

## Unit 2 Classifying Angles

Angles can be named or classified according to their size.

In this Unit you will need to identify 3 types of angles:

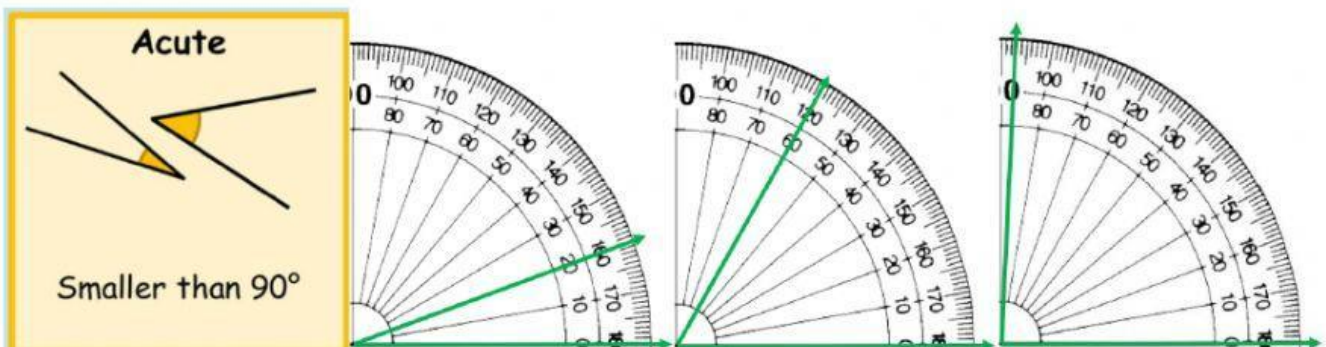
- Right
- Acute
- Obtuse

A right angle is the easiest to identify and is the most commonly used angle in our lives.

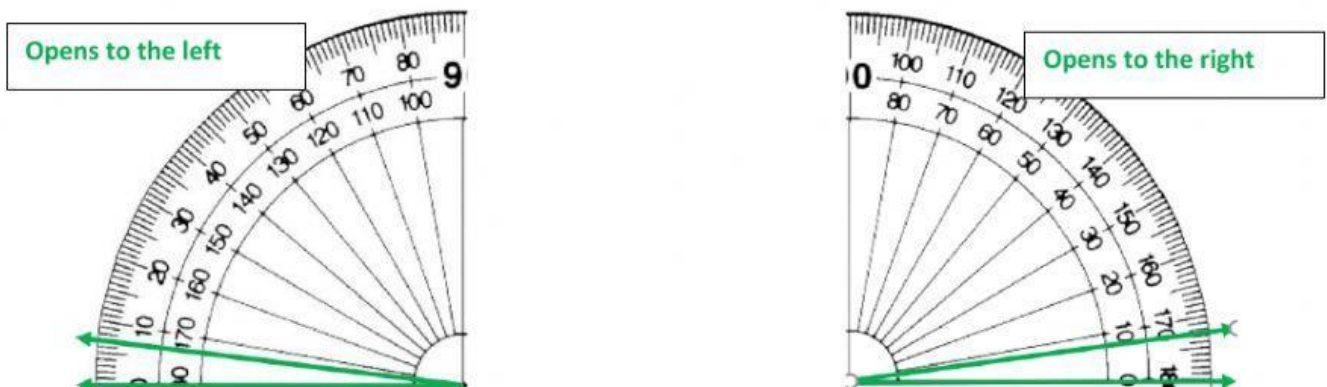


A right angle is also known as a corner angle or a square angle. WHY ?

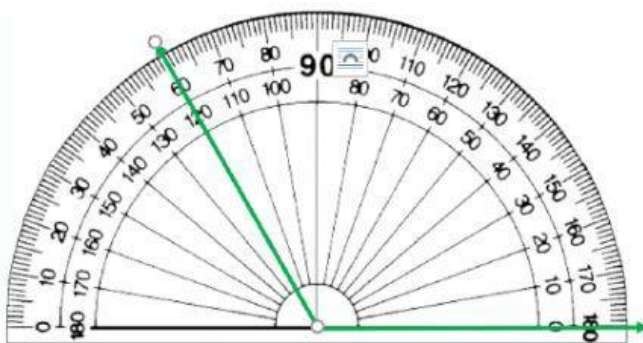
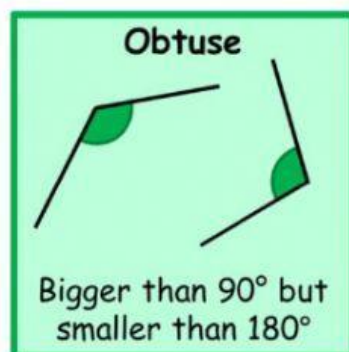
Angles less than 90° are known as acute angles. They can be as small as 1° or as large as 89°



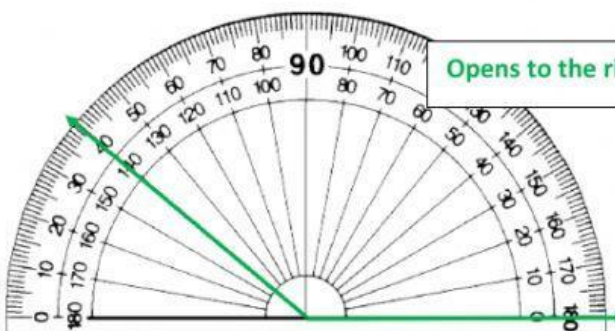
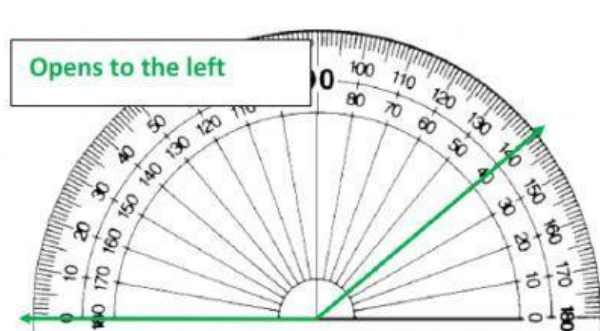
An acute angle can open to the left or the right.



