

25.1 Complete the table with words from A, C, D and E opposite.

Noun	Adjective
	affective
	anxious
	behavioural
	demented
	disturbed
	suicidal

25.2 Make word combinations using a word from each box. Two words can be used twice. Look at B, C and E opposite to

behavioural
eating
major
mental
personality
psychomotor
sleep
substance

abuse
disturbance
retardation
disorder
depression
syndrome

25.3 Complete the sentences. Look at A, C, D and E opposite to help you.

- 1 The way a person behaves is his or her
- 2 A persistent emotional state is a
- 3 A sudden attack of anxiety is a
- 4 The form of dementia associated with ageing is called
- 5 A disorder which is not associated with pathological changes is
- 6 An idea which forces a patient to repeat unnecessary actions is a

25.4 Which symptoms of depression was this patient suffering from? Look at C opposite to help you.

Case 41

A 56-year-old woman presented to her GP complaining of increasing tiredness over the past few months. She had lost interest in most things. She was sleeping poorly and tended to wake up early, but denied any suicidal tendencies. She was thirsty and was passing urine more often. She was eating normally and her weight was steady.