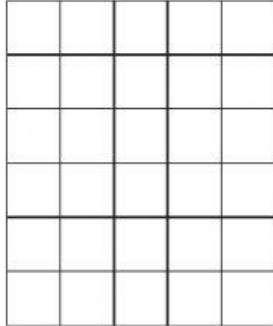


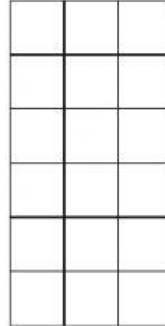
Grade 3 Module 4 Topic C Quiz

Mandy uses square tiles to make the 2 rectangles shown below.

1. Label the side lengths of the 2 rectangles.



Rectangle A



Rectangle B

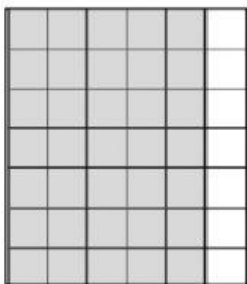
2. Write equations to find the areas of the rectangles.

Area of Rectangle A: _____

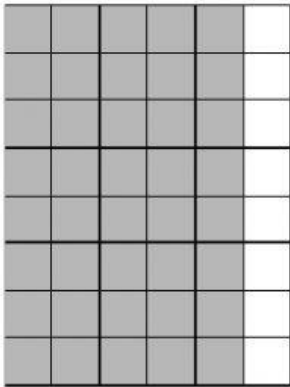
Area of Rectangle B: _____

3. Mandy pushes Rectangle A next to Rectangle B to make a bigger rectangle. What is the area of the bigger rectangle? How do you know?

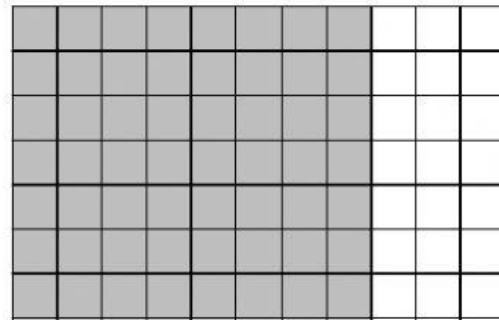
4. This 7 by 6 rectangle has been broken into two smaller rectangles. Explain how this could help solve 7×6 .



5. Label the side lengths of the shaded and unshaded rectangles. Then, find the total area of the large rectangle by adding the areas of the 2 smaller rectangles.

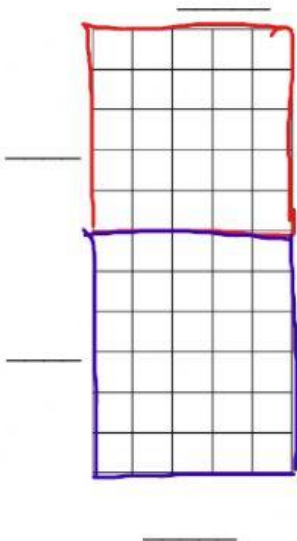


$$\begin{aligned}
 8 \times 6 &= 8 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \\
 &= (8 \times \underline{\quad}) + (8 \times \underline{\quad}) \\
 &= \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} \\
 &= \underline{\quad} \text{ square units}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 7 \times 11 &= 7 \times (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \\
 &= (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + (\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) \\
 &= \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} \\
 &= \underline{\quad} \text{ square units}
 \end{aligned}$$

6. Break the 11 by 5 rectangle into 2 rectangles by shading one smaller rectangle within it. Then, find the sum of the areas of the 2 smaller rectangles and show how it relates to the total area. Explain your thinking.



$$\begin{aligned}
 11 \times 5 &= (\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}) \times 5 \\
 &= (\underline{\quad} \times 5) + (\underline{\quad} \times 5) \\
 &= \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} \\
 &= \underline{\quad}
 \end{aligned}$$