

### MINI-TEST 5

**Mark the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

1. A. satellite	B. microgravity	C. meteorite	D. orbit
2. A. rinseless	B. guess	C. mission	D. miss
3. A. imitate	B. translate	C. phrase	D. language

**Mark the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.**

4. A. observatory	B. historical	C. activity	D. parabolic
5. A. flexibility	B. conversation	C. characteristic	D. intonation
6. A. <u>astronaut</u>	B. <u>astronomy</u>	C. <u>astronomer</u>	D. <u>astrology</u>

**Mark the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

7. She's the woman whose sister looking after the baby for us.

A. the	B. whose	C. looking after	D. for
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8. Aircraft flying in oval arcs create microgravity for tests and simulations that lasts 20-25 seconds.

A. oval	B. microgravity	C. that	D. lasts
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9. All my students wish they can speak English fluently.

A. All	B. wish	C. can speak	D. fluently
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**Mark the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

10. The plants \_\_\_\_ in the living room need a lot of water.

A. which	B. being	C. are	D. x
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11. In July of \_\_\_\_ 1975, \_\_\_\_ first US-Soviet joint mission occurred with \_\_\_\_ Apollo-Soyuz project.

A. the/ the/ the	B. x/ the/ the	C. x/ a/ the	D. x/ the/ a
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12. When did you pick \_\_\_\_ those English words?

A. from	B. up	C. by	D. in
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13. I'm not an astronaut. If I \_\_\_\_ an astronaut, I \_\_\_\_ my camera with me on the rocket ship.

A. am/ will take	B. was/ will take	C. were/ 'd take	D. had been/ would have taken
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14. Yuri Gagarin became the first person \_\_\_\_ and drink in microgravity.

A. eating	B. to eat	C. ate	D. eats
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15. My English teacher often draws our attention to \_\_\_\_ and differences between English and our mother tongue.

A. similar	B. similarly	C. similarity	D. similarities
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16. Mukai Chiaki, the first female Japanese astronaut, \_\_\_\_ 15 days aboard the space shuttle Columbia in space before it \_\_\_\_ to the Earth on July 23, 1994.

A. spent - had returned	B. had spent - returned
C. was spending - was returning	D. spent - was returning

17. Learning how to look new words ..... in the dictionary is really important.  
 A. up      B. at      C. from      D. for

18. His ability \_\_\_\_\_ English in different social contexts to achieve his communicative intentions is amazing.  
 A. to use      B. using      C. uses      D. used

19. Mai and Hung were ill, so \_\_\_\_\_ went to school today.  
 A. neither them      B. either one of them      C. both of them      D. neither of them

20. I really admire Tom, \_\_\_\_\_ is fluent \_\_\_\_\_ both German and Spanish.  
 A. that/ in      B. who/ at      C. who/ in      D. whom/ at

21. Pham Tuan said everything quite strange although he \_\_\_\_\_ when he was on the ground.  
 A. prepared      B. has prepared      C. had prepared      D. was prepared

22. \_\_\_\_\_ he arrived at the party, all his classmates had left.  
 A. By      B. By the time      C. As soon as      D. After

23. Did you say that you \_\_\_\_\_ here 3 days ago?  
 A. were coming      B. came      C. would have come      D. had come

24. Today, the menu on the ISS includes more than 100 items ..... astronauts can choose their daily meals before they fly into space.  
 A. which      B. from which      C. in which      D. where

**Mark the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.**

25. "Can I try your new camera?" – "\_\_\_\_\_"  
 A. I'm sorry, I can't. Let's go now      B. I'm sorry. I'm home late  
 C. Sure. I'd love to. Sure      D. But please be careful with it.

26. "Thanks for giving me a ride to work today."  
 "\_\_\_\_\_ I was heading this direction anyway."  
 A. You don't need to.      B. Yes, thanks.  
 C. No worries.      D. I'd love to.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

27. The plans should be drawn as accurately as possible.  
 A. beautifully      B. carefully      C. exactly      D. skillfully

28. She trained hard for the race, sometimes running as much as 60 miles a week.  
 A. coached      B. railed      C. exercised      D. drew

**Mark the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

29. The houses have been vacant and need repairs to make them habitable.  
 A. unlivable      B. occupied      C. spacious      D. unaffordable

30. It would look more professional if the letter was typed.  
 A. amateur      B. ugly      C. organized      D. complex

**Read the passage and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.**

**The Shuttle Era Comes to an End**

The set of Space Shuttle missions run by NASA captivated the world and proved that reusable spacecraft could be used to bring astronauts and cargo into space. The Space Shuttle programme had a total of six separate orbiters, five of which actually went into space. The first-made orbiter was only used to gather data about how the shuttles would glide back to the earth. This shuttle would be brought up into the air by a specially modified Boeing 747 and released to glide down without any power of its own.

The Space Shuttle Era ran from the first launch on April 12, 1981, and ended when the final shuttle landed on July 21, 2011. During this time, there were 135 missions flown. Of the five shuttles that did go into space, two met with disasters that killed all the crew members aboard. The first disaster happened on January 28, 1986 when Space Shuttle Challenger ran into severe problems and exploded less than two minutes after take-off. It was a major blow to NASA as a school teacher was on board the orbiter, and the launch was being watched by children from schools across the United States. The second disaster came on February 1, 2003. After having completed its mission, Space Shuttle Columbia was returning to the earth from space. During damage done to a wing during its launch, the orbiter disintegrated as it hit the earth's atmosphere during re-entry.

