

Unit 9: Natural disasters

Choose the letter A, B, C or D the word that has the underlined part different from others.

1. A. tsunami B. erupt C. mudslide D. fund
2. A. tornado B. forest C. homeless D. volcano
3. A. study B. happy C. handy D. typhoon

Choose the letter A, B, C or D the word that has different stress pattern from others.

4. A. volcanic B. disaster C. eruption D. adequate
5. A. eruption B. tsunami C. confident D. tornado
6. A. forest B. erupt C. rescue D. worker
7. A. victim B. damage C. bury D. divide

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to complete the sentences

8. Have you ever heard _____ mudslide in mountainous area?

- A. of B. on C. about D. with

9. Many buildings _____ in the earthquake and many people have been trapped there.

- A. collapsed B. collapses C. collapse D. collapsing

10. After the tornado, a great number of people are made _____.

- A. shaking B. homeless C. raging D. volcanic

11. We can see pieces of buildings _____ on the ground

- A. scatter B. to scatter C. scattered D. scattering

12. Up to now, the number of _____ is still an estimate.

- A. victims B. rescuers C. trapers D. homeles

13. _____ happens when there is not enough water for farming and drinking.

- A. disaster B. mudslide C. drought D. trap

14. My little sister is afraid of _____, so when there is a bad storm she always hides.

- A. lightening B. collapsing C. shaking D. scattering

15. Last Sunday we wanted to go skiing, but we couldn't because in the mountains there was an _____.

- A. earthquake B. drought C. flood D. snowstorm

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to complete the passage below

A tsunami is a chain of fast moving waves in the ocean caused by powerful earthquakes or volcanic eruptions. Tsunami has a very long wave. It can be hundreds of kilometers (6) _____. Usually, tsunami starts suddenly. The waves travel (7) _____ a great speed across an ocean with little energy loss. They can remove sand from beaches, destroy trees, toss and drag vehicles, damage houses and even destroy whole towns.

The water will draw back from the coast half of the wave period prior to the wave getting to the coast. If the slope of the coast is not deep, the water may (8) _____ for hundreds of metres. People who do not know of the danger will often remain at the shore.

Tsunamis cannot (9) _____. However, there are ways to help stop people from dying from a tsunami. Some (10) _____ with lots of tsunamis may use warning systems which may warn the population before the big waves reach the land. Because an earthquake that caused the tsunami can be felt before the wave gets to the shore, people can be warned to go somewhere safe.

Question 6: A. long B. high C. deep D. thick

Question 7: A. in B. on C. at D. of

Question 8: A. rise B. raise C. arise D. raising

Question 9: A. prevent B. preventing C. to prevent D. be prevented

Question 10: A. areas B. traps C. slopes D. waves

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to answer these following questions

An earthquake measuring 7.8 on the Richter scale hit Nepal on April 25th, 2015. It was the most powerful earthquake to strike Nepal since 1934. The earthquake occurred in central Nepal. It also affected India, Bangladesh and Tibet, China. The earthquake killed more than 8,800 people and injured over 23, 000 people. Hundreds of thousands of people were made homeless with entire villages flattened. Kathmandu Burbar Square, a UNESCO World Heritage Site, was destroyed. The earthquake also caused an avalanche on Mount Everest which killed at least 19 people. About 90% of soldiers from Nepalese Army were sent to stricken areas. Many countries and international organizations sent medical experts, emergency workers, rescue staff, and money as well as providing medical supplies, food and equipment to help Nepal.

Question 11: What hit Nepal on April 25th, 2015?

A. a tsunami B. a tornado C. an earthquake D. a forest fire

Question 12: How many countries are affected by the earthquake?

A. two B. three C. four D. five

Question 13: What is the number of people injured?

A. 8,800 B. 23,000 C. 88,000 D. 2,300

Question 14: What happened to Kathmandu Burbar Square?

A. It was safe B. It was destroyed

C. It was moved away D. It wasn't exist

Question 15: Were Nepalese army sent to the stricken area?

A. Yes, they were B. No, they weren't

