

MODULE 15

Ms. Linh

LỖI NÓI PHỤ HOẠ

1. Phụ hoạ khẳng định:

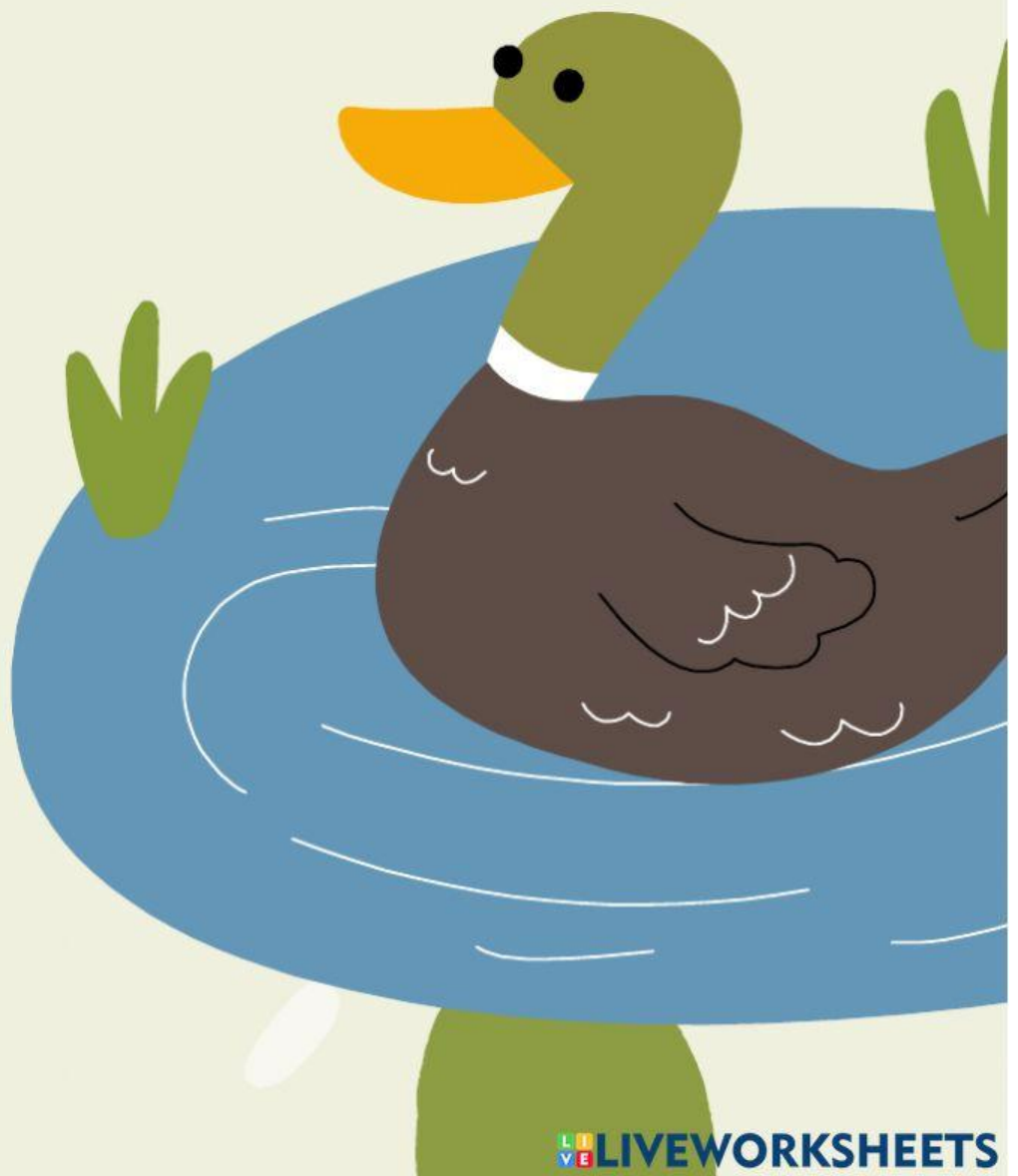
Đi với TOO (mang nghĩa CŨNG VẬY)	
S + V....	(and) + S + am/is/are/ was /were + too (and) + S + do/does/did + too (and) + S + modals + too
My sister is a doctor I work two hours a day	I am too (tôi cũng vậy) She does too
Đi với SO (mang nghĩa CŨNG VẬY nhưng có đảo ngữ)	
S + V....	(and) + so + am/is/are/ was /were + S (and) + so + do/does/did + too + S (and) + so + modals + S
My sister is a doctor I work two hours a day I can sing	So am I (tôi cũng vậy) So does she So can he

