

GRADE 7 - REVISION FOR THE MID SECOND-TERM TEST

PRACTICE TEST 1

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others

1. A. wanted B. washed C. worked D. stopped
2. A. plane B. safety C. traffic D. station

Choose the word that has a different stress pattern from the others

1. A. traffic B. agree C. noisy D. student
2. A. listen B. visit C. enjoy D. open

Choose the best answer to complete the sentence

1. Nam used to _____ morning exercise when he got up early.
A. did B. does C. doing D. do
2. My father _____ the bus to work every day, but I cycle.
A. catches B. drives C. goes D. runs
3. I go to school _____ bike.
A. by B. on C. in D. from
4. Traffic accidents can be prevented if people _____ the rules.
A. remember B. obey C. go after D. take care of
5. You should look right and left when you go _____ the road.
A. down B. across C. up D. along
6. Bus is the main public _____ in Viet Nam.
A. travel B. tricycle C. transport D. vehicle
7. The play was so boring. _____, Hoa saw it from beginning to end.
A. Therefore B. Despite C. However D. Although
8. She's sure that they will find the film _____.
A. entertaining B. entertain C. entertainment D. entertained
9. I _____ the guitar quite well when I was younger.
A. am used to play B. used to play
C. am used to playing D. used to playing

Find a mistake in each sentence below

1. Although his strength, I'm not afraid of him.
A. Although B. strength C. afraid D. of
2. I prefer science fictions to active films.
A. prefer B. science C. to D. active
3. Despite of taking a taxi, he arrived late.
A. Despite of B. taking C. arrived D. late

Choose the most suitable response to each of the following questions

1. – "Do you feel like seeing a film?" – " _____ "
A. No, I don't like it at all B. Sure. What film shall we see?
C. Who is in it? D. I'm sorry, I can't.
2. – "What's your favourite film star?"
– " _____ "

- A. Tom Hanks. He acts excellently.
- B. Titanic.
- C. It's too long.
- D. It's so gripping.

Choose the word which is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word below

1. It was the most hilarious film ever. I laughed from beginning to end.
A. boring B. funniest C. gripping D. frightening
2. Thousands of people attend the festival every year.
A. join B. take place C. take part D. participate

Choose the word which is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word below

1. The film was so gripping that I couldn't take my eyes off the screen.
A. entertaining B. boring C. interesting D. violent
2. Everyone has to obey the traffic rules because it's the law.
A. follow B. break C. remember D. act

Read and choose the best answers to complete the text

Easter is an important Christian festival and holiday. It is (1)_____ to celebrate the resurrection of Jesus Christ. Easter is not a fixed holiday. Its (2)_____ varies between 22nd March and 25th April. People celebrate Easter (3)_____ the world.

In the UK, Easter is a public holiday. People (4)_____ Easter chocolate eggs to their friends and family. There are also egg hunts for kids. In the US, Easter is a (5)_____ holiday. People can go to church and have a special family meal. They also play egg-hunts and give gifts of coloured eggs. In Russia, Easter is one of the most important holidays. People celebrate it with an Easter breakfast or meal. They also create very beautiful Easter eggs.

1. A. made B. held C. given D. opened
2. A. day B. date C. event D. month
3. A. through B. in C. all D. around
4. A. eat B. have C. give D. receive
5. A. nation B. local C. native D. national

Read the passage and choose the best answer

Yesterday, on the way home from school, I saw an accident. A boy was run over by a taxi when he was riding his bicycle. The boy's leg was broken and it was bleeding badly. Someone there tried to stop the bleeding. They put pressure on it and held it tight. A man used his mobile phone to call the emergency service. Some minutes later, an ambulance arrived and sent the boy to the hospital. Two policemen came to the scene immediately. Some people told the police that the taxi was driving at a very high speed when the accident happened. Some others began talking about the traffic accidents these days and blamed the increasing number of accidents on the roads for careless driving and drunk drivers.

1. What did the writer see yesterday?
A. a fire B. an accident C. a fighting D. a crash
2. The accident happened between a taxi and.....
A. a bus B. a car C. a bicycle D. a motorbike
3. The boy was sent to the hospital by.....
A. a police B. a car C. an ambulance D. a passenger
4. What part of his body was hurt? – His.....

- A. arm B. leg C. head D. shoulder
5. How was the driver driving when the accident happened? – Very.....
- A. slowly B. fast C. carefully D. well

Choose the best sentence that can be made from the cues given

1. *He/ ate/ chocolate cake/ he/ diet.*
 - A. He ate the chocolate cake although he was on diet.
 - B. He ate the chocolate cake despite he was on diet.
 - C. He ate the chocolate cake in spite of he was diet.
 - D. He ate the chocolate cake although he was diet.
2. *Despite/ heavy/ rain, I went/ school/ on time.*
 - A. Despite of the heavy rain, I went to school on time.
 - B. Despite the heavy rain, I went to school on time.
 - C. Despite to the heavy rain, I went school on time.
 - D. Despite heavy rain, I went to school on time.
3. *Every day/ people/ involved/ road accidents.*
 - A. Every day much people are involved on road accidents.
 - B. Every day much people are involved in road accidents.
 - C. Every day many people are involved on road accidents.
 - D. Every day many people are involved in road accidents.

Choose the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions

1. *She is intelligent. She can't answer the question.*
 - A. Although she is intelligent, she can't answer the question.
 - B. Although she is intelligent, but she can't answer the question.
 - C. However she is intelligent, she can't answer the question.
 - D. In spite of she is intelligent, she can't answer the question.
2. *The film was so boring. I saw it from beginning to end.*
 - A. The film was so boring; however, I saw it from beginning to end.
 - B. Although the film was so boring, but I saw it from beginning to end.
 - C. The film was so boring although I saw it from beginning to end.
 - D. However the film was so boring, I saw it from beginning to end.

Choose the sentence which is closest in meaning to the sentence above

1. *Despite his good English, he wasn't chosen.*
 - A. Although his English good, he wasn't chosen.
 - B. Although his English was good, he wasn't chosen.
 - C. Although his English was good, he was chosen.
 - D. Although his good English, he wasn't chosen.
2. *Although Mary was sad, she managed to smile.*
 - A. Despite being sad, Mary managed to smile.
 - B. Despite being sad, she managed to smile.
 - C. In spite of being sad, she managed to smile.
 - D. In spite being sad, Mary managed to smile.
3. *I washed clothes by hand in the past, but I no longer do it now.*
 - A. I used to washing clothes by hand.
 - B. I used to wash clothes by hand.
 - C. I am used to washing clothes by hand.
 - D. I am used to wash clothes by hand.

Good luck!