

# LESSON 21

## BEFORE YOU READ Trước khi đọc, trả lời các câu hỏi sau.

1. Where should children sit in a car?
2. Do you have a child in your family? If so, what kind of car seat does the child use?

**READ** Đọc đoạn hội thoại sau. Đặc biệt chú ý đến các câu hỏi yes/no và câu hỏi với *can*, *should* và *have to* in đậm.

Read the following conversation. Pay special attention to the yes/no questions and *wh*-questions with *can*, *should*, and *have to* in bold.  5.5

Dorota and Halina are on the way to an outlet mall. Halina asks Dorota about car seats for her daughter, Anna.

Halina: This is my first trip to an outlet mall. **Can I get** a new car seat for Anna there? She's too big for her old infant seat now. And she's still too small for a seat belt.

Dorota: Sure. And things aren't so expensive at the outlet mall.

Halina: **What kind of car seat should I get?**

Dorota: Well, she's two now. Seats for toddlers are different. We can look in several stores.

Halina: **How long does Anna have to use a car seat?**

Dorota: In this state, children **have to** use a car seat until age eight, eighty pounds, or fifty-seven inches tall.

Halina: **Where should I put Anna's seat? Can I put it in the front passenger seat?**

Dorota: No. Anna shouldn't be in the front seat. The air bag can hurt children. They **have to** sit in the back seat until age twelve.

(five minutes later)

Dorota: I have to stop for gas. Here's a gas station.

Halina: I can pay. **Do we have to pay first?**

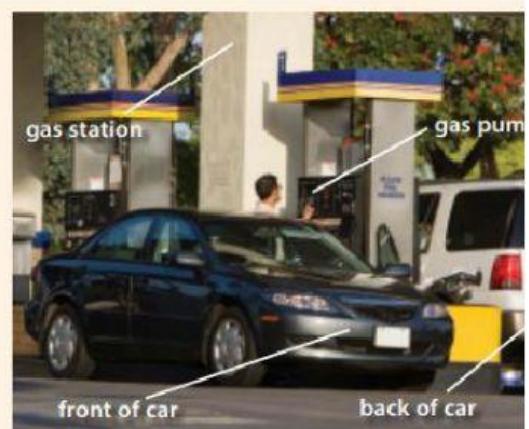
Dorota: Yes, the sign says, "Pay First." But don't worry. I can put it on my credit card. I can pay right here at the pump.

Halina: **Should I wash the windows?**

Dorota: OK. You can wash the windows. And I can pump the gas.

Halina: **Can I buy water here? I'm thirsty.**

Dorota: Yes, you can. This gas station has a store.



## DID YOU KNOW?

You can get a ticket if your child is not in a car seat. The ticket can be between \$10 and \$500.

outlet mall (n) trung tâm mua thương mại	seat (n) chỗ ngồi
daughter (n) con gái	too (adv) quá
seat belt (n) dây an toàn	expensive (adj) đắt
toddler (n) trẻ mới biết đi	several (adj) một vài
pound (n) đơn vị cân nặng (=0.453 kg)	inch (n) đơn vị chiều dài (=2.54 cm)
passenger seat (n) ghế hành khách	air bag (n) túi khí
hurt (v) làm đau	front (adj) trước
credit card (n) thẻ tín dụng	pump (n) máy bơm

## COMPREHENSION

Based on the reading, write T for true or F for false.

Dựa vào phần READ, ghi T cho câu đúng và ghi F cho câu sai.

- Anna cannot sit in her old car seat.
- The outlet mall is expensive.
- Children under eight years old should sit in the front seat of a car.

## WORDS TO KNOW

5.6

on the way	They are in the car. They are <b>on the way</b> to the mall.
outlet mall	<b>Outlet malls</b> have many stores and good prices.
trip	We are in the car. We're on a <b>trip</b> out of town.
infant	That baby is only three <b>months</b> old. She's an <b>infant</b> .
seat belt	Everyone has to wear a <b>seat belt</b> in a car. It keeps you safe.
toddler	A child between the ages of one and three is often called a <b>toddler</b> .
several	We can look in <b>several</b> stores. I know three good stores.
until	Children sit in the back seat <b>until</b> age twelve. Then they can sit in the front seat.
passenger	A <b>passenger</b> sits next to the driver or in the back seat.
air bag	In an accident, <b>air bags</b> keep the driver and passengers safe.
hurt	Air bags can <b>hurt</b> small children. They can be dangerous.
pump (v.)	We have to <b>pump</b> our own gas. We fill the tank.
pump (n.)	We can pay at the <b>pump</b> with a credit card.

## LISTENING

Listen and fill in the blanks. Then based on the reading, write T for True and F for False.

Nghe và điền vào chỗ trống. Sau đó dựa vào bài đọc ở phần READ, ghi T cho câu Đúng và F cho câu Sai.

