DAY 50. RELATIVE CLAUSE_DIAGNOSTIC TEST

Read about Ian Fleming. Look at the highlighted grammar examples.

IAN FLEMING

Ian Fleming was the writer who invented James Bond. *Casino Royale*, published in 1953, was the first novel in which this character appeared. Fleming went on to write eleven more James Bond novels before his death in 1964.

As a young man, Fleming's ambition was to join the British Foreign Office. But he failed to get a job there, which was a great disappointment for him. Although he had never intended to be a writer, he got a job as a journalist for Reuters News Agency. Then, at the start of World War Two, Fleming became a secret information officer in the Royal Navy.

Leaving the navy in 1945, Fleming took the decision to write. But it was his work for the navy, which included several secret expeditions, that had given him the ideas for his James Bond novels.

The first James Bond novel to be made into a film was *Dr No*, in 1962. The film, starring Sean Connery, was a huge success.

Nobody really knows what makes the James Bond stories so successful. But now, half a century after Fleming's death, they are as popular as ever.

Now read the sentences and choose the correct words in italics.

1 Marie Curie was the scientist *which / who* discovered X-rays.
2 That's the London house *in which / which in* Ian Fleming was born.
3 We got the flights, *that / which* were very cheap, on the Internet.
4 My best friend didn't come to the party, *who / which* was very annoying!
5 'Goldfinger', *made / which made* in 1964, was the third James Bond film with Sean Connery.
6 Most of the James Bond films *featuring / featured* Sean Connery are now available on DVD.
7 *To arrive / Arriving* at the railway station late at night, Clara couldn't find a taxi to take her home.
8 The last James Bond novel *to be written / writing* by Ian Fleming was 'The Man With The Golden Gun'.
9 My brother's main aim in life is *for to be / to be* rich.
10 I don't understand *what / that* our teacher is saying.

LIVEWORKSHEETS