# ENGLISH 10 - UNIT 6

**I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.**

1. A. equal B. women C. eliminate D. example
2. A. female B. parent C. baby D. age
3. A. birth B. other C. youth D. think

**II. Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.**

4. A. college B. woman C. mistake D. housework
5. A. hunger B. police C. parent D. courage

**III. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.**

6. In Australia, men and women will be given an equal _____ to contribute both at home and in the workplace.
   **A.** luck **B.** risk **C.** chance **D.** pay
7. In Nepal, child marriage and _____ to school have prevented girls from reaching their full potential.
   **A.** lack **B.** access **C.** lack of access **D.** access lack
8. For girls in Nigeria, the only way to avoid child marriage and take control of their future is _____ .
   **A.** to go schooling **B.** to schooling **C.** to educate **D.** to get educated
9. Women in the United States are more likely to complete high school and college than men, but there are _____ in high government positions.
   **A.** a few women **B.** a number of women
   **C.** many women **D.** fewer women
10. Women and men must have equal _____ to shape society and their own lives.
    **A.** directions **B.** ways **C.** behaviours **D.** rights
11. Women do the majority of domestic and _____ work, including cleaning, cooking, and child care as well as taking care of sick and elderly.
    **A.** paid **B.** unpaid **C.** low-paid **D.** well-paid
12. Vigdís Finnbogadóttir, the fourth President of Iceland, was the first woman in the world _____ the first female Head of State in 1980.

**A.** elect **B.** to elected **C.** to be elected **D.** electing

13. Gender equality _____ . without the support of the government, organizations, and individuals
    **A.** mustn't be achieved **B.** needn't be achieved
    **C.** should not be achieved **D.** cannot be achieved
14. Although progress _____, we are still a long way from achieving gender equality worldwide.
    **A.** has been made **B.** have been made **C.** has been done **D.** have been done
15. In sub-Saharan African countries, investments _____ in education, skill training and health care to form a better future for adolescent girls and their families.
    **A.** will be needed **B.** should need **C.** will not be needed **D.** must need

LIVEWORKSHEETS

**V. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.**

**Saudi Women Register To Vote For The First Time**

Women in Saudi Arabia began registering to vote this week for the first time in the nation's (26)_____. The late King Abdullah announced in November, 2015 that women would be allowed to run for office and vote in city elections, which (27)_____ every four years. At least 70 women intend to run for office, and more than 80 registered as campaign managers, Arab News reported last month. (28)_____ the legal barrier to voting has been lifted, other Saudi laws and culture could complicate women's (29)_____ to cast their votes.

Saudi women still have to deal with limits on their freedom of movement, and since it's illegal for them to drive, many of them will have to (30)_____ male members of their family to take them to register and to vote. Male relatives who oppose female voting rights could also be a barrier. The government also (31)_____ voters to have personal ID cards, and many Saudi women do not.

To make serious (32)____ on women's rights, Saudi authorities should (33)_____ the male guardianship system, under which caring policies and practices (34)_____ women from obtaining a passport, marrying, traveling, or accessing higher education without the approval of a male guardian. Only then will Saudi Arabia's women be able to (35)_____ to society on an equal situation with men.

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|---|---|---|---|
| 26. **A.** life | **B.** history | **C.** campaign | **D.** period |
| 27. **A.** take place | **B.** take part | **C.** take care | **D.** take after |
| 28. **A.** When | **B.** Because | **C.** However | **D.** While |
| 29. **A.** work | **B.** careers | **C.** efforts | **D.** travels |
| 30. **A.** trust | **B.** remain | **C.** base on | **D.** rely on |
| 31. **A.** needs | **B.** keeps | **C.** requests | **D.** requires |
| 32. **A.** development | **B.** steps | **C.** progress | **D.** movement |
| 33. **A.** cut | **B.** stop | **C.** complete | **D.** finish |
| 34. **A.** prevent | **B.** take | **C.** end | **D.** remove |
| 35. **A.** help | **B.** contribute | **C.** cause | **D.** give |

**VI. Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.**

Tawakkol Karman was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2011 in recognition of her work in non-violent struggle for the safety of women and for women's rights to full participation in Yemen.

Tawakkol was born in 1979 in Taiz, Yemen's third largest city. She studied a degree in Commerce from the University of Science and Technology in Sana'a before completing another degree in Political Science from the University of Sana'a.

Growing up in a country with political uncertainty, Tawakkol witnessed the unification of North and South Yemen in 1990, followed by a civil war in 1994 in which the North gained victory over the South.

As a journalist and human rights activist, Tawakkol responded to the political instability and human rights abuses in Yemen by organizing others and reporting injustices. In 2005, she founded the organization Women Journalists Without Chains (WJWC) which supports rights and freedoms and provides media skills to journalists. In addition, the organization releases regular reports in human rights abuses in Yemen, recording more than 50 cases of attacks and unfair sentences against newspapers and writers so far.