Because the Space Shuttle programme was running, it largely made possible the construction of the International Space Station (ISS). The shuttles brought astronauts to the station, replenished supplies, and carried actual pieces to the Space Station up from the earth. As the Space Shuttle Era came to an end, many space lovers have been left wondering, "What's next?" There is still plenty to explore, so we will all just have to wait and see.

31. What was captivated in the passage?

A. The world      B. An astronaut      C. A mission      D. A space shuttle

32. How many orbiters are there in the Space Shuttle programme mentioned in the passage?

A. Four      B. Five      C. Six      D. Seven

33. What were considered to be unfortunate?

A. The supplies      B. The disasters      C. The Space Stations D. The different eras

34. When did the second disaster take place?

A. 1981      B. 1986      C. 2003      D. 2011

35. Who was mentioned as being on board the Space Shuttle Challenger?

A. A doctor      B. A teacher      C. A reporter      D. A scientist

***Read the following passage and choose A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

Language is (36)..... people communicate with one another. It is a terrific tool. Language is spoken, but it is also written down. Sign language used by many people who are (37).....is the communication with gestures. We do most our communication (38).....speaking.

English is the most international language in the world, but it is not the world's most (39).....spoken language. There are more than 1.2 billion people speak Chinese. Arabic is second, and then

Hindi, with English in the fourth place. (40)..... languages in the top ten are Spanish, Bengali, Portuguese, Russian, Japanese, and German.

36. A. how	B. why	C. what	D. when
37. A. blind	B. deaf	C. dead	D. alive
38. A. on	B. of	C. about	D. by
39. A. widened	B. width	C. wide	D. widely
40. A. Another	B. One another	C. Other	D. Others

**Choose the correct sentence which has the closest meaning to the given sentence.**

41. *Oxford Dictionary is widely used in the world. It is the best dictionary I have used.*

- A. Oxford Dictionary which is widely used in the world is the best dictionary I have used.
- B. Oxford Dictionary, which is widely used in the world, is the best dictionary I have used.
- C. The best dictionary I have used is Oxford Dictionary, is widely used in the world.
- D. Oxford Dictionary is widely used in the world which is the best dictionary I have used.

42. *Improve your writing skill or you can't get higher result in the IELTS test.*

- A. Unless you don't improve your writing skill, you can't get higher result in the IELTS test.
- B. Unless you improve your writing skill, you will get higher result in the IELTS test.
- C. Unless you improve your writing skill, you won't get higher result in the IELTS test.
- D. If you get higher result in the IELTS test, you can improve your writing skill.

43. *"Why don't we go to the concert for a change?" said Ann.*

- A. Ann suggested to go to the concert for a change.
- B. Ann suggests going to the concert for a change.
- C. Ann suggested going to the concert for a change.
- D. Ann suggested that they went go to the concert for a change.

44. *She goes to an English speaking club every week but she doesn't speak English fluently.*

- A. In spite of going to an English speaking club every week, she doesn't speak English fluently.
- B. Despite she goes to an English speaking club every week, she doesn't speak English fluently.
- C. Although she goes to an English speaking club every week but she doesn't speak English fluently.
- D. She doesn't speak English fluently so she goes to an English speaking club every week.

45. *The astronaut hasn't flown to space since last year.*

- A. The last time the astronaut flew to space last year.
- B. The astronaut didn't fly to space for one year.
- C. The astronaut hasn't flown to space before last year.
- D. The astronaut last flew to space last year.

**Choose the correct sentence which has the closest meaning to the given sentence.**

46. *I/ a lot/ worried/ English exam/ because/ my vocabulary/ poor.*

- A. I'm a lot worried about the English exam because of my vocabulary is poor.
- B. I'm a lot worried with the English exam because my vocabulary is poor.
- C. I'm a lot worried about the English exam because my vocabulary is poor.
- D. I'm a lot worried to English exam because my vocabulary is poor.

47. *I /recently/ come back/ my school/ where/ I/ learn/ first English words/ thirty years ago.*

- A. I recently come back to my school where I learned my first English words thirty years ago.
- B. I had recently come back to my school where I learned my first English words thirty years ago.
- C. I recently come back to my school where I had learned my first English words thirty years ago.
- D. I've recently come back to my school, where I learned my first English words thirty years ago.

48. *interviewer/ ask/ Tim/ if/ English/ his first language.*

- A. The interviewer asked Tim if English was his first language.
- B. The interviewer asked Tim if English is his first language.
- C. The interviewer ask Tim if English is his first language.
- D. The interviewer asks Tim if English was his first language.

49. *It/ very difficult/ people/ live/ microgravity.*

- A. It be very difficult for people to live in microgravity.
- B. It is very difficult for people to live in microgravity.
- C. It is very difficult that people to live in microgravity.
- D. It is very difficult people will live in microgravity.

50. *Anna/ not/ have/ do homework/ today/ because/ tomorrow/ day off.*

- A. Anna don't have to do homework today because tomorrow is a day off.
- B. Anna isn't having to do homework today because tomorrow is a day off.
- C. Anna doesn't have done homework today because tomorrow is a day off.
- D. Anna doesn't have to do homework today because tomorrow is a day off.

– THE END –