2. Phụ hoạ phủ định:

Đi với EITHER (mang nghĩa CŨNG KHÔNG)	
S + V(NOT)....	(and) + S + am/is/are/ was /were + NOT + either (and) + S + do/does/did + NOT + either (and) + S + modals + NOT + either
My sister isn't a nurse I doesn't work on sunday I can't dance	I am not either (tôi cũng không) She doesn't either He can't either
Đi với NEITHER (mang nghĩa CŨNG KHÔNG nhưng có đảo ngữ, không có NOT)	
S + V(NOT)....	(and) + neither + am/is/are/ was /were + S (and) + neither + do/does/did + too + S (and) + neither + modals + S
My sister isn't a nurse I doesn't work on sunday I can't dance	Neither am I (tôi cũng không) Neither does she Neither can he
Lưu ý: Trong câu có chứa "NEVER, NO, RARELY, SELDOM, HARDLY" => dùng phụ hoạ phủ định	

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COMPARISON



MODULE 15: COMPARISONS

CÁC LOẠI SO SÁNH

EQUALITY

S₁ + V + as + ADJ / ADV + as + S₂.
S₁ + V + as + much/many + as + S₂
S₁ + V + the same (+Noun) + as + S₂

COMPARATIVE

S₁ + V + short adj + ER + THAN + S₂
S₁ + V + MORE + long adj + THAN + S₂
* MUCH + SO SÁNH HƠN

DOUBLE COMPARISON

1. Càng ngày càng (So sánh hơn and so sánh hơn)
- Short adj + ER and short adj + ER
(hotter and hotter)
- more and more + long adj (more and more beautiful)
2. Càngcàng
The + so sánh hơn + S V , The + so sánh hơn + S V)

SUPERLATIVE

S₁ + V + THE + short adj + EST + N
S₁ + V + THE MOST + long adj + N

COMPARE LESS

S + V + less + adj + than
SO SÁNH KÉM NHẤT
S + V + the least + adj....

MULTIPLE NUMBERS COMPARISON

S₁ + V + twice/ three time..+ as much as + S₂
S₁ + V + twice/ three time..+ as many as + S₂

THẾ NÀO LÀ TÍNH TỪ NGẮN, TÍNH TỪ DÀI

từ ngắn) : 1 âm tiết (hot, cold) hoặc 2 âm tận cùng là y, er, et, ow

từ dài) : từ 2 âm trở lên

✓ Cách chuyển các tính từ/ trạng từ sang dạng so sánh hơn/ so sánh nhất:

- Thêm " er" / "est" vào tính từ/trạng từ có một hoặc hai âm tiết.
- Dùng " more/most + adj/adv" có ba âm tiết trở lên.
- Dùng " **more** + tính từ kết thúc bằng các tiếp vĩ ngữ : " **ed, ful, ing, ish, ous**"
- Gấp đôi phụ âm cuối của tính từ một âm tiết kết thúc bằng 1 phụ âm đơn (trừ w, x, z) và đứng trước một nguyên âm đơn.
- Khi tính từ có 2 âm tiết nhưng kết thúc bằng một phụ âm "y" thì ta đổi "y" => " i" và thêm " er" / "est"
- Khi adj có 2 âm tiết là "er, y, le, et và ow" => thêm "er/est" như adj/adv 1 âm tiết.

