

# Unit 2 Classifying Angles

Angles can be named or classified according to their size.

In this Unit you will need to identify 3 types of angles:

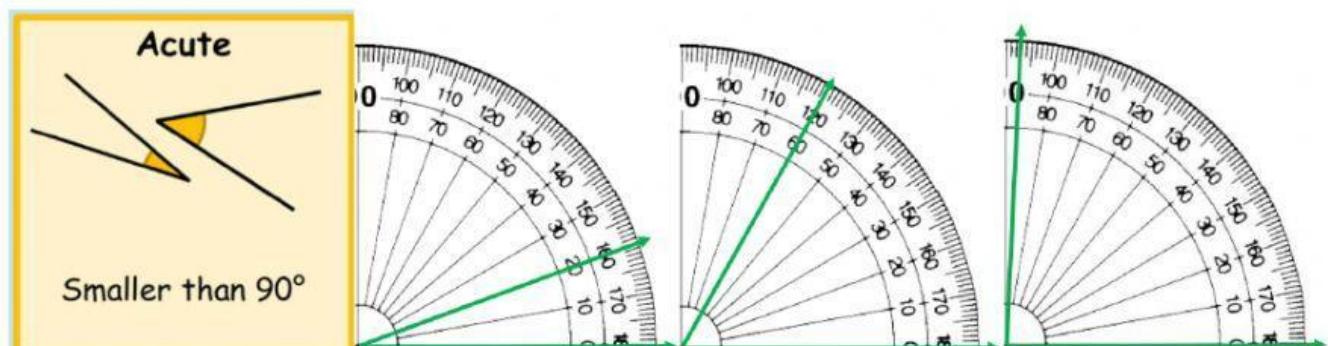
- Right
- Acute
- Obtuse

A right angle is the easiest to identify and is the most commonly used angle in our lives.

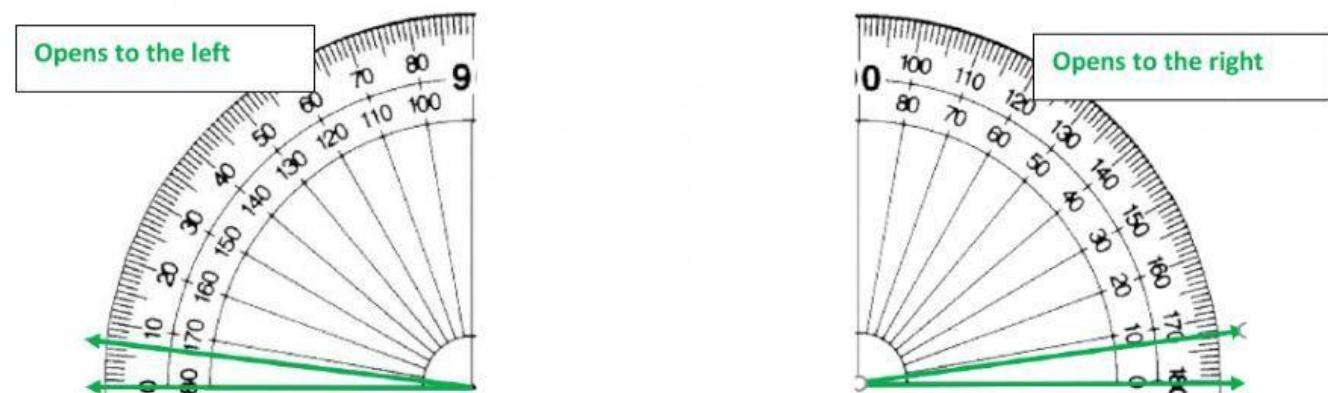


A right angle is also known as a corner angle or a square angle. WHY ?

