

A. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

EX1. Find one word that does not belong to each group.

1. A. Chinese B. computerese C. Japanese D. Portuguese
2. A. international B. local C. national D. natural
3. A. awesome B. great C. fantastic D. sure
4. A. scenery B. landscape C. culture D. view
5. A. desert B. haunted castle C. loch D. puzzling world

EX2. Do the quiz and choose the correct answers.

1. Another name for Wales is _____.
A. Saxon B. Celtic C. Cymru D. Galle
2. You can see _____ on the Canadian national flag.
A. the maple leaf B. the red leaf C. the rose D. the oak tree
3. In 1893, _____ became the first country in the world to give all women the right to vote.
A. Canada B. New Zealand C. America D. Singapore
4. _____ has a unique culture with traditions such as bagpipes, kilts and highland dancing.
A. England B. Wales C. Scotland D. Northern Ireland
5. The name "Australia" comes from the Latin word "australis", meaning _____.
A. northern B. southern C. eastern D. western
6. The tallest mountain the US is Mt McKinley, located in the state of _____. It reaches 20,320 feet (6,194 m) above the sea level.
A. Alaska B. California C. Florida D. Washington
7. The Lord of the Rings movies were filmed in _____.
A. England B. Australia C. Canada D. New Zealand
8. Scotland only shares a border with _____.
A. Wales B. Northern Ireland C. England D. Britain
9. The name Canada comes from the word "kanata" which means "settlement" or "_____ " in the language of the St Lawrence Iroquoians.
A. country B. village C. town D. nation

10. The world's largest reef system, the Great Barrier Reef, is found off the north-eastern coast of _____.

A. Canada

B. America

C. New Zealand

D. Australia

B. READING

EX3. Read the passage and do the tasks that follow.

The Maori of New Zealand

The Maori arrived in New Zealand from other Polynesian islands over a thousand years ago. They were the first people to live there. They made beautiful wooden buildings with pictures cut into the wood. There are about 280,000 Maori today. Maori have brown skin, dark brown eyes, and wavy black hair.

In 1840, they agreed to become a British colony, and they learned European ways quickly. Today there are Maori in all kinds of jobs. They attend schools and universities and become lawyers and scientists. There are Maori in the government. Most of them live like the white New Zealanders.

However, the Maori do not forget their traditions. Children learn the language, music, and old stories. They have yearly competitions in speaking, dancing, and singing. The Maori live a comfortable, modern life, but they keep their traditions by passing them to their children.

Task 1: Read the passage, and then decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F).

- | | T | F |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. The Maori are Polynesians. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. New Zealand is an island country. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. The Maori look like the Chinese. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. The Maori live only by hunting and fishing. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. The Maori like music. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Task 2: Read the passage again, and write short answers to the questions.

- Where did the Maori come from?
- How many Maori are there?
- What do the Maori look like?
- How do most Maori live today?

10. What do they do at their yearly competitions?

C. WRITING

EX4. Rewrite the following sentences without changing their original meanings.

1. Radioactive pollution is very dangerous. It can cause abnormal growth. [since]
2. Leaves are damaged. The tree cannot get enough food energy to stay healthy. [because]
3. I don't have much money now, but I want to buy a house in PhuCuong. (if)
4. Light pollution happens. There is a change in animals' living patterns. (if)
5. Acid rain is dangerous. Trees' leaves are damaged. [because of]

