Symbolism

What is it?



Symbolism refers to when an **object**, **item**, **word**, **symbol** has a **deeper meaning** most often symbolising or representing something else (i.e. ideas or qualities). For example, the use of a dove in literature can symbolise the notion of peace or something else (e.g. *love* or *purity*).

Symbols are even more powerful than words because they represent rich meanings, ideas, emotions and events throughout history and within peoples' lives. They can also be universal, recognised by all cultures, or local, only recognisable to people within a particular group (i.e. the rose signifies love in Western culture)

Examples of symbols and their possible meanings within Western culture:

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning	
broken heart	emotional pain	donkey	obstinate	
apple	temptation	fox	unreliable	
pitchfork	hard work	rat	thief	
rainbow	hope	scale	justice	
horse	reliability	eagle	freedom	
Mars	aggression, war	Iron/steel	strength, invulnerability	
White	innocence/purity	Black	evil/death	
Ring (band of gold)	faithfulness/fidelity	Moon	loneliness, unrequited love	

Symbolism question card

Now that you have read the information card on **Symbolism**, it is time to practice what you have learnt.

Copy the following table and write each symbol's intended meaning.

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
Snake		Chain	
Broken mirror		Forest	
Light		Sunflower	

2 Read the following poem and write an interpretation of each of the following symbols: Rose, worm, storm, night and bed.

"The sick rose"

O Rose, thou art sick!
The Invisible worm
That flies in the night,
In the howling storm,
Has found out thy bed
Of crimson joy,
And his dark secret love
Does thy life destroy.



