking, for example, kills millions of people every year. Many of them die (7) _____ lung cancer. Yet many young people still smoke and drink. Why? One (8) _____ is that tobacco and drinks companies invest enormous (9) _____ of money in advertising their products. For them, cigarettes and alcoholic drinks mean money. For us, they mean disease and even death.

We all know that the healthier we are, the better we feel. The better we feel, the longer we live. So why not (10) _____ ourselves?

A. fat B. fatty C. fattening D. fattened

A. so B. too C. very D. also

A. getting B. making C. being D. turning

A. Few B. A few C. All D. Many

A. little B. less C. least D. more

A. absolutely B. extremely C. intensively D. dramatically

A. about B. in C. from D. with

A. solution B. answer C. reply D. response

A. numbers B. totals C. figures D. sums

A. care for B. look for C. take care of D. pay attention to

IV.. Correct the mistakes in the sentences, using a, an, the or no article. (1.p)

1. What the great progress children have made in English this year!.....
2. The diabetes is becoming more and more common disease in children.....
3. How many hours of the sunshine does region enjoy every day?.....
4. The most people would agree that travelling broadens mind as you get to see so many different ways of life.....
5. Britain and USA have invested greatly in the development of an English Language Teaching (ELT).....

V.. Insert a suitable word in each numbered blank to complete the passage. (2 p)

English has developed different varieties in different parts of the world. There is not (1) _____ American, Canadian, Australian, and New Zealand English, but also Indian English, Singaporean English, and so on. These languages have their own (2) _____ and spelling. They have their own (3) _____ a 'pavement' in Britain is a 'sidewalk' in North America a 'footpath' in Australia. In fact, one reason (4) _____ the richness of English is its a to borrow (5) _____ words from other languages and cultures that it has come into contact with. Have you ever wondered (6) _____ English often has more than one word to refer the same thing? Well, it's because new words were (7) _____ to English as a result of contact with other cultures and languages. Many words (8) _____ we consider to be English originally came from other languages, for example, 'passport' from French, 'mosquito' Spanish, and 'sauna' from Finnish. You (9) _____ think 'hamburger', 'ketchup', and 'coffee' would come from American English, right? No, 'hamburger' is from German, 'ketchup' is Malay 'coffee' is Turkish, believe it or not. Some words you (10) _____ knew the origin of 'karate' is a Japanese word, for example, 'violin' comes from Italian, and 'tea' originally comes from Chr but what about the word 'cruise'? That actually comes from Dutch.

VI. Read the passage and choose the correct answer to each of the questions. (1 p)

1. Which can be the best title for the passage?
 A. Travel procedures B. Travel advice
 C. How to adjust travel dates D. Protect your luggage
2. Which one of these is NOT advisable according to the passage?
 A. Research your destination B. Always bring identification
 C. Apply for visas if necessary D. Save money by cutting out dinner
3. According to the passage, your luggage should be .
 A. stored in a safe place B. tagged in case of being lost
 C. packed with your passport D. painted a bright colour
4. The underlined word 'it' refers to your .
 A. identification B. luggage C. passport D. flight
5. It can be inferred from the passage that _____.
 A. travelling may cost more in peak season
 B. you must always take cash with you
 C. larger lunches cost more than smaller ones
 D. you can't get back your lost luggage overseas

VII. Combine the pairs of sentences, using relative clauses. (1 p)

1. I lent him a book. It was written by Daniel Defoe.
 The book I _____.
2. A nutritionist is an expert. A nutritionist studies the relationship between foods and health.
 A nutritionist is _____.
3. My friend has decided to buy a motorbike. His bicycle was stolen last week.
 My friend _____.
4. 'Who Wants to be a Millionaire?' is a TV show. It is very popular.
 _____.
5. Yoga is a type of exercise. Many people enjoy yoga.
 _____.

VIII. Rewrite

1. The receptionist gave me very useful information.
 The information _____.
2. She teaches English at our school.
 She is _____.
3. I'm not good at cooking, so I can't become a chef.
 If _____.
4. 'Can you help me wash the dirty dishes?' said Tim.
 Tim asked me _____.
5. You should ride your bike carefully, or you may have an accident.
 If you _____.