CÁC TRƯỜNG HỢP NGOẠI LỆ

Adj/adv	so sánh hơn	so sánh nhất
1. good/well	better	best
2. bad/badly	worse	worst
3. many/much	more	most
4. little	less	least
5. far	farther	farthest (về khoảng cách)
	Further	furthest (về thời gian)
6. near	nearer	nearest (về khoảng cách)
		next (về thứ tự)
7. late	later	latest (về thời gian)
		last (về thứ tự)
8. old	older	oldest (về tuổi tác)
		eldest (về cấp bậc hơn là tuổi tác)

ADJ tận cùng bằng “ED” và “ING”

ADJ -ED (chỉ cảm xúc , trạng thái của con người)	ADJ -ING (mô tả tính chất , đặc điểm sự vật)
<p>Ex: Jane is bored because her job is boring</p> <p>Ex: The news was shocking</p> <p>Ex: We were shocked when we heard the news</p>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> surprised (ngạc nhiên, sốc) disappointed (vỡ mộng, thất vọng) tired (mệt mỏi, kiệt sức) fascinated (thờ ơ, Enchanted) mused (ngạc nhiên, vui vẻ) astonished (ngạc nhiên, sốc) shocked (sốc, sốc) disgusted (kinh tởm) embarrassed (xấu hổ, bối rối) confused (hoang mang, nhầm lẫn) terrified (chết lặng, sợ hãi) frightened (sợ hãi, chết lặng) depressed (trầm cảm, bị áp bức) worried (lo lắng, lo lắng) và nnoyed (bực mình, khó chịu) satisfied (mãn, hài lòng) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Surprising (tuyệt vời, bất ngờ) Disappointing (thất vọng) Tiring (tẻ nhạt, mệt mỏi) Fascinating (duyên dáng, quyến rũ) Amusing (funny, funny) Astonishing (tuyệt vời, tuyệt vời) Shocking (một khủng khiếp, gây sốc) Disgusting (kinh tởm, xấu xí) Embarrassing (vụng về, nhút nhát) Confusing (bối rối, không chắc chắn) Terrifying (đáng sợ, đáng sợ) Frightening (đáng sợ, khủng khiếp) Depressing (buồn, buồn tẻ) Worrying (lo lắng, tình cảm) Annoying (xâm nhập, gây phiền nhiễu) Satisfying (thú vị)

MODULE 15: THE COMPARISONS

Exercise 1: Choose a, b, c, or d that best completes the sentence.

1. New York is _____ Seattle.
A. larger than B. more large than C. as larger than D. more larger than
2. Our house is _____ yours.
A. as big than B. as bigger as C. bigger than D. more big than
3. City life is _____ country life.
A. as busier as B. busier than C. more busier than D. most busy as
4. Of the two, the round table is _____.
A. the nicest B. a nice one C. nicer D. the nicer
5. I feel _____ better than I did yesterday.
A. a little B. more C. a few D. many
6. There is nothing _____ travelling abroad.
A. more interesting than B. more interesting as
C. as interesting than D. the most interesting than
7. He finds physics _____ other science subjects.
A. far more difficult than B. much difficult than
C. too more difficult than D. more much difficult than
8. His car is _____ mine.
A. more expensive and faster than B. faster and more expensive than
C. more faster and expensive than D. more expensive than and faster than
9. The cuisine of France is _____.
A. more famous than that of England B. famous than the cuisine of England
C. more famous than which of England D. as famous than that of England
10. Russian is a _____ language to learn than English is.
A. difficult B. more difficult
C. most difficult D. more and more difficult

A. as friends as **B.** more friends as **C.** many friends than **D.** more friends than

12. There are _____.

- A.** twice as much computers in our office as there was
B. as twice many computers in our office as they were
C. twice as many computers in our office than there used to be
D. twice as many computers in our office as there used to be