- Anna needs a new \_\_\_\_\_.
- Dorota and Halina are on their \_\_\_\_\_.
- Dorota has to \_\_\_\_\_.
- Halina can \_\_\_\_\_.
- Halina wants to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A child's car seat goes \_\_\_\_\_.
- Dorota pays \_\_\_\_\_.
- Dorota has to pay for the gas \_\_\_\_\_.

## 5.4 Can, Should, and Have To—Yes/No Questions

We put *can* or *should* before the subject to make a question.

Ta dùng *can* và *should* trước chủ ngữ để tạo ra câu hỏi.

MODAL	SUBJECT	VERB (BASE FORM)		SHORT ANSWER
Can	I	get	some water?	Yes, you can.
	young children	sit	in the front seat?	No, they can't.
Should	Halina	buy	an infant seat?	No, she shouldn't.
	Halina	get	a new car seat for Anna?	Yes, she should.

We use *do* or *does* to make questions with *have to*.

Ta phải dùng trợ động từ *do* hoặc *does* khi đặt câu hỏi với *have to*

DO	SUBJECT	HAVE TO	VERB (BASE FORM)		SHORT ANSWER
Does	Dorota	have to	get	gas now?	Yes, she does.
	a teenager		sit	in the back?	No, he/she doesn't.
Do	I	have to	pump	the gas?	Yes, you do.
	we		pay	inside?	No, we don't.

### GRAMMAR IN USE

We use *can* to ask about ability. *Can* dùng để hỏi về khả năng.

**Can you swim?** Yes, I can.

We also use *can* to ask for permission. *Can* cũng được dùng để hỏi về sự cho phép.

**Can I borrow your book?** Sure.

We also use *can* to make an offer. *Can* cũng được dùng để đưa ra đề nghị.

**Can I help you?** No, thank you.

**EXERCISE 7** Write a short answer for each question. Use the ideas from the conversation on page 105.  
Viết câu trả lời ngắn cho mỗi câu hỏi. Sử dụng ý tưởng từ phần READ.

1. Does Dorota have to get gas? Yes, she does.
2. Can Anna sit in the front seat? No, she can't.
3. Should Halina put Anna's car seat in the front passenger seat? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Can air bags hurt small children? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Does Dorota have to pay in cash for her gas? \_\_\_\_\_
6. Can people pump their own gas at the gas station? \_\_\_\_\_
7. Do children over age eight have to use a car seat? \_\_\_\_\_
8. Do young children have to sit in the back seat of the car? \_\_\_\_\_

**EXERCISE 8** Match the parts of the sentences to make yes/no questions.

Nối các phần của câu để tạo ra câu hỏi yes/no.

1. Can I pay c a. to the outlet mall?
2. Can we go \_\_\_\_\_ b. a new car?
3. Should I wash \_\_\_\_\_ c. with a credit card? ✓
4. Should we buy \_\_\_\_\_ d. the car seat in the front?
5. Can I put \_\_\_\_\_ e. in the back seat?
6. Does Anna have to sit \_\_\_\_\_ f. the windows for you?
7. Does everyone have to use \_\_\_\_\_ g. for gas?
8. Do we have to stop \_\_\_\_\_ h. a seat belt?

**EXERCISE 9** Complete the yes/no question with *can*, *should*, or *have to* and the words given.Hoàn thành câu hỏi yes/no với *can*, *should* hoặc *have to* với các từ đã cho.

1. A: It's a beautiful day. Can we go for a walk in the park?  
we/go

**B:** Yes, we can.

2. A: It takes two hours to drive to the mall. we/get gas first?

**B:** Yes, we do.

3. A: Gas in this station is expensive. we/try another station?

**B:** Yes, we should.

4. A: Your car windows are dirty. I/wash them for you?

**B:** Yes, you can. Thank you.

5. A: I have a new car seat for my son. he/sit in the back seat?

**B:** Yes, he does.

6. A: I'm in the back seat. I/use a seat belt?

**B:** Yes, you do.**ABOUT YOU** Put the words given in the correct order to form a question.

Write a short answer about people and customs in your country. Then share your

answers with a partner. Sắp xếp từ thành câu hoàn chỉnh để tạo câu hỏi yes/no. *Sẽ có câu cần trợ động từ, có câu dùng luôn model verbs trước chủ ngữ để hỏi. Sau đó trả lời ngắn gọn.*

1. Can people buy food and drinks at a gas station? Yes, they can.  
food and drinks/at a gas station/people/can/buy

2. Câu hỏi:

Câu trả lời:

have to/young children/in a car seat/sit

3. Câu hỏi:

Câu trả lời:

in the front seat/sit/can/children

4. Câu hỏi:

Câu trả lời:

pump/their own gas/have to/people

5. Câu hỏi:

Câu trả lời:

adults/wear/have to/seat belts

6. Câu hỏi:

Câu trả lời:

most people/drive/to work/have to