READING (UNIT 7-8-9)

I. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

Different Types of Tourism

Perhaps the most common type of tourism is what most people (26)_____ with traveling: recreation tourism. This is (27)_____ people go to a place that is very different from their regular day-to-day life to relax and have fun. Beaches, theme parks and camp grounds are often the most common places regularly visited by (28)_____tourists.

If the (29)_____of one's visit to a particular place is to get to know its history and culture then this type of tourism is known as cultural tourism. They may attend festivals and ceremonies in order to (30)_____a better understanding of the people, their beliefs and their practices.

For tourists who want to see wildlife or take the joy of just being in the middle of nature, nature tourism is the answer. Ecotourism and nature treks are all part of this kind of tourism. Bird watching, for example, is one activity that nature tourists are fond of doing. What (31)_____this kind of tourism is that it has low impact (32)_____the local community.

Religious tourism is another type of tourism where people go to a religious location or locations to follow the (33)___ of their founder or to attend a religious (34)_____.

Medical or health tourism is a relatively new type of tourist (35)_____ where the main focus of the travel is improving one's health, physical appearance or fitness.

1.	**A.** join	**B.**acquaint	**C.**share	**D.**associate
2.	**A.** what	**B.** when	**C.**where	**D.**why
3.	**A.** recreation	**B.**recreational	**C.**enjoyable	**D.**enjoying
4.	**A.** plan	**B.**achievement	**C.**objective	**D.**object
5.	**A.**gain	**B.**increase	**C.**benefit	**D.**provide
6.	**A.**suggests	**B.**offers	**C.**marks	**D.**expresses
7.	**A.**for	**B.**at	**C.**in	**D.**on
8.	**A.**footstep	**B.**footsteps	**C.**foot	**D.**footprint
9.	**A.**memorial	**B.**celebration	**C.**anniversary	**D.**ceremony
10.	**A.**act	**B.**action	**C.** activity	**D.**acting

LIVEWORKSHEETS

II. Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, Cor D for each question.

Turning Food into Art

For many of us, food isn't that important. However, for a few people, food is very important. For these people, meals are a kind of art.

These people are interested in something called "haute cuisine". Haute cuisine is French for "high cooking". You can usually find haute cuisine in fancy French hotels and high level restaurants.

Haute cuisine has changed over the years, but the most important parts have remained the same. Haute cuisine meals are almost always very complicated, and they take a very long time to make. Usually, an haute cuisine meal has very many small dishes, instead of a few large ones. Also, with haute cuisine dishes, the appearance is very important. Of course, an haute cuisine dish must taste wonderful, but that is not enough. An haute cuisine dish must also look beautiful. Another very important part of haute cuisine is wine. Chefs and customers always try to select a wine that is a perfect match for their meal. The wine that people drink with haute cuisine is often very rare. You will not be surprised to hear that haute cuisine dishes are almost always very expensive.

Haute cuisine is traditionally French, but other countries have similar concepts of food. People often compare Japanese *kaiseki* to haute cuisine. *Kaiseki* is another very complicated, very high level kind of food. In Japan, *kaiseki* is also considered a kind of art. When Japanese chefs prepare *kaiseki,* they don't just consider the taste of the food. They also consider the food's texture, colour, and appearance. Chefs even match the colour of the food to the colour of the plate and the chopsticks. Of course, although haute cuisine and *kaiseki* share many similarities, the food itself is quite different.

If you ever get the chance to try *kaiseki* or haute cuisine, remember one thing: You are not just having a meal; you are enjoying a very special kind of art.

11. What can we say about the wines that people drink with haute cuisine?

A. Theyall come from France. **B.** They are all quite common.

C.They are always red wine. **D.** They are usually rare.

12. What is true about the dishes in haute cuisine?

A.Haute cuisine usually has many small dishes.

B.Haute cuisine usually has just a few large dishes.

C. Haute cuisine usually has many large dishes.

D. Haute cuisine usually has just a few small dishes.

13. What does the fifth sentence of the third paragraph mean?

A.Haute cuisine has to taste good, but it has to be good in other ways, too.

B.Haute cuisine only has to taste good.

C. Haute cuisine has to look good, but it doesn't have to taste good.

D. Every haute cuisine dish tastes the same.

14. What does the passage NOT say about haute cuisine?

A. It is very expensive.

B.It takes a short time to make.

C. It is very complicated.

D.It is usually served in fancy hotels and high level restaurants.

