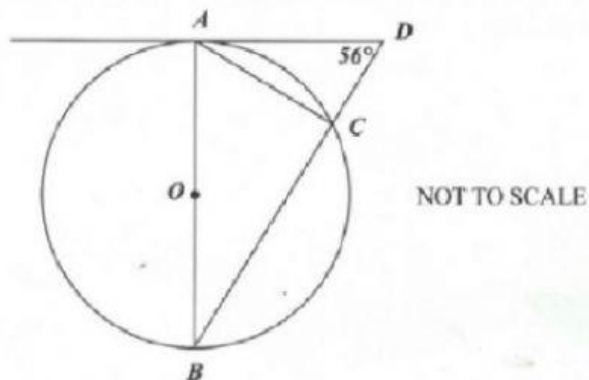


## Circle Theorems

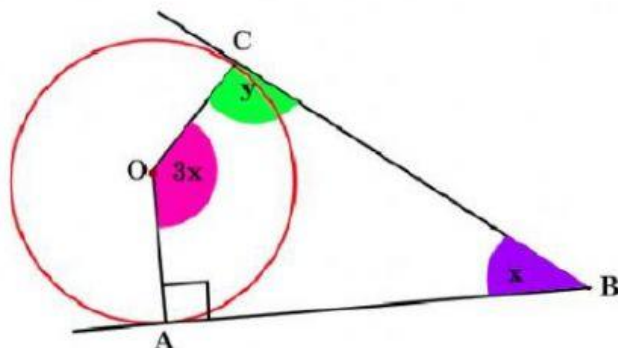
Answer the questions below.

1.  $AB$  is a diameter of the circle  $ABC$  with centre  $O$ .  $AD$  is a tangent to the circle at  $A$ .  $\angle ADC = 56^\circ$ .



- Calculate
- |       |              |   |                      |          |
|-------|--------------|---|----------------------|----------|
| (i)   | $\angle BCA$ | = | <input type="text"/> | $^\circ$ |
| (ii)  | $\angle ABD$ | = | <input type="text"/> | $^\circ$ |
| (iii) | $\angle CAD$ | = | <input type="text"/> | $^\circ$ |

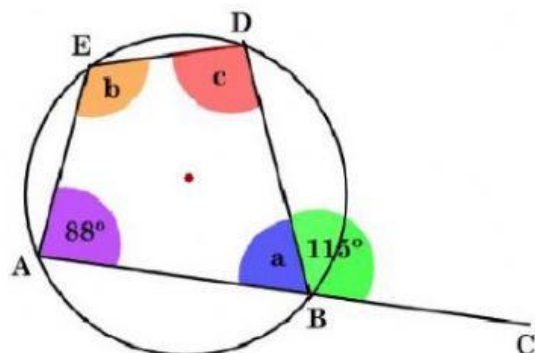
2.



Find the angles that are marked with a letter.

- |       |      |   |                      |          |
|-------|------|---|----------------------|----------|
| (i)   | $y$  | = | <input type="text"/> | $^\circ$ |
| (ii)  | $x$  | = | <input type="text"/> | $^\circ$ |
| (iii) | $3x$ | = | <input type="text"/> | $^\circ$ |

3.



Find the angles that are marked with a letter.

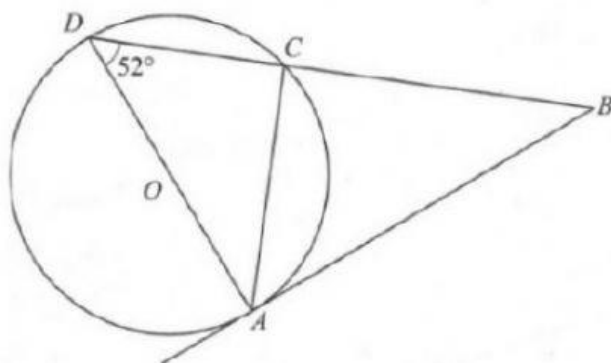
(i)  $a =$    $^{\circ}$

(ii)  $b =$    $^{\circ}$

(iii)  $c =$    $^{\circ}$

4.

In the diagram,  $O$  is the centre of the circle.  $AB$  is tangent to the circle at  $A$  and  $\angle ADB = 52^{\circ}$ .



NOT TO SCALE

Calculate the value of

(i)  $\angle CAD, =$    $^{\circ}$

(ii)  $\angle CAB, =$    $^{\circ}$

(iii)  $\angle CBA, =$    $^{\circ}$