13. Silver is not _____ gold,

- A.** as much heavy as **B.** so heavy than
C. more heavier as **D.** so heavy as

14. I think cow is _____ of all animals.

- A.** most useful **B.** less useful **C.** the most useful **D.** the more useful

15. The new machines use _____ the old ones.

- A.** less water and electricity more than **B.** less water and electricity than
C. less water and electricity **D.** as less water and electricity than

16. Try to do this test. It is _____ than the others.

- A.** less difficult **B.** less and less difficult
C. least difficult **D.** more and more difficult

17. Summer is _____ season of the year.

- A.** hottest **B.** the hottest **C.** the hotter **D.** the more hottest

18. It is one of _____ books I have ever had.

- A.** most useful **B.** the most useful
C. the most useful than **D.** the most useful as

19. Of all athletes, Alex is _____.

- A.** the less qualified **B.** the less and less qualified
C. the more qualified **D.** the least qualified

20. Mary was _____ of the two sisters.

- A.** the clever **B.** as clever as **C.** the cleverer **D.** the cleverest

21. _____ you get to the cinema, _____ seat you have.

- A.** The sooner / the better good **B.** The soon / the

C. The soonest / the best
Better

D. Sooner /

22. The picnic was _____ I had expected.

A. more a hundred times fun than

B. a hundred times fun more than

C. a hundred times more fun than

D. more fun than a hundred times

23. _____ he drank, _____ he became.

A. More / more violent

B. The most / the most violent

C. The more / the more violent

D. The less / less violent

24. She is _____ her colleagues.

A. as intelligent than

B. so more intelligent than

C. few more intelligent than
intelligent than

D. a lot more

25. After three months' practice, Peter can run _____.

A. fast and fast

B. faster and faster

C. the more and more fast
more fast

D. more and

26. Her husband is _____ she is.

A. ten years older than

B. as ten years old as

C. older ten years than

D. so many ten years older

27. Rolls Royce is _____ any other car.

A. much more expensive than

B. as much expensive than

C. so much expensive as
expensive than

D. very more

28. They are _____ they used to be.

A. less wealthy as

B. as less wealthy as

C. less wealthy than

D. less wealthy more than

29. Today women do not have _____ they used to years ago.

A. as much children as

B. as many children as

C. as children as

D. more children as

30. _____ money he makes, _____ useless things he
buys.

A. More / more

B. The more / the more

C. More / the more

D. The most / the most

31. Because of the heavy rain, the drivers drove _____

A. carefully and carefully
more carefully

B. more and

C. more than carefully

D. most and most carefully

32. She is _____ in the staff.

A. the most good

B. the far better

C. most the best

D. by far the best

33. He is _____ person I have ever met.

A. quite the most intelligent
intelligent

B. far more

C. far intelligent as

D. as intelligent

34. We are _____ involved in charity than they are.

A. most

B. as

C. as far

D. far more

35. He is _____ his wife.

A. twice as heavy as

B. as twice heavy as

C. as heavy as twice

D. twice as heavy than

Exercise 2: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 1: Meaningful silence is always better than meaningless words.

A. Meaningful silence is the best among meaningful words.

B. Silence is always less meaningful than words are.

C. Meaningless words are not as good as meaningful silence.

D. Words are always meaningless, and so is silence.

Question 2. The living room isn't as large as the kitchen.

A. The living room is larger than the kitchen.

B. The kitchen is smaller than the living room.

C. The kitchen is larger than the living room.

D. The kitchen is not smaller than the living room.

Question 3. Nobody in my class is more intelligent than Mr John.

A. Mr John is not as intelligent as anybody in my class.

B. Mr John is the most intelligent student in my class.

C. Anybody is less intelligent than Mr John.

D. Mr John is more intelligent than nobody in my class.

Question 4. No one in our club can speak English as fluently as Mai.

A. Mai speaks English more fluently than no one in our club.