SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO
HÀ NỘI

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC

(Đề thi có 04 trang, thí sinh làm bài vào phiếu trả lời trắc nghiệm)

KỲ THI TUYỂN SINH LỚP 10 THPT
NĂM HỌC 2021-2022
Môn thi: **TIẾNG ANH**
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Thời gian làm bài: 45 phút

Mã đề: 119

PHẦN I/ 20 câu *(mỗi câu 0,3 điểm)*

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions.

Question 1. It's good _____ a glass of warm water immediately after you wake up in the morning.
A. drinking **B.** drink **C.** to drink **D.** to drinking

Question 2. His mother is very proud of him, _____ she?
A. does **B.** isn't **C.** doesn't **D.** is

Question 3. Peter_____ have lunch in the school canteen when he was in grade 6.
A. used to **B.** was used to **C.** gets used to **D.** is used to

Question 4. Traffic _____ in Vietnam usually occur in such big cities as Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh City.
A. safety **B.** system **C.** light **D.** jams

Question 5. Tuan is a good student. He always answers the teacher's questions very _____.
A. rapid **B.** quickly **C.** good **D.** more quick

Question 6. The first Earth Day was held _____ April 22, 1970.
A. in **B.** at **C.** on **D.** since

Question 7. We _____ each other at my aunt's house three years ago and _____ friends ever since.
A. met/ had been **B.** met/ have been **C.** met/ are **D.** meet/ were

Question 8. This is a difficult problem. I wish I _____ the answer.
A. knew **B.** known **C.** knowing **D.** know

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions.

Question 9. A. entertained **B.** destroyed **C.** decorated **D.** appeared

Question 10. A. honey **B.** almost **C.** cold **D.** gold

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.

Question 11. I am very much interested in learning more about ecotourism and its **benefits**.
A. advantages **B.** problems **C.** disadvantages **D.** dangers

Question 12. I love going to this place **as** it has the most beautiful scenery in the city.

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A. so **B.** so that **C.** when **D.** because

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions.

Question 13. A. urban **B.** package **C.** advise **D.** fashion

Question 14. A. agree **B.** open **C.** reduce **D.** return

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 15.

- Thanh: "Would you like to have some more ice cream, Binh?"

- Binh: "_____"

A. Thanks. I'd love to. **B.** I do, too.

C. I'm looking forward. **D.** Here you are.

Question 16.

- David: "Thank you for spending time showing me around."

- Jones: "_____"

A. It's my pleasure. **B.** I don't know what time that person comes.

C. Never remind me. **D.** I don't want to spend it.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that best fits each numbered blank.

Ayers Rock, which was found for the first time by European explorers in 1873, is a famous landmark (17) _____ the desert of central Australia. The original inhabitants of this part of Australia, the Aborigines, call it Uluru. It is 348 meters high, 3.6 kilometres long and 1.9 kilometres wide. It is a beautiful red-brown colour, especially when the sun (18) _____ on it early in the morning and in the evening.

When tourists want to visit Uluru, they often start 440 kilometres away in a town called Alice Springs. People on these trips usually sleep outside under the stars, not in tents (19) _____ it's more exciting. A fire keeps away snakes and other animals during the night. And when the sun comes up in the morning, the view of Uluru is amazing. After breakfast, visitors often walk around the base of the rock. There are caves around the base of the rock and inside them you (20) _____ see paintings. Some of them are thousands of years old.

Question 17. A. next **B.** in **C.** front **D.** for

Question 18. A. look **B.** watch **C.** sits **D.** shines

Question 19. A. because **B.** moreover **C.** such **D.** however

Question 20. A. ought **B.** can **C.** have **D.** are

PHẦN II/ 10 câu (mỗi câu 0,4 điểm)

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions.

Tet in Viet Nam starts with the first new moon, usually in late January or early February. The celebrations usually last for three days. The Vietnamese celebrate Tet with family gatherings, wonderful foods and lion dances. Let's take a look at some of the traditions linked to Tet, the most popular festival in Viet Nam.

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* Red is a bright, happy colour that keeps away bad spirits. That's why people decorate their homes with red and yellow to bring good luck for the next year. Also, parents and grandparents give children special lucky money in red envelopes.

* One thing people avoid during Tet is sweeping the house. Before Tet, the Vietnamese clean their houses to clear out any bad luck from the previous year. People finish cleaning before New Year's Day because they believe you'll brush away your good luck if you sweep the house during Tet. People also buy branches of apricot blossom or peach blossom, which symbolise a long life, to decorate their houses.

Traditionally, people travel back to their hometowns to celebrate Tet with their family. During their stay, they visit relatives and have large meals together. They wear colourful new clothes to bring them good luck for the coming new year. They also visit flower fairs and calligraphy markets where calligraphers can write poems on "*giấy dó*", wood or stone for them.

Question 21. What is the best title of the passage?

A. Family gatherings on Tet holidays. **B.** Tet in Viet Nam.

C. Traditional celebrations in Viet Nam. **D.** Popular activities during Tet holidays.

Question 22. According to the passage, how long does Tet usually last?

A. For a long time. **B.** For three days.

C. In early February. **D.** In late January.

Question 23. Which of the following is NOT true, according to the passage?

A. Houses are decorated with branches of apricot blossom or peach blossom.

B. Apricot blossom and peach blossom symbolise a long life.

C. People finish cleaning their houses before New Year's Day.

D. The Vietnamese clean their houses during Tet.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most meaningful sentence written from the given words.

Question 24. ***Although / he / tired / he / have to / finish / homework.***

A. Although he was not tired, he has finish his homework.

B. Although he tired, he has to finish the homework.

C. Although he was tired, he had to finish his homework.

D. Although he is tired, he have to finish the homework.

Question 25. ***My friend/ suggest / I / improve / social skills.***

A. My friend suggested I improving my social skills.

B. My friend suggested that I should improve my social skills.

C. My friend suggest I should improve my social skills.

D. My friend suggested I improves my social skills.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 26. My sister <u>has</u> so <u>many homework</u> to do <u>that</u> she has <u>no time</u> to go out.

A. many homework **B.** has **C.** no time **D.** that

Question 27. If you don't feel <u>well</u>, we <u>would discuss</u> <u>this</u> problem after <u>having</u> dinner.

A. well **B.** this **C.** would discuss **D.** having

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original one in each of the following questions.

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Question 28. We should learn English vocabulary through reading.

A. English vocabulary should be learnt through reading.

B. English vocabulary have to be learn through reading.

C. English vocabulary should be learning through reading.

D. English vocabulary had to learnt through reading.

Question 29. Because of Covid-19 pandemic, we will have to cancel the trip to the mountain.

A. If there is no Covid-19 pandemic, we would not have to cancel the trip to the mountain.

B. If there were no Covid-19 pandemic, we will not have to cancel the trip to the mountain.

C. If there was no Covid-19 pandemic, we will have to cancel the trip to the mountain.

D. If there were no Covid-19 pandemic, we would not have to cancel the trip to the mountain.

Question 30. "What time do you come home every day, Mark?" said Tom.

A. Tom asked Mark what time did he come home every day.

B. Tom asked Mark what time he come home every day.

C. Tom said to Mark what time does he come home every day.

D. Tom asked Mark what time he came home every day.

--------THE END----------

Cán bộ coi thi không giải thích gì thêm.

LIVEWORKSHEETS