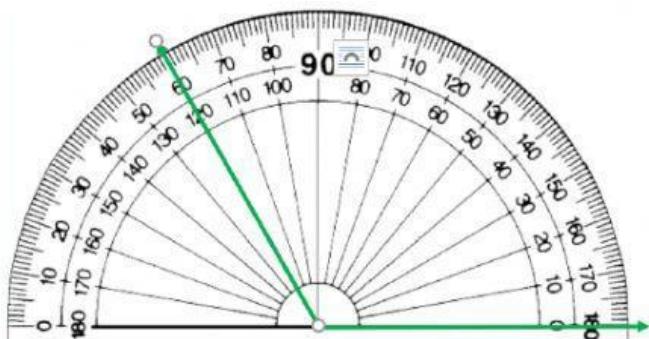
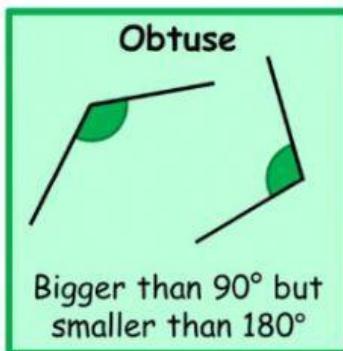
Angles less than  $90^\circ$  are known as acute angles. They can be as small as  $1^\circ$  or as large as  $89^\circ$



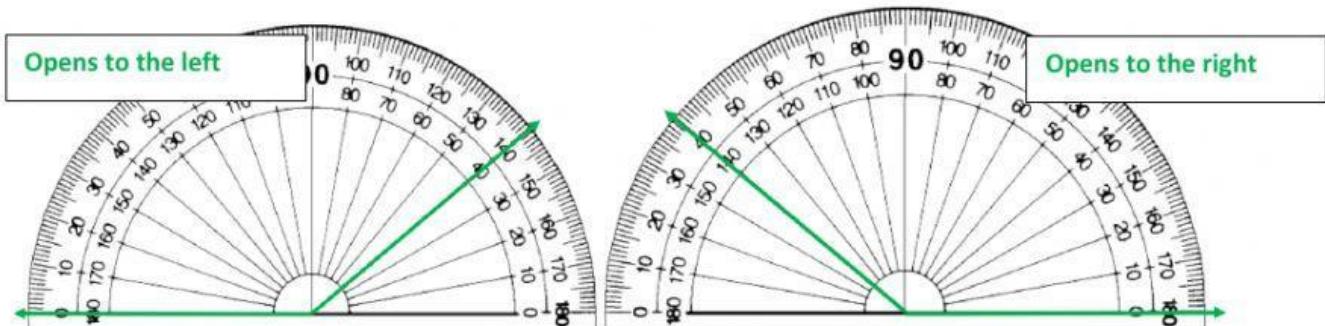
An acute angle can open to the left or the right.



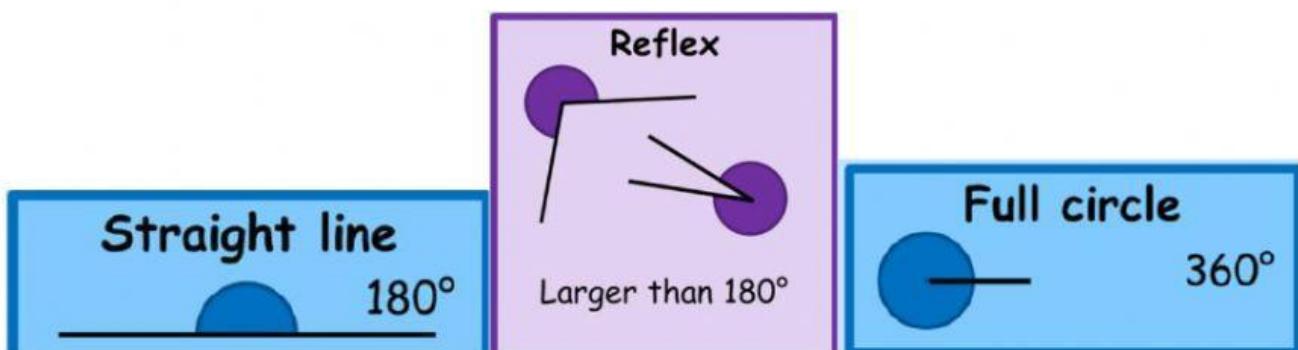
An obtuse angle is larger than a right angle ( $90^\circ$ ) and less than a straight angle ( $180^\circ$ )



Obtuse like all angles can open to the right or the left.



