

Nombre del alumno:

Instrucciones Resuelve las siguientes ecuaciones utilizando la fórmula general

$$4x^2 + 8x - 12 = 0$$

a=

b=

c=

$$x = \frac{-(\quad) \pm \sqrt{(\quad)^2 - 4(\quad)(\quad)}}{2(\quad)}$$

$$x = \frac{\pm \sqrt{\quad} + \quad}{\quad} \quad x = \frac{\pm \sqrt{\quad}}{\quad}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{+}{\quad} = \quad = \quad$$

$$x_2 = \frac{-}{\quad} = \quad = \quad$$

$$3x^2 - 7x - 6 = 0$$

a =

b =

c =

$$x = \frac{-(\quad) \pm \sqrt{(\quad)^2 - 4(\quad)(\quad)}}{2(\quad)}$$

$$x = \frac{\pm \sqrt{\quad}}{\quad} \quad x = \frac{\pm \sqrt{\quad}}{\quad}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{+}{\quad} = \quad =$$

$$x_2 = \frac{-}{\quad} = \quad =$$