

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR.

I. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) to complete the sentences.

1. Nam used to _____ morning exercise when he got up early.
A. did B. does C. doing D. do
2. My father _____ the bus to work every day, but I cycle.
A. catches B. drives C. goes D. runs
3. I go to school _____ bike.
A. by B. on C. in D. from
4. Traffic accidents can be prevented if people _____ the rules.
A. remember B. obey C. go after D. take care of
5. You should look right and left when you go _____ the road.
A. down B. across C. up D. along
6. Bus is the main public _____ in Viet Nam.
A. travel B. tricycle C. transport D. vehicle
7. The play was so boring. _____, Hoa saw it from beginning to end.
A. Therefore B. Despite C. However D. Although
8. She's sure that they will find the film _____.
A. entertaining B. entertain C. entertainment D. entertained
9. _____ being frightened by the images, Lan still liked the film so much.
A. In spite B. Despite C. Although D. Nevertheless
10. _____ the story of the film was good, I didn't like the acting.
A. Because B. Since C. As D. Although
11. The play was so boring. _____, An saw it from beginning to end.
A. Therefore B. Despite C. However D. Although
12. – “Do you like seeing a film?” – “_____”
A. No, I don't like it at all B. Sure. What film shall we see?
C. Who is in it? D. I'm sorry, I can't.
13. _____ is La Tomatina celebrated? – Every August.
A. Where B. Why C. When D. Which
14. My father liked the _____ of that singer.
A. perform B. performer C. performance D. performing
15. _____ is not very far from here to the harbour.
A. There B. It C. This D. That

II. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning.

1. They found the film “Titanic” **interesting**.
A. boring B. exciting C. terrible D. awful
2. The ending of the film was quite **touching**.
A. moving B. surprising C. moved D. surprised
3. We got up very early this morning to **attend** the festival.
A. stop B. start C. take part D. join
4. Together local people and tourists, we **ate** the good food and drinks.
A. put B. thrown C. smelt D. enjoyed
5. **Although** they were tired, they wanted to watch the film.
A. In spite B. Despite C. Though D. Even

III. Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning.

A. attend

I. Read the following text carefully and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each of the gap.

“A Kid in King Arthur’s Court” is directed by Michael Gottlieb. The main (1) _____ in the film is a teenager called Calvin Fuller. Calvin is (2) _____ Thomas Ian Nicholas. This film is a modern retelling of Mark Twain’s (3) _____ book Connecticut Yankee.

Calvin lives in California, USA. He is a very shy boy and he is not very good at sports. At the beginning of the film, Calvin is playing baseball when there is a (4) _____ earthquake. A hole opens in the ground and Calvin falls through it. He lands in the past, in the (5) _____ of King Arthur.

Calvin meets King Arthur and Merlin, the wizard. King Arthur is played by Joss Ackland and Merlin is played by Ron Moody. They think that Calvin is (6) _____ because he plays them modern music on his CD player and he shows them (7) _____ to make rollerblades and a mountain bike. Calvin is trained to be a knight and he becomes more (8) _____. Calvin helps King Arthur to beat his enemy, Lord Belasco, and then Merlin sends Calvin back to the future. Calvin finds himself back in the baseball game, (9) _____ this time he wins the game.

The special effects in *A Kid in King Arthur's Court* are very good. Michael Gottlieb is a great director and the actors' performances are good. The film is funny and (10) _____. It's a comedy, a drama, and an action film all in one.

1. A. author	B. name	C. character	D. actress
2. A. played	B. did	C. made	D. created
3. A. classify	B. class	C. classic	D. classical
4. A. terrify	B. terrible	C. terrifying	D. terribled
5. A. period	B. decade	C. moment	D. time
6. A. amazed	B. amazing	C. amaze	D. amazes
7. A. what	B. whatever	C. how	D. which
8. A. confident	B. confidence	C. confide	D. confided
9. A. although	B. but	C. despite	D. even
10. A. excite	B. excited	C. excites	D. exciting