

Verb Forms

verb + -ing	verb + to + infinitive	verb + infinitive
finish miss - tęsknić prevent from - zapobiegać practise - ćwiczyć imagine - wyobrażać suggest - proponować like love enjoy fancy not mind hate can't stand prefer feel like (mieć ochotę)	afford - pozwolić/stać na coś advise - doradzić promise - obiecać agree - zgodzić się invite - zaprosić offer - zaoferować refuse - odmówić manage - radzić sobie, udać się warn - ostrzegać ask - prosić persuade - przekonać encourage - zachęcić want would like plan decide aim	must should can may might let - pozwolić make - zmusić

upodobania

czasowniki
modalne

plany, chęci

1) Zaznacz poprawne formy czasowników.

- Katie tells me she would like **buying** / **to buy** a dog.
- He is very good at **riding** / **ride** horses, isn't he?
- I'm very keen on **reading** / **read** comic books.
- She never agrees **talking** / **to talk** to strangers.
- Does he really want **moving** / **to move** to the countryside?
- She promised **to take** / **taking** the umbrella so I didn't have to look for mine.
- He enjoyed **living** / **to live** in Georgia for a couple of years.
- They have been saving for almost four years **to redecorate** / **redesigning** their flat.
- She decided **taking** / **to take** some painkillers and it made her headache a little weaker.
- Initially, they didn't feel like **to go** / **going** jogging but they joined us in the end.
- It's not very difficult **understanding** / **to understand** why he's been so angry the whole day.
- Max kept **talk** / **talking** throughout the film. It was annoying to say the least!

2> Uzupełnij zdania czasownikami podanymi w nawiasach w poprawnych formach.

- 1 Would you like _____ (*become*) a vet?
- 2 I'm really interested in _____ (*see*) the Oscar-nominated comedy.
- 3 We need _____ (*plan*) the birthday party in advance.
- 4 They practise _____ (*debate*) various issues in this class.
- 5 I really detest _____ (*work*) in an open-plan office.
- 6 She has refused _____ (*work*) in the evenings.
- 7 We're completely broke, so we can't really afford _____ (*go*) on holiday abroad.
- 8 Sorry, I can't bear _____ (*watch*) this film any longer. It's terrible!
- 9 Sam usually prefers _____ (*play*) the piano to washing dishes.

3> Uzupełnij pary zdań czasownikami z nawiasów używając odpowiedniej konstrukcji: bezokolicznika lub czasownika z końcówką -ing.

- 1 a I suddenly realised I had forgotten _____ (*turn off*) the iron before I left the house.
b I will never forget _____ (*meet*) my best friend for the first time.
- 2 a Remember _____ (*buy*) some bread on your way home.
b Gina must have been at school yesterday. I clearly remember _____ (*bump into*) her in the corridor.
- 3 a I stopped _____ (*learn*) French in primary school and I've never regretted it.
b They stopped _____ (*look*) at the spectacular views on their way to the seaside.

4> Przetłumacz na język angielski podane w nawiasach fragmenty zdań.

- 1 What do you fancy _____
(*robić dziś wieczorem*)?
- 2 Many people love _____
(*wydawać pieniądze na*) designer clothes.
- 3 A fierce storm _____ (*uniemożliwiła*)
the sailors from reaching the harbour.
- 4 _____ (*Często brakuje mi*)
playing with my younger siblings.
- 5 My neighbours graciously offered _____
(*podlewać*) the plants in our garden while we're away
on holiday.
- 6 _____ (*Jack nie przypomina sobie*)
inviting Sarah to the party.
- 7 _____ (*Zdołaliśmy przybyć na czas*)
despite all the traffic jams on the way.
- 8 _____ (*Carrie zgodziła się spotkać*)
me at the beach.