English 4
Recount Text

Name :

Class :

Date : 18 February 2022

Subject : **English**

Bandung Sea of Fire

The Bandung Sea of Fire was a historical moment for Indonesian independence. It was the intentional burning of much of the southern side of Bandung during the Indonesia national revolution. The event came to be known as Bandung Sea of Fire or Bandung Lautan Api. Hundreds of Indonesian nationalists were singing Halo – Halo Bandung to show that they were proud of what they have done

The British commander gave an ultimatum to the Indonesian troops to leave Bandung. The troops responded differently. They mobilized people to burn the southern part of Bandung as they left on March 24, 1946. Houses and buildings were burned deliberately created a horrified scheme

In March 1946, a member of Indonesia militia, Mohammad Toha, during the evacuations smuggled dynamite leaved by Japanese and Dutch troops. The dynamite was smuggled into the Dutch military headquarters in Dayeuh Kolot region. Toha detonated the dynamite in warehouse. He killed himself with several Japanese and Dutch troops. The explosion of the dynamite created a small lake in the area. The name of Mohammad Toha then used for the main street in Dayeuh Kolot.

The Bandung Sea of Fire showed us that Indonesia combatants were very loyal to the country. They did not want to leave anything for the colonial and British army. The event was a great example of how Indonesian would sacrifice everything to reach their goal.

Part 1

1	The paragraph tells the summary of the Indonesia combatants' struggle	Paragraph 1
2	The paragraph consists of the reason of burning southern part of Bandung	Paragraph 2
3	The paragraph tells the pride of the Indonesian nationalist after they burnt the southern part of Bandung	Paragraph 3
4	The paragraph informs of how the Indonesia combatant explode Dutch military headquarter	Paragraph 4

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Part 2

1. **It** was the intentional burning of much of the southern side of Bandung during the Indonesia national revolution. (Paragraph 1)

   The underlined word refers to……

   a. Historical moment
   b. Southern of Bandung
   c. Indonesian nationalists
   d. Indonesian independence
   e. Indonesia national revolution

2. Hundreds of Indonesian nationalists were singing Halo – Halo Bandung to show that **they** were proud of what they have done. (Paragraph 1)

   The underlined word refers to……

   a. Historical moment
   b. Southern of Bandung
   c. Indonesian nationalists
   d. Indonesian independence
   e. Indonesia national revolution

3. **They** mobilized people to burn the southern part of Bandung as they left on March 24, 1946. (Paragraph 2)

   The underlined word refers to……

   a. The people
   b. The part of Bandung
   c. The Indonesian troops
   d. The British commander
   e. The houses and buildings

4. **He** killed himself with several Japanese and Dutch troops. (Paragraph 3)

   The underlined word refers to……

   a. The militia
   b. The dynamite
   c. The Dutch troops
   d. Mohammad Toha
   e. The Japanese troops

LIVEWORKSHEETS

5. The Bandung Sea of Fire showed **us** that Indonesia combatants were very loyal to the country. (Paragraph 4)
   The underlined word refers to……
   a. The students
   b. The reader of the text
   c. The writer of the text
   d. The publisher of the book
   e. The students and the teachers

6. **They** did not want to leave anything for the colonial and British army. (Paragraph 4)
   The underlined word refers to……
   a. The colonial
   b. The British army
   c. The Japanese troops
   d. The British commander
   e. The Indonesia combatants

Part 3

Pronounce the word correctly! (Ucapkan dengan benar)

1. Historical
2. Intentional
3. Nationalist
4. Independence
5. Southern
6. Commander
7. Evacuation
8. Dynamite
9. Troops
10. Combatant

Screenshot LEMBAR JAWABAN anda yang sudah dinilai, kemudian screenshot dan lampirkan di Google Classroom

LIVEWORKSHEETS