



$0 \times 5 = 0$   
 $1 \times 5 = 5$   
 $2 \times 5 = 10$   
 $3 \times 5 = 15$   
 $4 \times 5 = 20$   
 $5 \times 5 = 25$   
 $6 \times 5 = 30$   
 $7 \times 5 = 35$   
 $8 \times 5 = 40$   
 $9 \times 5 = 45$   
 $10 \times 5 = 50$

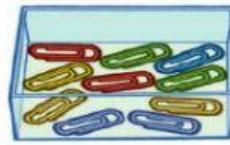
$0 \times 10 = 0$   
 $1 \times 10 = 10$   
 $2 \times 10 = 20$   
 $3 \times 10 = 30$   
 $4 \times 10 = 40$   
 $5 \times 10 = 50$   
 $6 \times 10 = 60$   
 $7 \times 10 = 70$   
 $8 \times 10 = 80$   
 $9 \times 10 = 90$   
 $10 \times 10 = 100$

$0 \times 1 = 0$   
 $1 \times 1 = 1$   
 $2 \times 1 = 2$   
 $3 \times 1 = 3$   
 $4 \times 1 = 4$   
 $5 \times 1 = 5$   
 $6 \times 1 = 6$   
 $7 \times 1 = 7$   
 $8 \times 1 = 8$   
 $9 \times 1 = 9$   
 $10 \times 1 = 10$

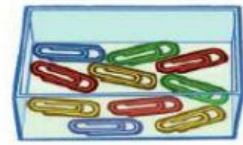
7º Observa los dibujos y completa



$$\square \times \square = \square$$



$$\square \times \square = \square$$



$$\square \times \square = \square$$



$$\square \times \square = \square$$



Calcula

$6 \times 5 = \square$

$7 \times 10 = \square$

$2 \times 1 = \square$

$4 \times 5 = \square$

$3 \times 10 = \square$

$8 \times 1 = \square$

$9 \times 5 = \square$

$1 \times 10 = \square$

$5 \times 1 = \square$

8º ¿A cuántos lápices equivale cada multiplicación? Calcula y une con flechas.

$3 \times 5 = \square \bullet$

$1 \times 10 = \square \bullet$

$2 \times 5 = \square \bullet$

$4 \times 1 = \square \bullet$