15. What does the passage say about *kaiseki* and haute cuisine?

A. The food is the same in both. **B.** People never care about them.

C. People often compare them. **D.** Haute cuisine is older than *kaiseki.*

LIVEWORKSHEETS

III. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

English is the (16)_____important in the world today. A very large (17)_____of people understand and use English in many (18)_____of the world.

Indeed English is a very useful language. If we (19)____English we can go toany place or country we like. We shall not find it hard to (20)___people understand what we want to say.

English also helps us to learn all kinds of subjects. Hundreds of books are (21)_____ in English every day in many countries to teach people many useful things. (22)_____ English language has, therefore, helped to spread ideas and knowledge to all the comers of the world. There is no subject that cannot be (23)_____ in English.

As English is used so much everywhere in the world, it has helped to make the countriesin the world more (24)_____. The leaders of the world use English to understand one another. The English language has also helped to spread better understanding and friendship among countries of the world.

Lastly, a person who knows English is respected by people. It is for all these (25)_____that I want to learn English.

16. **A.** most	**B.** mostly	**C.** chiefly	**D.**best
17. **A.** few	**B.** deal	**C.** amount	**D.**number
18. **A.** countries	**B.** places	**C.** sites	**D.**scenes
19. **A.** realize	**B.** say	**C.** speak	**D.**tell
20. **A.** get	**B.** let	**C.** persuade	**D.**make
21. **A.** published	**B.** wrote	**C.** print	**D.**make
22. **A.** A	**B.** An	**C.** That	**D.**The
23. **A.** recognized	**B.** realized	**C.** known	**D.** taught
24. **A.** friend	**B.** friendly	**C.** friendship	**D.** friendliness
25. **A.** reasons	**B.** causes	**C.** effects	**D.** results

LIVEWORKSHEETS

IV. Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.

Every year, students in many countries learn English. Some of these students are young, children. Others are teenagers. Many are adults. Some learn at school, others study by themselves. A few learn English just by hearing the language in films, on television, in the office or among their friends. But not many are lucky enough to do that. Most people must work hard to learn another language.

Many boys and girls learn English at school because it is one of their subjects. They study their own language, mathematics, and English. In England, America, or Australia, many boys and girls study their native language, which is English, mathematics, and another language, perhaps French, or German or Spanish.

Many adults learn English because it is useful for their work. Teenagers often learn English for their higher studies, because some of their books are in English at college or university. Others learn English because they want to read newspapers or magazines in English.

26. According to the writer_____.

A.only adults learn English **C.**no children like to learn English

C.English is useful only for teenagers **D.**English is popular all over the world

27. Most people learn English by_____.

A.watching videos only **B.** working hard on their lessons

C.hearing the language in the office **D.**talking with foreigners

28. Many boys and girls learn English because_____.

A.it is included in their study courses **B.**English can give them a job

C.they are forced to learn it **D.**they have to study their own language

29. In America or Australia many school children study_____.

A.English as a foreign language

B.English and mathematics only

C.such foreign languages as French, German, and Spanish

D.their own language and no foreign language

30. Marry adults learn English because _____.

A. English is spoken in their office **B.** they want to go abroad

C. most of their books are in English **D.** it helps them in their work

LIVEWORKSHEETS

V. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

When I first started learning English ten years ago, I could hardly (31)_____a word - "hello", "good bye", "thank you" was just about it! I went to classes two evenings a week and I was surprised at how quickly I (32)_____progress. (33)_____the course we learned lots of vocabulary and studied grammar rules. (34)_____thing I enjoyed most was being able to practise speaking with the other students in my class.

After two years I went to England to a (35)_____ school. It was in Cambridge.I did a(36)_____course at a very good school and I stayed with a local family. It was a fantastic experience and I (37)_____up a lot of things from speaking with my host family and with other students from (38)_____the world. I really improved my pronunciation as well. When I got back (39)_____my home town, I was so much more confident. I(40)_____ actually hold a conversation with my teacher in English.

31. **A.** talk	**B.**speak	**C.**say	**D.**tell
32. **A.** do	**B.**make	**C.**did	**D.**made
33. **A.** During	**B.**After	**C.**Before	**D.**While
34. **A.** That	**B.**A	**C.**The	**D.**Those
35. **A.** science	**B.**language	**C.**art	**D.**finance
36. **A.** three-weeks	**B.**third-week	**C.**threes-week	**D.**three-week
37. **A.**picked	**B.**looked	**C.** got	**D.**stood
38. **A.**all	**B.**over	**C.**over all	**D.**all over
39. **A.**the	**B.**to	**C.**in	**D.**on
40. **A.**had to	**B.**used to	**C.**could	**D.**would

LIVEWORKSHEETS

VII. Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.