In 2007, Tawakkol began organizing weekly protests in Yemen's capital, Sana'a, aiming at calling for inquiries into social and legal injustice. Tawakkol's weekly protests continued until 2011 when she redirected protesters to support the Arab Spring. Tawakkol even brought Yemen's

LIVEWORKSHEETS

revolution to New York speaking directly with UN Secretary General Ban Ki-Moon and organizing public meetings at the UN headquarters.

Brave and outspoken, Tawakkol has been imprisoned on a number of occasions for her opposition movement for human rights. She is known as "Mother of the Revolution", and "The Iron Woman".

Since receiving the Nobel Peace Prize, she has continued to support female journalists and encouraged people in Yemen to ask for social justice and human rights. Fiercely committed to change, Tawakkol spends the majority of her time in a tent in Change Square, where she continues her peaceful protest for justice and freedom.

36. By establishing WJWC, Tawakkol would like _____.
**A.** to oppose to the victory of the government from the North
**B.** to support rights and freedom and provide media skill to journalists
**C.** to start the non-violent struggle for the safety of women and for women's rights
**D.** to report the unification of North and South Yemen and the civil war

37. The organization WJWC produces regular reports on _____.
**A.** bad sentences in newspaper articles issued in Yemen
**B.** weekly protests in Yemen's capital and the government's repression
**C.** violent and unfair treatments against humans especially journalists
**D.** organizing public meetings at the United Nations headquarter

38. The purpose of weekly protests in Yemen's capital led by Tawakkol from 2007 to 2011 was _ ___.
**A.** to ask to make speeches at the United Nations headquarters
**B.** to bring Yemen's revolution to New York and speak to UN Secretary General
**C.** to get many women free from prisons on a number of occasions
**D.** to oppose to social and legal injustice and wrongdoings from the government

39. All of the following are true about Tawakkol EXCEPT that _____.
**A.** she has started supporting female journalists since 2011
**B.** she was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2011
**C.** she started supporting the Arab Spring in 2011
**D.** she has been put in prison several times

40. The word "committed" in the last paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.
**A.** done something illegal or something that is considered wrong
**B.** determined to give your loyalty, time to a particular principle
**C.** sent officially to prison or hospital
**D.** being brave and outspoken to live in very bad conditions

# ENGLISH 10 - UNIT 7

**I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.**

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|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | **A.** horoscope | **B.** honeymoon | **C.** income | **D.** money |
| 2. | **A.** legend | **B.** Leo | **C.** lentil | **D.** prestigious |
| 3. | **A.** pursue | **B.** soul | **C.** sweep | **D.** present |

LIVEWORKSHEETS

**II. Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.**

4. **A.** personal **B.** proposal **C.** cultural **D.** several
5. **A.** superstitious **B.** complicated **C.** situated **D.** interestingly

**III. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.**

6. In our tradition, when people mention "matter of betel and areca" they are talking about _____ ___ issue.
   **A.** marry **B.** married **C.** marrying **D.** marriage
7. Nations where there is much cultural diversity can also sometimes be known as a ____.
   **A.** multicultural society **B.** cultural uniformity
   **C.** multi- ethnic society **D.** multidimensional problem
8. To many _____ street vendors, the success of their day is determined by how it starts and by their first customer.
   **A.** superstition **B.** superstitious **C.** superstitiously **D.** supernatural
9. One Chinese legend has it that the Jade Emperor asked for twelve representatives of the animal species on Earth to be brought to his _____ kingdom.
   **A.** heaven **B.** heavenly **C.** sky **D.** space
10. However, another version says the _____ of the 12 animals in the Chinese horoscope was decided thousands of years ago by Buddha, who called for a New Year's meeting of animals.
    **A.** order **B.** position **C.** place **D.** plan
11. To the Chinese, 8 is a lucky number, _____ the Vietnamese believe 9 brings luck, and the 1 and 8 of 18, adding up to 9, are considered success.
    **A.** although **B.** when **C.** while **D.** or
12. In _____ Netherlands, singing at _____ dinner table means you are singing to _____ devil for your dinner - which means bad luck.
    **A.** Ø - a - the **B.** the - the - the **C.** Ø - the - the **D.** the - the - a
13. In Spain, it is believed to be bad luck to enter _____ room with your left foot.
    **A.** Ø **B.** a **C.** an **D.** the
14. Cultural diversity makes the United States a _____ interesting place in which to live for all of its inhabitants.
    **A.** better **B.** very more **C.** so more **D.** much more
15. Today, Australia is one of _____ diverse countries in the world.
    **A.** most cultural **B.** the most cultural **C.** the more culturally **D.** the most culturally

**V. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.**

Giving a birthday present to a Vietnamese (26)_____ that you pay attention to a few cultural (27)_____ of etiquette. You should pay attention to the recipient's tastes and hobbies. Flowers, souvenirs, or an item that your friend like best is suitable for the (28)_____.

