## Unit 7: POLLUTION



I. Put the words in br	ackets into the righ	t forms to com	plete the sen	tences.	
1. Many fish in t	50 CAR N. 100 TO	house have	died beca	use of	the
2. My friend and	17. 17.	to give a	presentation	about	our
3. Too much use pollution.(electricity)	of	lights in	cities may	cause	light
4. Nowadays, people food and they become			nimals don't l	nave end	ough
5. Oil spills from ships aquatic animals and p		rs lead to the		of n	nany
II. Choose the correc	t option A, B, C or D	to complete t	he sentences	i.	
1w verge of extinction.	ater is one of the fac	tors that have o	driven many s	pecies to	the
A. Contaminating B.	contaminate C.	Contamination	D. co	ontamina	ited
2. It's recommended environment around us		more concern	ed		the
A. of	B. to	C. with	D. al	oout	
3. The	use of pesticides a	and herbicides I	nas led to con	taminatio	on of
groundwater in some a	areas.				
A. widespread	B. occasional	C. general	D. ex	kperimen	ıtal
4. Air	, together with lit	tering, is causi	ng many prol	olems in	our
cities today.					
A. pollute	B. pollution	C. polluting	D. po	olluted	
5. Many people in this	city have received m	edical	for t	he disea	se.
A. support	B. treatment	C. help	D. as	ssistance	3





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6. The reduction in air pol	lution was	last year.	
A. dramma	B. dramatise	C. dramatically	D. dramatic
7. In many poor nations,	there are frequent or	utbreaks of cholera a	and other diseases
because people there unt	reated water.		
A. drink	B. to drink	C. drinking	D. drank
8. The road in front of my	office is always	when	it rains heavily.
A. to flood	B. flooding	C. flood	D. flooded
9. Too much carbon dioxid	de in the atmosphere	causes global	
A. warm	B. warming	C. warmly	D. warmth
10. It won't be possible to	save the Earth if we	don't take	right now.
A. action	B. job	C. work	D. duty
III. Fill each blank with a	word/phrase in the	box.	
substance, light pollution	, Earth's surface, air	pollution, waste,	
water temperature, dump	oing poison, surprise	d, acid, poisonous,	
1. If this factory continu	es	.into the lake, all t	the fish and other
aquatic animals will die.			
2. I think there is	around he	ere because all tree	es and plants turn
yellow and dry.			
3. When thermal pollution	happens, the	in rivers,	lakes and oceans
changes.			
4. Soil pollution happens	when people destroy	the"	
5. Poison is a	that can ma	ake people or anima	ils ill or kill them if
they eat or drink it.			
6. They are all	to see that a	all the fish they grov	v on their farm are
dead.			
7. You can see stars	at night in the o	countryside because	e there isn't any
there.			
8. Many households aro	ound the West Lake	dump	into it so the
water is polluted.			
9. The vegetable price is	increasing because	the	rain has caused
damage to almost all vege	etables in this area.		
10. The	chemical waste in th	is factory is dumped	into the river so its
water now becomes almo	st black.		





## TA8 Unit 7: POLLUTION

## IV. Read and answer the questions.

Water pollution is a major global problem which requires ongoing evaluation and revision of water resource policy at all levels. It has been suggested that water pollution is the leading worldwide cause of deaths and diseases, and that it accounts for the deaths of more than 14,000 people daily. An estimated 580 people in India die of water pollution related illness every day. About 90 percent of the water in the cities of China is polluted. As of 2007, half a billion Chinese had no access to safe drinking water. In addition to the acute problems of water pollution in developing countries, developed countries also continue to struggle with pollution problems. For example, in the most recent national report on water quality in the United States, 44 percent of assessed stream miles, 64 percent of assessed lake acres, and 30 percent of assessed bays and estuarine square miles were classified as polluted. The head of China's national development agency said in 2007 that one quarter the length of China's seven main rivers were so poisoned the water harmed the skin. Water is typically referred to as polluted when it is impaired by anthropogenic contaminants and either does not support a human use, such as drinking water, or undergoes a marked shift in its ability to support its constituent biotic communities, such as fish. Natural phenomena such as volcanoes, algae blooms, storms, and earthquakes also cause major changes in water quality and the ecological status of water.

2. How many	people die every day by water pollution?
3. How many	percent of the water in the cities of China is polluted?
4. What pheno	omena cause major changes in water quality and the ecological status
of water?	

1. What is the leading worldwide cause of deaths and diseases?