The Importance of English in Today's World

English was originally the language of England, and soon it has become the primary orsecondary language of many former British colonies such as the United States, Canada, Australia, and India. Nowadays, it is the most international language in the world. There an several factors that make the English language essential to communication in our current time.

First of all, it is the most common foreign language. This means that two people who come from different countries (for example, a Mexican and a Swede) usually use English as a common English to communicate. English is also essential to the field of education. In many countries, children are taught and encouraged to learn English as a second language. At the university level, students in many countries study almost all their subjects in English in order to make the material more accessible to international students. On the Internet, the majority of websites are written and created in English. Even sites in other languages often give you the option to translate the site. It is the primary language of the press: more newspapers and books are written in English than in any other language, and no matter where in the world you are, you will find some of these books and newspapers available.

Although many people think that it is very difficult and confusing, English is actually the easiest language of the world to learn because there are so many resources available. As soon as you decide you want to learn, there are thousands of resources on the Internet and in bookstores. With good understanding and communication in English, you can travel around the globe. Because it is the international language for foreigners, it is easy to get assistance and help in every part of the world. You can test it by online travel. Any travel booking site you can find will have English as a booking option.

41. When two people having different mother tongues meet each other, they will use, _____.
    A.their own mother tongues to communicate
    B.English as a means of communication
    C.the third language to communicate
    D.a second language as a means of communication
42. The study material at universities is often written in English so that _____.
    A.all international students can follow it
    D.scientists can understand it easily
    C.it is the dominant language in England
    D.all children from many countries understand English
43. All of the following about the role of English on the Internet are true EXCEPT that _____.
    A.most websites are written in English
    B.most programmers created websites in English
    C.websites offer you the option in other languages
    D.most websites have English version
44. English is believed by many to be the easiest language of the world to learn because _____.
    A.you can decide you want to learn English
    B.there are thousands of bookstores available
    C.it is not very difficult and confusing
    D.it is easy to find resources to learn English
45. We can infer from the passage that_____.

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A.English makes you travel around the globe

B.you can use English to travel online

C.international tourists must know English

D.it is easy to get help to learn English all over the world

VIII. Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.

Have you ever noticed advertisements which say "Learn a foreign language in 6 weeks, or your money back. From the first day your pronunciation will be excellent. Just send...." and so on? Of course, it never happens quite like that. One's mother language is easier to learn, but it also requires a lot of practice to be fluent. And think how much practice that gets! Before the Second World War, people usually learned a foreign language in order to read the literature of that country.

Now speaking a foreign language is what most people want. Every year many millions of people start learning one. How do they do it? Some people try it at home, with books and records of tapes; some use radio for television programmes; some use computers and network; others go to evening classes. If they use the language only 2 or 3 times a week, it will take a long time, like learning a foreign language at school. A few people try to learn the language fast by studying for 6 or more hours aday. It is clearly easier to learn thelanguage in the country where it is spoken. However, most people cannot afford this, and for many it is not necessary. They need the language in order to do their work better. For example, scientists and doctors chiefly need to be able to read books and reports in the foreign language. Whether the language is learned quickly or slowly, it is hard work. Machines and good books will help, but they cannot do the student's work for him.

46. According to some advertisements, you_____.

A.have to pay your money if you cannot master a foreign language in 6 weeks

B.needn't pay your money if you cannot learn a foreign language in 6 weeks

C. must pay your money if you cannot master a foreign language in 6 weeks

D.will be paid much money if you cannot learn a foreign language in 6 weeks

47. Now most people try to learn a foreign language in order to _____.

A. read the literature of the country **B.**read books and reports

C. do their work better **D.**go to foreign countries

48. The best way to learn a foreign language is _____.

A.to go to the country where the language is spoken

B.to use machines and good books

C. to go to evening classes

D.to do as the advertisements tell you to

49. Learning a foreign language is a hard job _____.

A. only for scientists and doctors **B.**only for the students at school

C. for those people at home **D.**for most people

50. Which of the following sentences is NOT true?

A.It is very difficult to learn a language, including the native language.

B. Few people can afford to learn a foreign language in the country where it is spoken.

C. To learn one's mother tongue also needs a lot of practice.

D.Machines and good books are useless for us to learn a foreign language.

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