Moreover, a birthday gift (29)_____ covered in colorful papers. It is important that you should take care (30)_____ your present. It is best to (31)_____ black which is the signal of (32)_____ in Asian countries, (33)_____ Viet Nam. It is best to wrap your present in bright, cheery colours, like red or pink.

In short, choosing a birthday present in Viet Nam is (34)_____ choosing one in other countries. In general, money is not (35)_____: Vietnamese people honour the phrase - Plenty of money does not count, the heart does.

26. **A.** asks **B.** requires **C.** requests **D.** tells
27. **A.** rules **B.** regulations **C.** laws **D.** notes

LIVEWORKSHEETS

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|---|---|---|---|
| 28. **A.** condition | **B.** culture | **C.** relation | **D.** situation |
| 29. **A.** be | **B.** should | **C.** should be | **D.** was |
| 30. **A.** to wrap | **B.** wrapping | **C.** of wrapping | **D.** for wrapping |
| 31. **A.** avoid | **B.** allow | **C.** stop | **D.** refuse |
| 32. **A.** die | **B.** dead | **C.** death | **D.** dying |
| 33. **A.** include | **B.** including | **C.** included | **D.** and including |
| 34. **A.** more difficult | **B.** most difficult | **C.** so difficult as | **D.** as difficult as |
| 35. **A.** trouble | **B.** a problem | **C.** a conflict | **D.** an issue |

**VI. Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.**

**Why we believe in astrology**

People believe in astrology because it offers many desirable things such as information and assurance about the future.

Astrology claims that nothing in life is coincidental and everything that occurs to us happens for a particular reason. Astrology can provide us some good answers as to why these things happen to us and it can also predict them in advance. In this way, astrology actually helps people to understand the world around them much better.

As practiced today, astrology can work quite well. Most of the people who visit astrologers or read their horoscopes regularly end up feeling happy and satisfied. This does not mean that the astrologers have accurately predicted the individuals' future based on their horoscope dates, but it means that having a horoscope explained can be actually a very fulfilling experience.

People enjoy reading their horoscope forecasts and this often leads to changes in personalities, behaviors and decision-making processes. Astrology can be a real lifesaver because it lets you know of the future obstacles and problems in advance. It is up to you whether you want to believe the advice and precautions suggested in a horoscope reading and save yourself from the pain without doing much.

Astrology takes into account two major aspects - our birth potential and the effects of the planets and the stars on our personal horoscope. It can help us choose the right career and education path for us, in order to make a good and successful life.

Last but not least, we believe in astrology because it's about us. My horoscope is like a blueprint of my life that got created precisely at the time I was born. That means that my birth chart is as unique as my fingerprints are. Each planet's placement in my horoscope can reveal a lot about my personality and destiny.

36. Astrology claims that nothing in life is happening by chance because _____.
   **A.** everything that occurs to us happens for no particular reason
   **B.** life can provide us some good reasons why these things happen to us
   **C.** it can help us predict our life in advance
   **D.** people can understand the world around them much better
37. After visiting astrologers, people often feel and satisfied because _____.
   **A.** having a horoscope explained can be a satisfied experience
   **B.** they have had their future predicted accurately based on their horoscope dates
   **C.** they have had astrologers read their horoscopes regularly
   **D.** astrologers help them understand the world much better on their own
38. All of the following about astrology are correct EXCEPT that _____.
   **A.** it lets you know of the future obstacles and problems in advance
   **B.** you must believe the advice and precautions suggested in a horoscope reading
   **C.** it considers our birth potential and the effects of the stars on our personal horoscope
   **D.** it may help us make a good and successful life

LIVEWORKSHEETS

39. All of us believe and enjoy in astrology because _____.
    **A.** it can reveal our exact personality and destiny
    **B.** we know how our horoscope to be formed at the beginning
    **C.** our fingerprints make our birth chart unique in the horoscope
    **D.** our horoscope reading is unique based on the planet's position
40. The word "blueprint" in the last paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.
    **A.** a design for a building **B.** a description of something
    **C.** a copy or print of something **D.** a print of something in blue

**VIII. Write complete sentences about Vietnamese tea customs, using the words/ phrases given in their correct forms. You can add some more necessary words, but you have to use all the words given.**

**Vietnamese tea customs**

46. Vietnamese tea ceremony/ pleasant sign/ hospitality/ deep social importance.

47. In general/ Vietnamese tea drinking tradition/ a bridge/ that/ bring/ people together/ help/ understand/ each other better.

48. During/ Nguyen Dynasty/ tea drinking ritual/ brought/ level of art.

49. Tea drinking/ customary practice/ wedding and engagement ceremonies.

50. Marrying couples/ use/ ritual of drinking tea/ wedding ceremony/ express/ their affection/ each other.

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