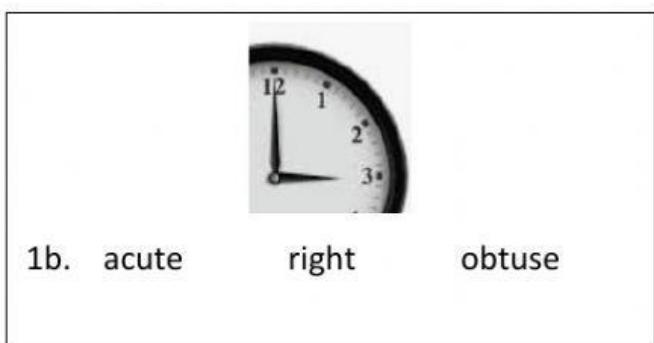
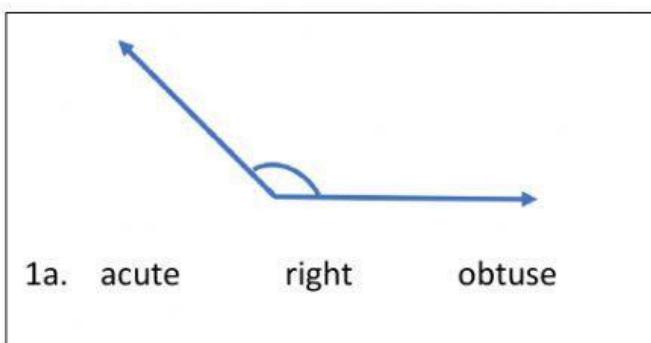
Other angles.



## Identifying Angles

Identify the following angles.

Mark your answer with an X

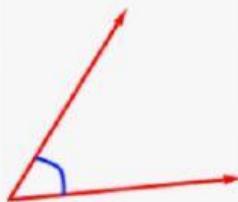




1c. acute right obtuse



1d. acute right obtuse



1e. acute right obtuse



1f. acute right obtuse



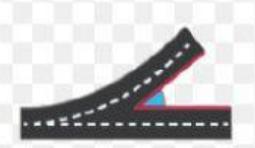
1g. acute right obtuse



1h. acute right obtuse



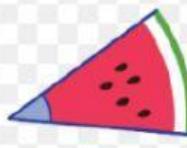
1i. acute right obtuse



1j. acute right obtuse



1k. acute right obtuse



1l. acute right obtuse

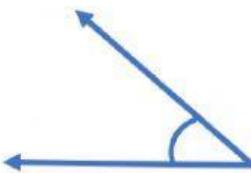
# Identifying Angles and Estimating

Identify the following angles. Estimate the size.



2a.

Estimate:  60°  100°  90°  
Type:  acute  right  obtuse



2b.

Estimate:  50°  100°  20°  
Type:  acute  right  obtuse



2c.

Estimate:  50°  90°  10°  
Type:  acute  right  obtuse



2d.

Estimate:  60°  80°  100°  
Type:  acute  right  obtuse



2e.

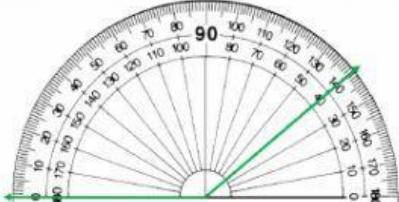
Estimate:  60°  80°  170°  
Type:  acute  right  obtuse



2f.

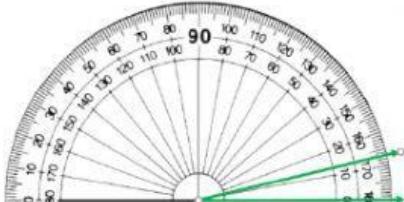
Estimate:  60°  80°  100°  
Type:  acute  right  obtuse

Identify the type of angle and record the size of the angle.



2f. Size \_\_\_\_\_ °

Type:  acute  right  obtuse



2f. Size \_\_\_\_\_ °

Type:  acute  right  obtuse