

NAME:.....

Grade: 7



Unit 7

TRAFFIC





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I Find the word which has a different sound in the underlined part.

1. A. pain B. said C. afaird D. straight
2. A. ceeiling B. neeighbor C. veein D. freight
3. A. except B. there C. then D. hey
4. A. make B. playground C. station D. many
5. A. ready B. break C. ahead D. Dead

II Put the word/ phrase in each space to complete the following sentences.

- zebra crossing railway station speed limit traffic jams**
road user means of transpor driving license
safety helmet road safety train tickets

1. The government has introduced a new campaign in an attempt to reduce the number of road accidents.
2. A is a hard hat which covers and protects the whole head, worn especially by the motorcyclist.
3. We looked on our map to find the way to the
4. Road works have caused throughout the city centre.
5. A is a place on a road at which vehicles must stop to allow people to walk across the road.
6. You should know the regulations in order to become a good
7. A is an official document that shows you are able to drive.
8. Slow down because you're breaking the
9. We needed to get to Ha Noi, but we had no
10. I have two available to go to Lao Cai. Would you like to go with me to Sa Pa?

III Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D).

1. There a MRT station here, but it has disappeared.
A. were B. used to have C. use to have D. used to be
2. does it take to go from Ha Noi to Pleiku by plane?
A. How much B. How many C. How long D. How far



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3. My little brother used to his homework early in the evening.
A. do B. does C. doing D. did
4. If people the rules, there are no more accidents.
A. follow B. take care of C. obey D. remember
5. You should right and left when you go across the road.
A. see B. look C. be D. take
6. Hurry up or we can't the last bus home.
A. keep B. follow C. go D. catch
7. I used to go to school
A. with bike B. by foot C. in car D. by bus
8. Public in my town is good and cheap.
A. travel B. journey C. tour D. transport
9. When there is a traffic jam, it me a very long time to go home.
A. takes B. costs C. spends D. lasts
10. Yesterday Richard and Peter round West Lake. It took them an hour.
A. cycle B. cycles C. cycling D. cycled
11. Cyclists and motorists have to wear a when they ride a motorbike.
A. cap B. mask C. helmet D. hard hat
12. He forgot to give a before he turned left and got a ticket.
A. hand B. signal C. sign D. light
13. All of us have to obey strictly.
A. traffic B. traffic rules C. traffic jam D. regular
14. We should wait for the traffic lights before we cross the street.
A. turn yellow B. turn green C. to turn yellow D. to turn green
15. Drivers have to your seatbelt whenever they drive.
A. tie B. fasten C. put on D. put
16. I marbles when I was young, but now I didn't.
A. play B. used to play C. have played D. didn't use to play
17. is it from your house to the nearest bus stop?" - "About 50 metres".
A. How much B. How long C. How far D. How often
18. Minh used to jigsaw puzzles in his spare time.
A. do B. does C. doing D. did
19. Public in this city is quite good, and it's not expensive.
A. vehicle B. travel C. transport D. journey
20. It's about 2 kilometers my house school.
A. between/and B. from/to C. between/to D. from/ and



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IV Choose the best answer to complete the passage.

When you are in Hong Kong, you can go about by taxi, by tram, by bus, or (1) (**in/ by/ on/ with**) underground. I myself prefer the underground (2) (**because/ when/ so/ but**) it is fast, easy and cheap. There are (3) (**some/ a lot/ many/ few**) trams and buses in Hong Kong, and one cannot drive along the road (4) (**quick/ quicker/ quickly/ quickest**) and without many stops. The underground is therefore usually quicker (5) (**as/ than/ so/ like**) taxis or buses. If you do not know Hong Kong very well, it is very difficult (6) (**finding/ to find/ found/ to finding**) the bus you want. You can take a taxi, but it is (7) (**more/ much/ as/ too**) expensive than the underground or a bus. On the underground you find good maps that tell you the names of the stations and show you (8) (**who/ when/ what/ how**) to get to them so that it is easy to find your way.

V Read the passage and fill in the blank with the missing word.

Transport in London is expensive. The fare depends on the length of the journey; you cannot buy or book tickets in advance. Children under sixteen pay half, and those under five travel free.

You usually buy bus tickets from the conductor, but some buses you pay the driver. Most London buses are double-deckers. On the underground railway (or tube) you buy your ticket from the machine or ticket office, and give it up at the end of the journey. Not all trains from one platform go to the same place, so watch the signs. The last train leaves at 1.15 p.m.

- The fare depends on the of the journey.
A. way **B. distance** **C. time**
- Children under five don't have to when they use public transport.
A. give **B. pay** **C. buy**
- You should buy bus tickets from the..... but on some buses you pay the driver.
A. machine **B. driver** **C. conductor**
- On the underground railway (or tube) you buy your ticket the machine or ticket office.
A. from **B. in** **C. on**
- Not all trains from one go to the same place, so watch the signs.
A. station **B. platform** **C. railway**

