

## Unit 3: Exercise 5

Read the information. Then read the opening paragraph of the article and the statements below. Choose True or False.



This exercise will help you read a text very closely, asking yourself lots of questions about what it really says. It will train you for the next exercise, in which you will attempt an IELTS-style True / False / Not Given task.

### Architectural determinism

Back in the 1960s, the Welsh academic and town planner Maurice Broady came up with a new term in architectural speak: architectural determinism. This referred to what he saw as the practice of making unjustified claims that the built environment could somehow change people's behaviour in ways that could be predicted. It was a new term to describe what at the time was not uncommon. Although the idea of architectural determinism is now widely discredited, it had allowed the heroes of architecture to make all sorts of ridiculous claims in the past.

- 1 Maurice Broady invented the phrase 'architectural determinism'.  
 True    False
  
- 2 Broady thought architectural determinism was a good thing.  
 True    False
  
- 3 Architectural determinism is the idea that architecture influences the way in which people behave.  
 True    False
  
- 4 The text says that many people believed in architectural determinism.  
 True    False
  
- 5 Architectural determinism is still popular today.  
 True    False