

## EXERCISES UNIT 8- GRADE 10

**VOCABULARY REVISION:** give vietnamese equivalents or synonyms/antonyms

1. **education** /ˌedʒuˈkeɪʃn/ (n)
2. **educational** /ˌedʒuˈkeɪʃənl/ (adj)
3. **access** /ˈækses/ (v) truy cập
4. **application** /ˌæplɪˈkeɪʃn/ (n)
5. **assignment** /əˈsaɪnmənt/ (n)
6. **concentrate** /ˈkɒnsntreɪt/ (v)
7. **device** /dɪˈvaɪs/ (n)
8. **digital** /ˈdɪdʒɪtl/ (adj)
10. **disadvantage** /ˌdɪsədˈvɑːntɪdʒd/ (n)
11. **educate** /ˈedʒukeɪt/ (v)
12. **identify** /aɪˈdentɪfaɪ/ (v)
13. **improve** /ɪmˈpruːv/ (v)
14. **instruction** /ɪnˈstrʌkʃn/ (n)
15. **information** /ˌɪnfəˈmeɪʃn/ (n)
16. **tool** /tuːl/ (n)
17. **mobile** /ˈməʊbaɪl/ (adj)
18. **native** /ˈneɪtɪv/
19. **portable** /ˈpɔːtəbl/
20. **software** /ˈsɒftweə(r)/ (n)
21. **smartphone** /ˈsmɑːtfəʊn/ (n)
22. **record** /ˈrekɔːd/ (v)
23. **tablet** /ˈtæblət/ (n)
24. **technology** /tekˈnɒlədʒi/ (n)

### Section A

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- Question 1: A. homework    B. smartphone    C. control    D. photo  
Question 2: A. technology    B. children    C. teacher    D. exchange

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.*

- Question 3: A. concentrate    B. contribute    C. digital    D. similar  
Question 4: A. portable    B. material    C. assignment    D. performance

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. (Word choice: 2 câu + Word form: 2 câu + Speaking: 2 câu)*

- Question 5 : Voice-recognition \_\_\_\_\_ takes your speech and turns it into text.  
A. lessons    B. speakers    C. hardware    D. software  
Question 6: Electronic dictionaries are a great learning tool, but you need to think how to use them \_\_\_\_\_.

A. effective                      B. effect                      C. effectively                      D. ineffective

**Question 7:** To play audio tapes and CDs, you just need a cassette or CD \_\_\_\_\_.

A. recorder                      B. player                      C. machine                      D. tool

**Question 8:** That students might take \_\_\_\_\_ pictures of others and share them on the web is a serious growing tendency.

A. embarrassing                      B. embarrassed                      C. embarrassedly                      D. embarrassment

**Question 9:** "Let's go to Brighton tomorrow."

\_\_\_\_\_

A. Ok. Why not?                      B. What a pity !                      C. It doesn't matter.                      D. That's right.

**Question 10 :** "How are you coming to the dentist tomorrow?"

\_\_\_\_\_

A. By bus or car                      B. At 8 o'clock                      C. Just in time                      D. Nearly 20 minutes

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Question 11:** Listening to VOA every morning can help me imrove my English skills effectively.

A. develop                      B. decrease                      C. become                      D. invent

**Question 12:** If your smartphone rings in class, it will be very disruptive.

A. goes off                      B. uses                      C. goes out                      D. brings

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Question 13:** The size of the machines makes them inappropriate for domestic use.

A. suitable                      B. unsuitable                      C. correct                      D. incorrect

**Question 14:** I don't support the use of smartphones in learning because I see lots of their disadvantages.

A. drawbacks                      B. benefits                      C. shortcomings                      D. damages

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions**

**Question 15:** Steve \_\_\_\_\_ he never does his homework by himself.

A. too lazy                      B. very lazy that                      C. such lazy that                      D. so lazy that

**Question 16:** Minh had a terrible headache. \_\_\_\_\_, he went to school.

A. But                      B. Although                      C. However                      D. Because

**Question 17:** I don't agree with \_\_\_\_\_ you have just said.

A. which                      B. who                      C. when                      D. what

**Question 18:** Do you know the girl \_\_\_\_\_ Tom is talking to.

A. what                      B. whom                      C. which                      D. whose

**Question 19:** If I could speak Spanish, I \_\_\_\_\_ next year studying in Mexico .

A. will spend                      B. would spend                      C. had spend                      D. would have spent

**Question 20:** The reason \_\_\_\_\_ I phoned him was to invite him to a party.

A. why                      B. whose                      C. why                      D. which

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

**Question 20:** My mum and dad, who they got married fifteen years ago, met over thirty years ago.



A. they

B. married

C. met

D. over

**Question 21** Students are more excited to study when they work with differently types of apps.

A. with

B. apps

C. excited

D. differently

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the blanks.*

Mobile technology can help students open the door to new horizons, making their learning (23)\_\_\_\_\_, motivating and speedy. It is not difficult to understand (24)\_\_\_\_\_ more and more schools are encouraging mobile learning in the classroom. Smartphones, tablet , e-readers, netbooks and laptops, etc. are (25)\_\_\_\_\_ becoming great learning tools for students. School computer labs with desktops are wonderful but they are not handy. Students cannot use them in the school yard during the break time or in the school canteen while they wait for lunch. Mobile learning are different. They are light, portable and convenient. Students can carry these devices with them wherever they want and (26)\_\_\_\_\_ they like.

**Question 23:** A. flexible B. fluent

C. portable

D. harmful

**Question 24:** A. when B. why

C. what

D. which

**Question 25:** A. gradual B. gradualism

C. gradually

D. graduate

**Question 26:** A. wherever B. whenever

C. whoever

D. however

*Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.*

For more than six million American children, coming home after school means coming back to **an empty house**. Some deal with the situation by watching TV. Some may hide. But all of them have something in common. They spend part of each day alone. They are called “**latchkey children**”. They are children who look after themselves while their parents work. And their bad condition has become a subject of concern.

Lynette Long was once the principal of an elementary school. She said, “We had a school rule against wearing jewelry. A lot of kids had chains around their necks with keys attached. I was constantly telling them to put the keys inside shirts. There were so many keys; it never came to my mind what they meant.” Slowly, she learned that **they** were house keys.

**Question 27:** The phrase “**an empty house**” in the passage mostly means \_\_\_\_\_.

A. a house with no people inside

B. a house with no furniture

C. a house with nothing inside

D. a house with too much space

**Question 28:** One thing that the children in the passage share is that \_\_\_\_\_.

A. they all watch TV

B. they spend part of each day alone

C. they are from single-parent families

D. they all wear jewellery

**Question 29:** What is the main idea of the first paragraph?

A. How kids spend free time.

B. Why kids hate going home.

C. Bad condition of latchkey children.

D. Children’s activities at home.

**Question 30:** The word “**they**” in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. kids

B. necks

C. keys

D. shirts

## Section B

**I. Combine the following sentences in such a way that they mean the same as the sentences printed before them. Write your answers on your answer sheet.**

**Question 1** Friendly People is a comedy. It's my favourite programme. (WHICH)

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**Question 2:** This CD is scratched. I only bought it yesterday. (WHICH)

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**Question 2 :** The house will be sold next month. It used to be one of the greatest house in the town. (WHICH/THAT)

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## II. Writing a paragraph

**Write a paragraph (about 120 words) about the disadvantages of using electronic devices in learning.**

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