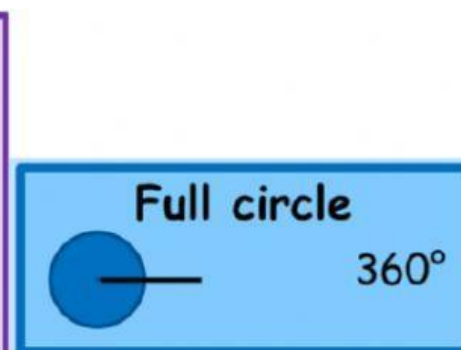
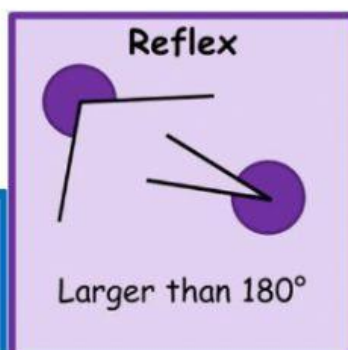
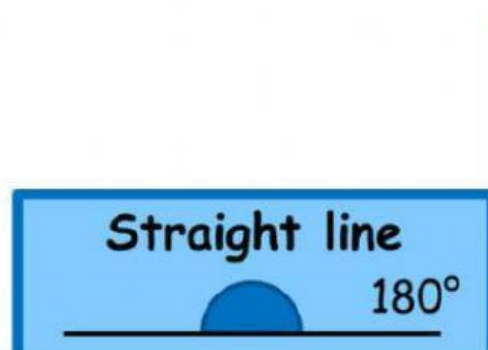
An obtuse angle is larger than a right angle ( $90^\circ$ ) and less than a straight angle ( $180^\circ$ )



Obtuse like all angles can open to the right or the left.



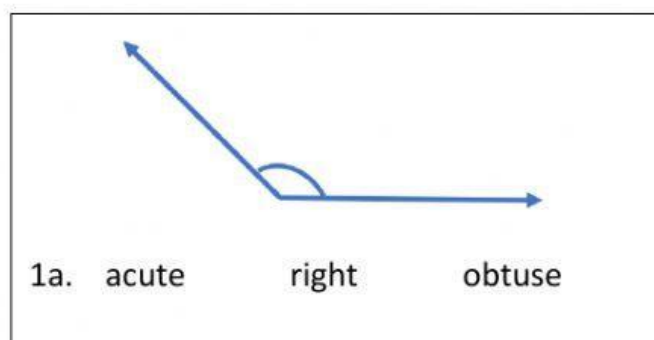
Other angles.



## Identifying Angles

Identify the following angles.

Mark your answer with an X

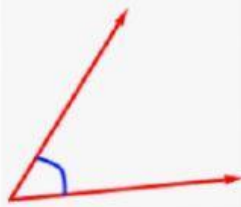




1c. acute right obtuse



1d. acute right obtuse



1e. acute right obtuse



1f. acute right obtuse



1g. acute right obtuse



1h. acute right obtuse



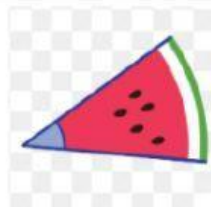
1i. acute right obtuse



1j. acute right obtuse



1k. acute right obtuse



1l. acute right obtuse



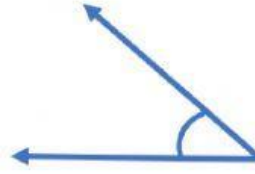
# Identifying Angles and Estimating

Identify the following angles. Estimate the size.



2a.

Estimate: 60° 100° 90°  
Type: acute right obtuse



2b.

Estimate: 50° 100° 20°  
Type: acute right obtuse



2c.

Estimate: 50° 90° 10°  
Type: acute right obtuse



2d.

Estimate: 60° 80° 100°  
Type: acute right obtuse



2e.

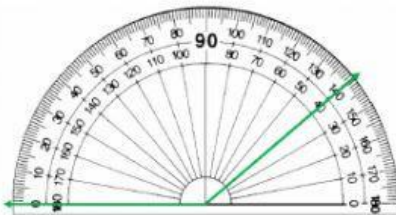
Estimate: 60° 80° 170°  
Type: acute right obtuse



2f.

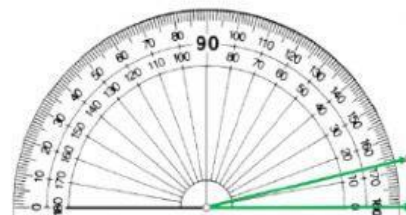
Estimate: 60° 80° 100°  
Type: acute right obtuse

Identify the type of angle and record the size of the angle.



2f. Size \_\_\_\_\_°

Type: acute right obtuse



2f. Size \_\_\_\_\_°

Type: acute right obtuse