Part 3

For questions **28–37**, read the text below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits in the gap **in the same line**. There is an example at the beginning **(0)**.

Write your answers **IN CAPITAL LETTERS on the separate answer sheet**.

Example: 0 | F | O | U | N | D | E | R |

Freud and Dreams

Sigmund Freud is regarded as the **(0)** ..... of psychoanalysis. His work has been **(28)** ..... in many areas but he is perhaps best known for having drawn our **(29)** ..... to dreams, which he believed were clues to inner conflicts. The fact that a dream is **(30)** ..... a disguised expression of what is happening in the unconscious mind means that it is difficult for the dreamer to understand its **(31)** ..... . Freud believed that the sleeping mind resorted to a whole range of unconscious wishes in forms which would prevent the dreamer from having any **(32)** ..... of their true nature. In Freud's view, interpreting the meaning of the dream required a psychoanalyst with an expert **(33)** ..... of how dreams disguise desires. The psychoanalyst's lack of personal **(34)** ..... in the dream would enable him to see the dream objectively.

FOUND
INFLUENCE
ATTEND
ESSENTIAL
SIGNIFY
AWARE
KNOW
INVOLVE

According to Freud, dreams use a **(35)** ..... symbolic language quite different from that of waking life, but the fact is there is no hard **(36)** ..... for believing that dreams really do reflect our unconscious wishes. Nevertheless, Freud **(37)** ..... made a major contribution to twentieth-century thought and many useful insights into psychological processes have been gained through his work.

MYSTERY
EVIDENT
DOUBT

LIVEWORKSHEETS